

Operating instructions



03-0506



Paver finisher F 181 C 900 98 10 82

# VALUE QUALITY THE ORIGINAL DYNAPAC SPARE PARTS

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# Preface

Safe operation of the machine requires specific knowledge that is imparted by the present operating instructions. The information is provided in a concise, clearly structured form. The individual chapters are arranged in alphabetical order and every chapter starts with page 1. The individual pages are identified by the chapter letter and the page number.

Example: Page B 2 is the second page of chapter B.

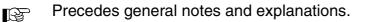
These operating instructions cover various machine options. Make sure that during operationandmaintenanceworkthedescriptionappropriatetothemachineoptionisused.

Safety instructions and important notes are identified by the following pictograms:

Precedessafetyinstructionsthatmustbeobservedinordertopreventdangertopersonnel.



Precedes notes that must be observed to prevent damage to equipment.



- Used to indicate standard equipment.
- O Used to indicate optional equipment.

In the interest of continued development, the manufacturer reserves the right to make changes to the machine (which will not, however, change the essential features of the type of machine described) without updating the present operating instructions at the same time.

Dynapac GmbH Wardenburg

Ammerländer Strasse 93 D-26203 Wardenburg / Germany Telephone: +49 / (0)4407 / 972-0 Fax: +49 / (0)4407 / 972-228 www.dynapac.com

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# Correct use and application Α



The "Guidelines for the Correct Use and Application of Paver Finishers" compiled by Svedala are included in the scope of delivery for the present machine. The guidelines are part of the present operating instructions and must always be heeded. National regulations are fully applicable.

The road construction machine described in the present operating instructions is a paver finisherthatissuitedforlayingmixedmaterials,roll-downconcreteorlean-mixedconcrete, track-laying ballast and unbound mineral aggregates for foundations for paving. The paver finisher must be used, operated and maintained according to the instructions given in the present operating instructions. Any other use is regarded as improper use and can cause injury to persons or damage to the paver finisher or other equipment or property.

Any use going beyond the range of applications described above is regarded as improper use and is expressly forbidden! Especially in those cases where the paver finisher is to be operated on inclines or where it is to be used for special purposes (construction of dumps, dams), it is absolutely necessary to contact the manufacturer.

Duties of the user: A "user" within the meaning of the present operating instructions is defined as any natural or legal person who either uses the paver finisher himself, or on whose behalf it is used. In special cases (e.g. leasing or renting), the user is considered the person who, in accordance with existing contractual agreements between the owner and the user of the paver finisher, is charged with the observance of the operating duties.

The user must ensure that the paver finisher is only used in the stipulated manner and that all danger to life and limb of the operator, or third parties, is avoided. In addition to this, it must be ensured that the relevant accident prevention regulations and other safety-related provisions as well as the operating, servicing and maintenance guidelines are observed. The user must also ensure that all persons operating the paver finisher have read and understood the present operating instructions.

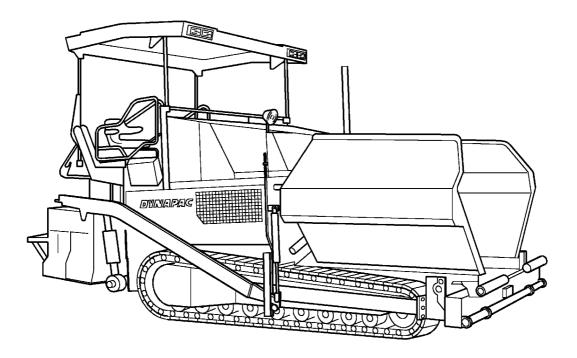
Mounting of attachments: The paver finisher must only be operated in conjunction with screeds that have been approved by the manufacturer. Mounting or installation of any attachments that will interfere with or supplement the functions of the paver finisher is permitted only after written approval by the manufacturer has been obtained. If necessary, the approval of local authorities has to be obtained.

Any approval obtained from local authorities does not, however, make the approval by the manufacturer unnecessary.

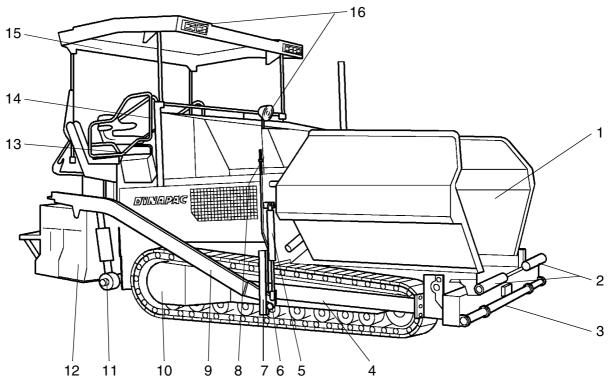
# **B** Vehicle description

# 1 Application

The DYNAPAC F181 C is a caterpillar paver finisher that is used for laying bituminous mixed material, roll-down or lean-mixed concrete, track-laying ballast and unbound mineral aggregates for foundations for paving.



PA0847.Tif



F121C.Tif

Item		Designation			
1	•	Material compartment (hop	Material compartment (hopper)		
2	•	Truck push rollers			
3	•	Tube for sensor rod (directi	on indicator) and holder for levelling shoe		
4	•	Caterpillar drive			
5	•	Levelling cylinder for paving	g thickness		
6	•	Traction roller			
7	٠	Traction arm rail	Traction arm rail		
8	٠	Paving thickness indicator			
9	٠	Arm			
10	٠	Traction drive of the caterpillar drive			
11	•	Auger			
12	٠	Screed			
13	٠	Operator's platform			
14	٠	Operating panel (can be moved to either side)			
15	0	Protective roof			
16	0	Working lights			
	• =	Standard equipment	○ = Optional equipment		

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# 2.1 Vehicle

# Construction

The paver finisher has a welded steel frame on which the individual components are mounted.

The caterpillar drives (4) compensate uneven areas on the ground; the suspension of the attached screed (12) additionally helps to attain a high paving precision. The continuously adjustable hydrostatic traction drive (10) allows the speed of the paver finisher to be matched to all work conditions.

Operation of the paver finisher is faciliated by the automatic material handling system (1), the separate traction drives (10) and the clearly structured operating and control elements (15).

The following extra equipment (option) is available:

- Automatic levelling/slope control system
- O Ultrasonic sensors for material transport (controller)
- Additional cut-off shoe
- Larger working widths
- O Automatic central lubrication system for the finisher and/or the screed
- Protective roof (16)
- $\odot$  Further equipment and upgrade options on request

**Engine** The paver finisher is equipped with a water-cooled 6-cylinder Cummins diesel engine. For further information please refer to the operating instructions for the engine.

**Caterpillar drive:** Both caterpillar drives are directly driven by separate drives without any drive chains that would require maintenance and servicing. The tension of the caterpillar chains can be readjusted using tensioners.

**Hydraulic system:** The diesel engine drives the hydraulic pumps for all main drives of the paver finisher via the attached distribution gear and its auxiliary drive shafts.

**Traction drive:** The continuously adjustable traction drive pumps are connected to the traction motors by means of high pressure hydraulic hoses. These oil motors drive the caterpillar chains via planetary gears that are mounted directly inside the drive wheels of the caterpillar chains.

**Steering system/operator's platform:** The independent hydrostatic traction drives allow the finisher to be turned on the spot.

The electronic synchronisation, controlled from the operating panel, ensures that the finisher runs straight ahead.

The operating panel can be secured in a position at the left-hand or the right-hand side of the paver finisher by means of a latch accessible from above.

**Push roller cross bar:** The push rollers for material trucks are fastened to a cross bar that is pivoted at its center.

This cross bar allows to compensate for different distances to the rear wheels of material trucks. The paver finisher thus deviates less from its course and paving in curves is made easier.

**Material compartment (hopper):** The hopper inlet is equipped with a conveyor system that empties the hopper and transfers the material to the auger.

The hopper can hold ca. 12.5 tons.

To facilitate emptying and to improve material transport, each of the lateral covers of the hopper can be hydraulically moved (option).

**Material transfer:** The paver finisher is equipped with two conveyors driven separately that transfer the material from the hopper to the augers.

By scanning the filling height during the paving procedure, the transfer amount or speed is regulated fully automatically.

**Augers:** The augers are driven and actuated independently from the conveyors. The left-hand and the right hand half of the auger can be controlled separately. The drive system is fully hydraulic.

The conveying direction can be changed towards the center or towards the outside. This ensures that there is always a sufficient supply with material even if an excessive amount of material is required at one side. The auger speed is continuously controlled by sensors that monitor the material flow.

Height adjustment and extension of augers: Height adjustment and extension of augers ensure optimum adaptation to a wide range of paving thicknesses and widths.

The basic configuration allows the height to be adjusted by attaching chains to the side arms and by actuating the hydraulic screed lifting device.

When using ratchets for height adjustment (option), barrel nuts at the guide supports in the rear wall are used to adjust the height.

Another variant allows the height to be regulated at the control panel by means of hydraulic cylinders (option).

Auger segments of different lengths can be attached to easily adapt to the different paving widths.

**Levelling system/slope control system** The slope control system (option) allows the tractionpointtobe regulated at the left-hand or the right-hand side with a defined difference to the opposite side.

To determine the actual value, the two traction arms are linked with a slope control rod.

The slope control system always operates in conjunction with the screed height adjustment of the opposite side.

By adjusting the height of the traction point of the arm (traction roller), the paving height of the material or the laying height of the screed can be controlled.

Actuation occurs electro-hydraulically on both sides and can be controlled manually by means of toggle switches or automatically by means of an electronic grade control system.

**Screed lifting device:** The screed lifting device is used to lift the screed during transportation. Lifting occurs electro-hydraulically on both sides by actuating the hydraulic cylinderson the arms and is controlled by means of toggles witches on the operating panel.

Automatic screed stop and screed charging/relieving device: The automatic screed stop prevents the formation screed marks caused by a stopped screed. When the paver finisher stops (during a truck change), the control valves set to the floating position are shut and locked, thus preventing the screed from sinking during the stop.

The screed relieving device puts a higher load on the chassis, thus increasing the traction. Activating the screed charging device can improve the compacting result under certain conditions.

# 3 Safety devices

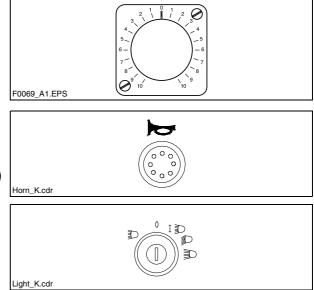
Safe operation is only possible when all operating and control elements are functioning correctly and when all safety devices are in position.

Check the function of these devices at regular intervals. (see chapter D, section 2.1).

## 3.1 Emergency stop button

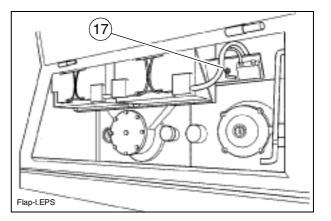
- on the operating panel
- on the two remote control units (option)
- Pressing the emergency stop button switches off the engine, the drives and the steering system. Corrective measures that might be necessary (anti-collision maneuvers, lifting the screed, etc.) are not possible in this case! Danger!

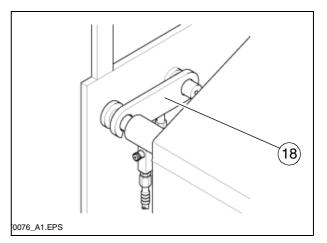
#### 3.2 Steering system

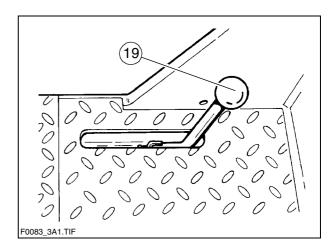


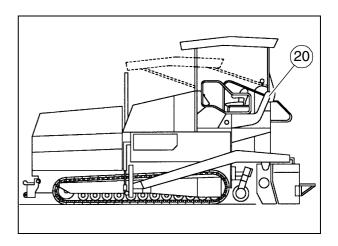
#### 3.3 Horn

- on the operating panel
- on the two remote control units (option)
- 3.4 Ignition key / lights





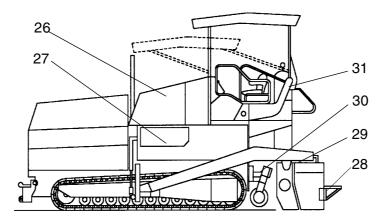




**3.6 Hopper transport safeguards (18)** 

**3.7** Screed transport safeguard (19)

**3.8** Latch for protective roof (20)



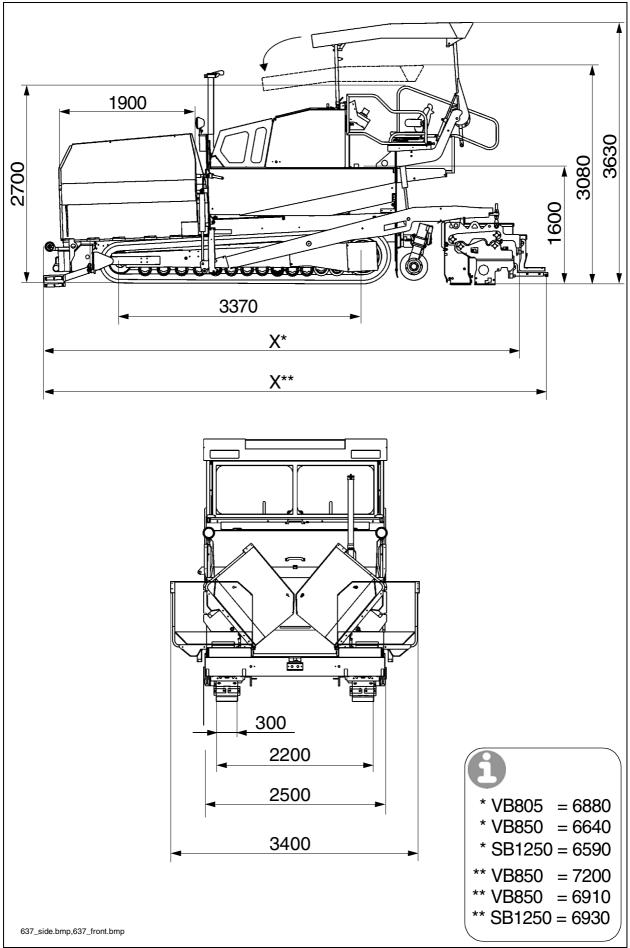
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Item	Designation
26	Engine hood
27	Lateral flaps
28	Walkway
29	Screed coverings
30	Hazard warning lights of the screed
31	Auger covers

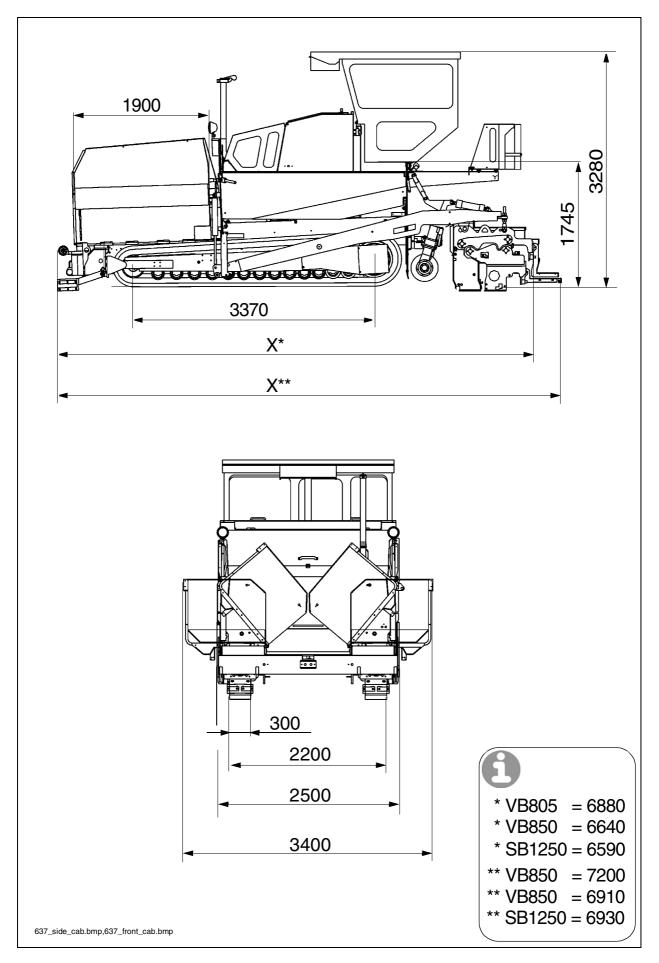
# Accessories:

- Wedges
- Warning triangle (O)
- First-aid kit (O)

# 4 Technical data, standard configuration



Dimensions (all dimensions in mm)



For the technical data of the screed, see the operating instructions of the screed.

# 4.1 Weights (all weights in t)

Paver finisher without screed	ca. 18.15
Paver finisher with screed:	
- VB 850 T/TV	ca. 21.40
- VB 851 T/TV	ca. 21.40
- VB 805 T/TV	ca. 21.47
- VB 805 TV Plus	ca. 21.50
- VB 1000 T/TV	ca. 21.90
- VB 1105 T/TV	ca. 21.72
- VB 1105 TV Plus	ca. 21.92
- SB 1250 T/TV	ca. 20.55
With extensions for max. working width additionally max.	ca. 1.4
With filled hopper additionally max.	ca. 12.5

For the weights of the screed and the screed attachments, see the operating instructions for the screed.

Screed used	Basic width (without cut-off shoes)	minimum paving width (with cut-off shoe)	continuously hydraulically adjustable up to	Maximum paving widths (with attachments)		
	(with	minir (v	continu ac	Maxin (wi		
VB 850 T/TV	2,50	2,00	4,75	8,50	m	
VB 851 T/TV	2,50	2,00	4,75	8,50	m	
VB 805 T/TV	2,50	2,00	5,00	8,00	m	
VB 805 TV Plus	2,50	2,00	5,00	8,00	m	
VB 1000 T/TV	3,00	2,50	5,75	9,00	m	
VB 1105 T/TV	3,00	2,50	6,00	9,00	m	
VB 1105 T/TV Plus	3,00	2,50	6,00	8,20	m	
SB 1250 T/TV	3,00	2,10	-	12,50	m	
Turners and an end	•		0			
I ransport speed	Transport speed			0 - 3,8 km		

Transport speed	0 - 3,8	km/h
Working speed	0 - 20	m/min
Layer thickness	0 - 300	mm
Max. grain size	40	mm
Theoretical paving performance	800	t/h

# 4.3 Traction drive/chassis

Drive	Hydrostatic drive, continuously controllable
Caterpillar drive	Two separately driven caterpillar drives with rubber grouser chains.
Turning capacity	Turning on the spot
Speed	See above

# 4.4 Engine

Make/type	Cummins QSB 6.7 C205
Model	6-cylinder diesel engine (water-cooled)
Performance	153 KW / 208 PS (@ 1800 1/min)
Volume of fuel tank	(see chapter F)

# 4.5 Hydraulic system

Pressure generation	Hydraulic pumps via distribution gear (directly flanged to the engine)
Pressure distribution	<ul> <li>Hydraulic circuits for:</li> <li>Traction drive</li> <li>Material conveying and distribution</li> <li>Screed lifting drives for tamper / vibration (option)</li> <li>Cylinder actuators for steering, hopper, levelling, screed lifting, extending/retracting screed parts, auger lift (option)</li> </ul>
Hydraulic oil reservoir - volume	see chapter F

# 4.6 Material compartment (hopper)

Volume	ca. 5.7 m <sup>3</sup> = ca. 12.5 t
Minimum inlet height, center	480 mm
Minimum inlet height, outside	600 mm

# 4.7 Material conveying

Conveyors	Left and right auger separately controllable
Drive	Hydrostatic, continuously controllable
Conveying volume controller	Fully automatic via configurable switching points

# 4.8 Material distribution

Augers	Left and right auger separately controllable
Drive	Hydrostatic external drive, continuously controllable independent from the conveyor Auger halves can be switched to opposite directions
Conveying volume controller	Fully automatic via configurable switching points
Auger height adjustment	<ul> <li>mechanically via chain</li> <li>mechanically (option)</li> <li>hydraulically (option)</li> </ul>
Auger extension	With extension parts (see auger extension chart)

# 4.9 Screed lifting device

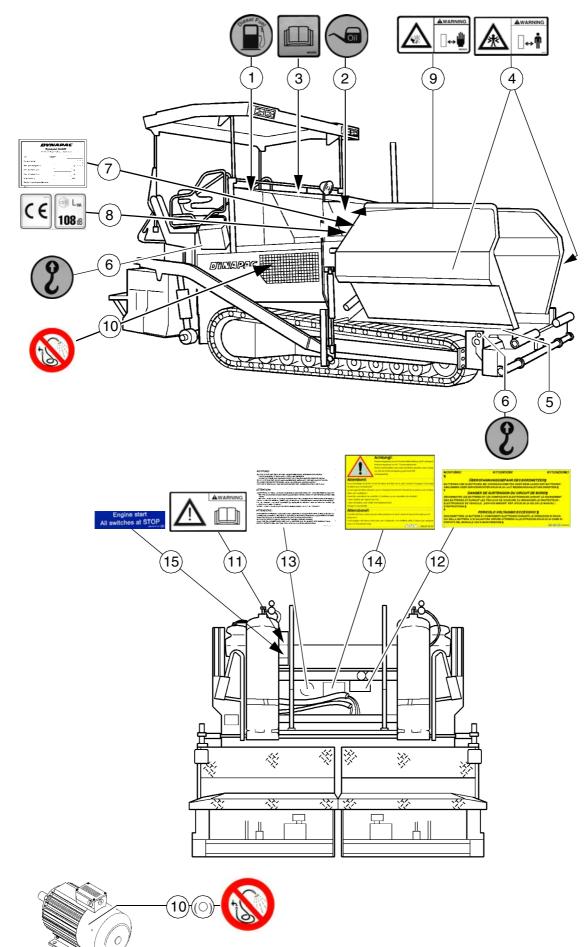
Special functions	<ul> <li>At standstill:</li> <li>Screed stop</li> <li>Screed stop with pretensioning (max. pressure 50 bar)</li> <li>During paving:</li> <li>Screed charging</li> <li>Screed relieving (max. pressure 50 bar)</li> </ul>
Levelling system	Mechanical grade control, optional systems with and without slope control

# 4.10 Electrical system

On-board voltage	24 V
Batteries	2 x 12 V, 88 Ah
Alternator (O)	17 kVA / 400 V
Fuses	see chapter D, section 3

 $\mathbb{I}_{\mathbb{C}}$  For the filling volumes of lubricating and operating agents, see chapter F,

5 Location of instruction labels and identification plates

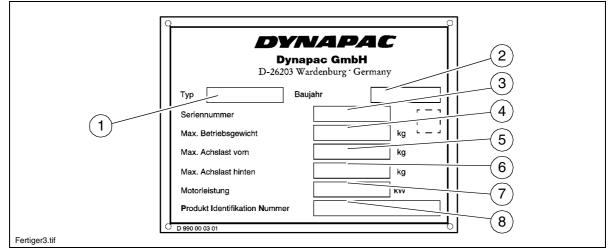


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Item	Designation
1	Label "Filler neck for diesel fuel" *
2	Label "Filler neck for engine oil" *
3	Label "Heed the operating instructions!"
4	Warning label "Danger of squeezing!" **
5	Punched vehicle identification number
6	Label "Securing or fixing points for crane transportation"**
7	Paver finisher identification label
8	"CE + noise level" plate (O)
9	"Fan danger!" warning plate
10	"Spraying with water prohibited" plate
11	Label "Heed the operating instructions!"***
12	Label "High voltage!"
13	Label "Operating instructions for the engine"
14	"Crossbeam lock" plate
15	"All switches to STOP" plate ***

- \* Labels are located beneath the engine hood / maintenance flap
- \*\* Labels are located on both sides of the paver finisher
- \*\*\* Label is located on the operating panel, above the steering wheel

# 5.1 Identification label for the paver finisher (7)



Item	Designation
1	Paver finisher type (e.g. F 181 C)
2	Year of manufacture
3	Serial number of the paver finisher series
4	Max. permissible operating weight, incl. all attachments, in kg
5	Max. permissible load on the front axle, in kg
6	Max. permissible load on the rear axle, in kg
7	Rated performance in kW
8	Product identification number (PIN)

The punched vehicle identification number on the paver finisher must match the product identification number (8).

## 6 EN standards

#### 6.1 Continuous sound level

The operator always must use ear protection. The emission value at the ear of the driver varies depending on the materials used for paving and may even rise above 85 dB (A). If no ear protection devices are used, hearing can be impaired. The noise emission level of the finisher has been measured under free-field condi-

tions according to prEN 500-6, dated March, 1997, and ISO 4872 at a normal engine speed of 2100 rpm.

Sound pressure level at the operator's position (at the height of the head):	L <sub>AF</sub> =	82,6 dB(A)
Sound capacity level:	L <sub>WA</sub> =	109,0 dB(A)

## Sound pressure level at the machine

Measuring point	2	4	6	8	10	12
Sound pressure level L <sub>AFeq</sub> (dB(A))	75,5	72,8	74,2	73,8	71,3	73,8

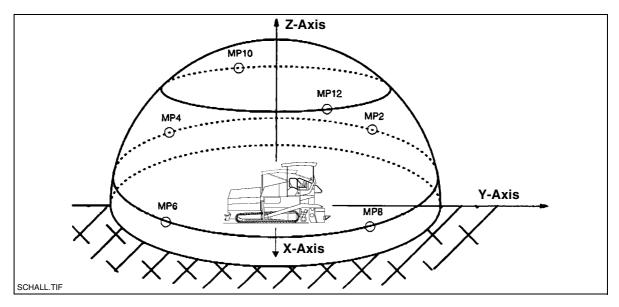
#### 6.2 Operating conditions during measurement

The diesel engine was running at maximum speed. The screed was arrested in the transportation position. Conveyors, augers, tampers and vibration were running at least at 50% of the maximum speed.

#### 6.3 Measuring point configuration

Semispherical measuring surface with a radius of 16 m. The machine was at the center. The measuring points had been assigned the following coordinates

	Measuri	ng points	2, 4, 6, 8	Measuring points 10, 12		
Coordinates	ordinates X Y Z		Х	Y	Z	
	±11,2	±11,2	1,5	-4,32 +4,32	+10,4 -10,4	11,36 11,36



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# 6.4 Vibration acting on the entire body

When the machine is used properly, the weighted effective acceleration values at the driver's seat of  $a_w = 0.5 \text{ m/s}^2$  according to prEN 1032-1995 are not exceeded.

## 6.5 Vibrations acting on hands and arms

When the machine is used properly, the weighted effective acceleration values at the driver's seat of  $a_{hw} = 2.5 \text{ m/s}^2$  according to prEN 1033-1995 are not exceeded.

#### 6.6 Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)

The following limit values are observed according to the stipulations of the EMC guideline 89/336/EEC/08.95:

- interference emission according to DIN EN 50081-1/03.93: < 40 dB  $\mu$ V/m for frequencies of 30 MHz - 230 MHz measured at a distance of 3 m < 47 db  $\mu$ V/m for frequencies of 20 MHz - 1 GHz measured at a distance of 3 m
- interference immunity against electrostatic discharge according to DIN EN 61000-4-2/03.96 (ESD):

The paver finisher did not show any discernible reactions to contact discharges of  $\pm$  4 KV and to air discharges of  $\pm$  8 KV.

The modifications according to test criterion "A" are being met, i.e. the paver finisher continues to work without malfunction during the test.

Electrical or electronic components and their arrangement may only be modified after written approval by the manufacturer has been obtained.

# C Transportation

## **1** Safety regulations for transportation

Accidents can happen when the paver finisher and the screed are not properly prepared for transportation or when transportation is carried out improperly!

Reduce both the paver finisher and the screed to their basic widths. Remove all protruding parts (such as the levelling device, auger limit switches, aprons, etc.). When transporting under a special permit, secure these parts!

Close the hopper lids and engage the hopper transport safeguards. Lift the screed and engage the screed transport safeguards. Convert the protective roof and engage the latch.

Check that the clamping device for the auger frame is fastened and that the telescopic tube cannot slide out (see chapter E, section 2.5).

Pack all parts that are not permanently fixed to the paver finisher and the screed into the appropriate boxes and into the hopper.

Close all coverings and check that they are securely seated.

In Germany, gas bottles must not be transported on the paver finisher or on the screed. Disconnect the gas bottles from the gas system and protect them with their caps. Use a separate vehicle to transport them.

When loading via ramps, the paver finisher may slip aside, tilt or topple over. Drive carefully! Keep the danger area free of persons!

# Additional stipulations for transportation on public roads:

In Germany; caterpillar pavers **must not be driven as self-propelling vehicles** on public roads.

Note that in other countries different regulations may apply.

The operator must be in the possession of a valid permit for vehicles of this type.

The operating panel must be moved to the side of the oncoming traffic and secured in this position. The driving lights must be properly adjusted.

Only attachments and accessories may be transported in the hopper, no material or gas bottles!

If necessary, the operator must be assisted by a second person when driving on public roads – especially at road crossings and junctions.

# 2 Transportation on low-bed trailers

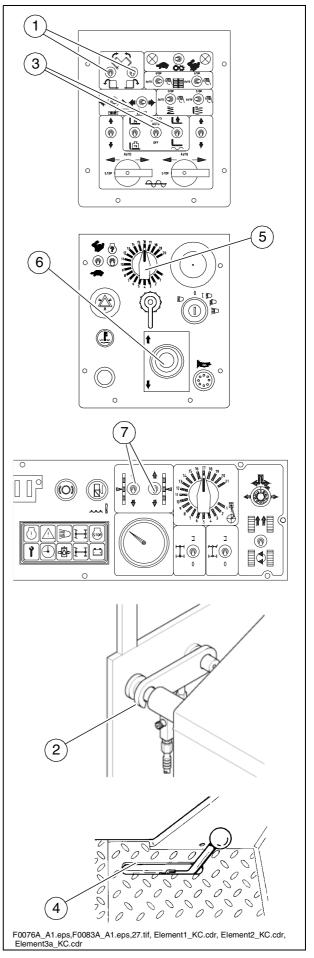
Reduce the paver finisher and the screed to their basic widths; also remove any attached side plates. To prevent damages to the screed, the inclination of the ramp to be used must not exceed 11° (19%).

#### 2.1 Preparations

- Prepare the paver finisher for operation (see chapter D).
- Use switch (1) to close the hopper lids. Engage both hopper transport safeguards (2).
- Use switch (3) to lift the screed. Engage the screed transport safeguard (4).
- To extend the levelling cylinders:
  - Turnthepreselector(5)to"zero".Move the drive lever (6) forward. Push the switches (7) downward until the levellingcylindersarecompletelyextended.
  - Set the drive lever (6) to the center position.
- Retract the screed parts until the screed matches the basic width of the paver finisher.
- Remove all protruding or loose parts from the paver finisher and the screed (see also the "operating instructions for the screed"). Store these parts in a safe place.

When screed is operated with the optional gas heating system:

- Remove the gas bottles for the screed heating system:
  - Close the main shut-off valve and the bottle valves.
  - Unscrew the valves on the bottles and remove the gas bottles from the paver finisher.
  - Transport the gas bottles on a second vehicle; heed all pertaining safety regulations.



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# 2.2 Driving onto the low-bed trailer

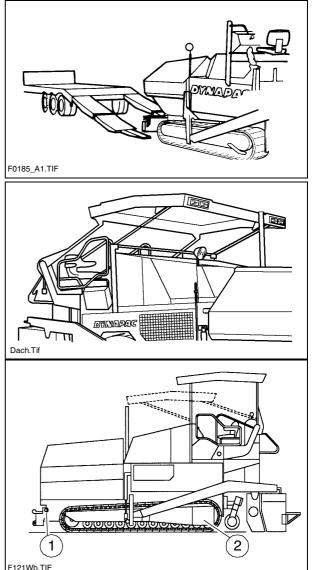


Make sure that there are no persons in the danger area during loading.

- Usetheworkgearandlowenginespeeds to drive onto the low-bed trailer.
- Lower the screed onto wooden blocks on the low-bed trailer.
- Switch off the paver finisher.
- Attach and secure the protective hood to protect the operating panel.
- If necessary, swing down the protective roof:
  - Take out the bolts and pull the roof to the rear by gripping it in the middle. When it is in the lower position, secure it with the bolts.
  - Take the protective roof tarpaulin off when covering longer distances.
- Secure the paver finisher to the lowbed trailer:
  - Use only appropriate, approved attachment devices.
  - Use the four securing points provided (1,2).
- Waituntiltheexhaustextensiontubehas cooled down; then remove it and store it.

# 2.3 After transportation

- Remove the attachment devices.
- Swing up the protective roof. Take out the bolts, push the protective roof forward to raise it and insert the bolts to lock it again.
- Mount the protective tarpaulin if it has been removed.
- Lift the screed to the transportation position and lock it.
- Start the engine and drive from the trailer at a low engine/traction speed.
- Park the paver finisher in a secure spot, lower the screed and switch off the engine.
- Remove the key and/or cover the operating panel with the protective hood and secure it.



# 3 Transportation on public roads

Reduce the paver finisher and the screed to their basic widths; also remove any attached side plates.

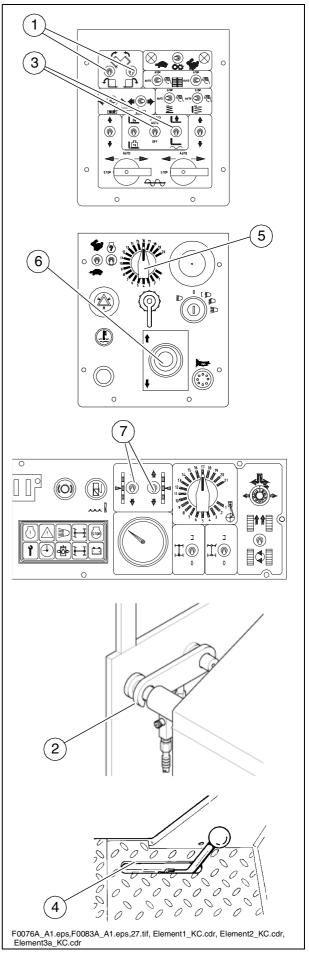
#### 3.1 Preparations

- Use switch (1) to close the hopper lids. Engage both hopper transport safeguards (2).
- Use switch (3) to lift the screed. Engage the screed transport safeguard (4).
- To extend the levelling cylinders:
  - Turn the preselector (5) to "zero". Move the drive lever (6) forward. Push the switches (7) downward until the levelling cylinders are completely extended.
  - Set the drive lever (6) to the center position.
- Retract the screed parts until the screed matches the basic width of the paver finisher.
- Remove all protruding or loose parts from the paver finisher and the screed (see also the "operating instructions for the screed").

Store these parts in a safe place.

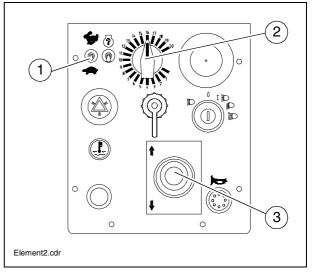
When screed is operated with the optional gas heating system:

- Remove the gas bottles for the screed heating system:
  - Close the main shut-off valve and the bottle valves.
  - Unscrew the valves on the bottles and remove the gas bottles from the paver finisher.
  - Transport the gas bottles on a second vehicle; heed all pertaining safety regulations.



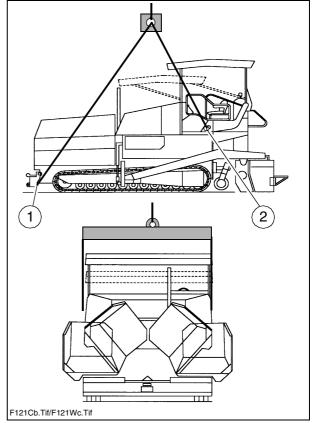
#### 3.2 Driving on public roads

- Set the Fast/Slow switch (1) to "Hare".
- Turn the preselector (2) to maximum.
- Use the drive lever (3) to regulate the speed.
- Press the emergency stop button when a dangerous situation arises!



#### 4 Loading by crane

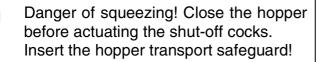
- Use only lifting gear that can bear the load. (For the weights and dimensions, see chapter B)
- Four lifting eyes (1,2) are provided for loading the vehicle with a crane.
  - Parkthepaverfinisherandrenderitsafe.
  - Engage the transport safeguards.
  - Remove any attachments and accessories from the paver finisher and the screed until the basic width has been attained.
  - Take off all protruding or loose parts and the gas bottles of the screed heating system (see chapter E and D).
  - Attach the lifting gear to the four lifting eyes (1,2).
- Make sure that the paver finisher remains in a horizontal position during transport!



#### 5 Crawlers

A hydraulic cylinder can be used to raise or lower the front section of the entire vehicle frame for the following purposes:

- Adapting to the chute height of the mixed materials transporter and/or to its tyre size
- To approach the trailer

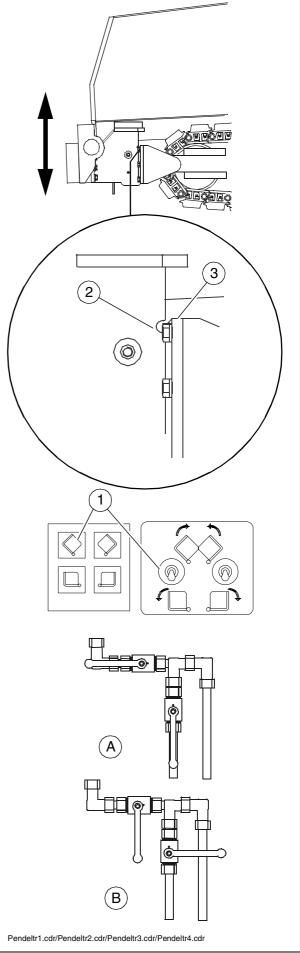


Raising the frame:

- Close hopper by pressing switch / button (1) and insert hopper transport safeguard.
- Open both shut-off cocks (A) and press switch / button (1) until the height required is reached.
- Close both shut-off cocks (B).

Lowering the frame

- Closehopperbypressingswitch/button (1) and insert hopper transport safeguard.
- Open both shut-off cocks (A) until the framehasloweredtotheheightrequired.
- Close both shut-off cocks (B).
- The neutral position is reached when the notch (2) of the guide frame is at the upper edge of the guide plate (3).



#### 6 Towing



Heed all regulations and apply all safety measures applicable for towing heavy construction machines.



The towing vehicle must be capable of securing the paver finisher, even on slopes.

Use only approved tow bars!

If necessary, remove nay attachments and accessories from the paver finisher and the screed until the basic width has been attained.

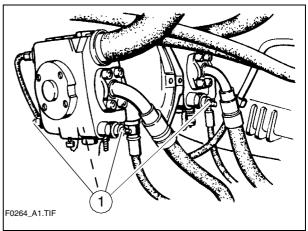
A hand pump is located behind the left lateral flap that must be actuated to be able to tow the machine.

Pressure for releasing the traction system brakes is built up with the hand pump.

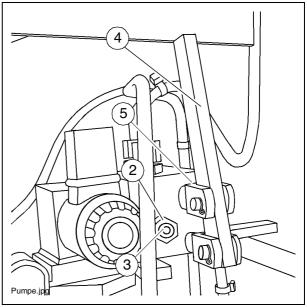


Only release the traction system brakes when the machine is sufficiently secured against accidental rolling or is already properly connected to the towing vehicle.

- The high pressure cartridges (4 items) (1) of the propulsion drive pump must all be unscrewed by around 3 turns.



- Release lock nut (2), screw threaded dowel (3) into pump as far as possible and secure with lock nut.
- Actuate lever (4) of hand pump until sufficient pressure has been built up and traction system brakes have been released.
- Now carefully and slowly tow the paver finisher out of the construction area.
- Always only tow the shortest distance to the means of transport or the next parking possibility.



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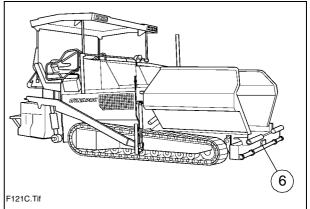
Following towing, unscrew the threaded dowel (3) a few turns again and lock with the lock nut (2).

The high pressure cartridges (1) have to be fully screwed back in to make the machine usable again after repairs.

The traction system brakes are no reactivated and the machine is secured against rolling.

The pump lever should be locked when the upper cylinder (5) is retracted.

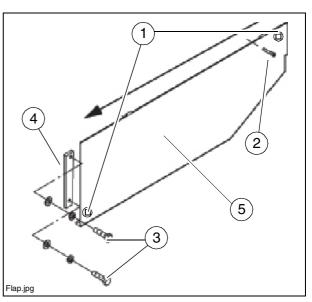
- Attach the tow bar to the coupling (6) located in the bumper.
- Carefully and slowly tow the paver finisher out of the construction site or the danger area (use the shortest possible distance).



### 7 Removing lateral flaps with screed raised.

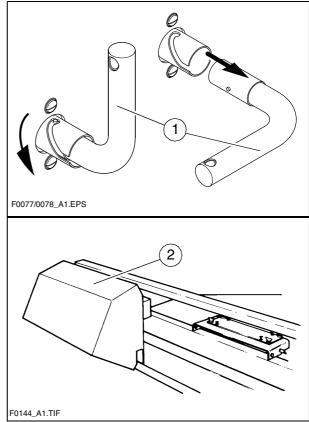
Should it be necessary to open the lateral flaps with the screed raised, i.e. when the crossbeams are in front of the lateral flaps, these can be pushed to the side and removed.

- Open both locks (1).
- Remove locking screw (2).
- Remove two mounting screws (3) and side plate (4),
- Pushlateralflap(5)towardremovedside plate and remove behind crossbeam.

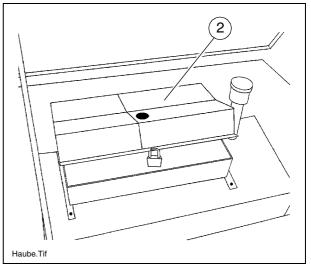


#### 8 Safely parking the vehicle

- When the paver finisher is parked at a location accessible to the public, it must be secured in such a way that unauthorized persons or playing children cannot damage the vehicle.
  - Pull off the ignition key and the main switch (1) and take it with you – do not hide them somewhere on the machine.
  - Protect the operating panel with the dust cover (2) and lock it.
  - Store loose parts and accessories in a safe place.



Secure the dust cover (2) during operation with the lock on the terminal box under the maintenance flap on the RH side!



### D Operation

#### 1 Safety regulations

Starting the engine, the traction drive, the conveyor, the auger, the screed or the lifting devices can cause injuries or even the death of persons.

Make sure before starting any of these devices that no-one is working at, in or beneath the paver finisher or within its danger area!

- Do not start the engine or do not actuate any controls when this is expressly forbidden! Unless otherwise specified, the controls may only be actuated when the engine is running!



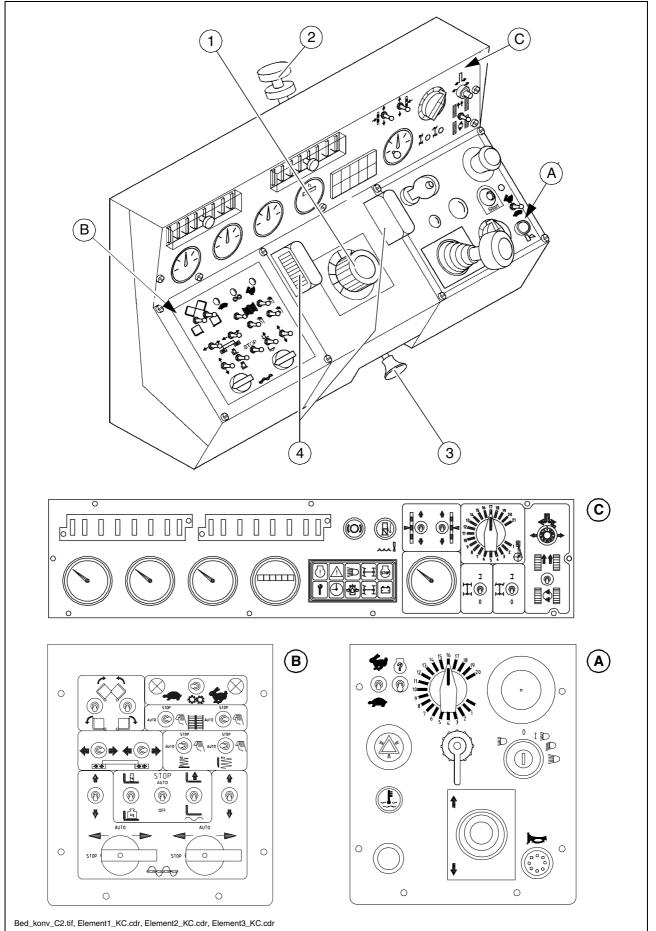
STOP

Never crawl into the auger tunnel or step into the hopper or onto the conveyor. Danger to life and limb!

- Always make sure during operation that no-one is endangered by the machine!
- Ensure that all protective covers and hoods are fitted and secured accordingly!
- When damages are detected, eliminate them immediately! Operation must not be continued when the machine is defective!
- Do not let any persons ride on the paver finisher or the screed!
- Remove obstacles from the road and the work area!
- Always try to choose a drivers's position that is opposite to the flowing traffic! Lock the operating panel and the driver's seat.
- Keep a sufficient safety clearance to overhanging objects, other machines and points of danger!
- Be careful when travelling on rough terrain to keep the paver finisher from slipping, tipping or turning over.
- Always be the master over the machine; never try to use it beyond its capacities!

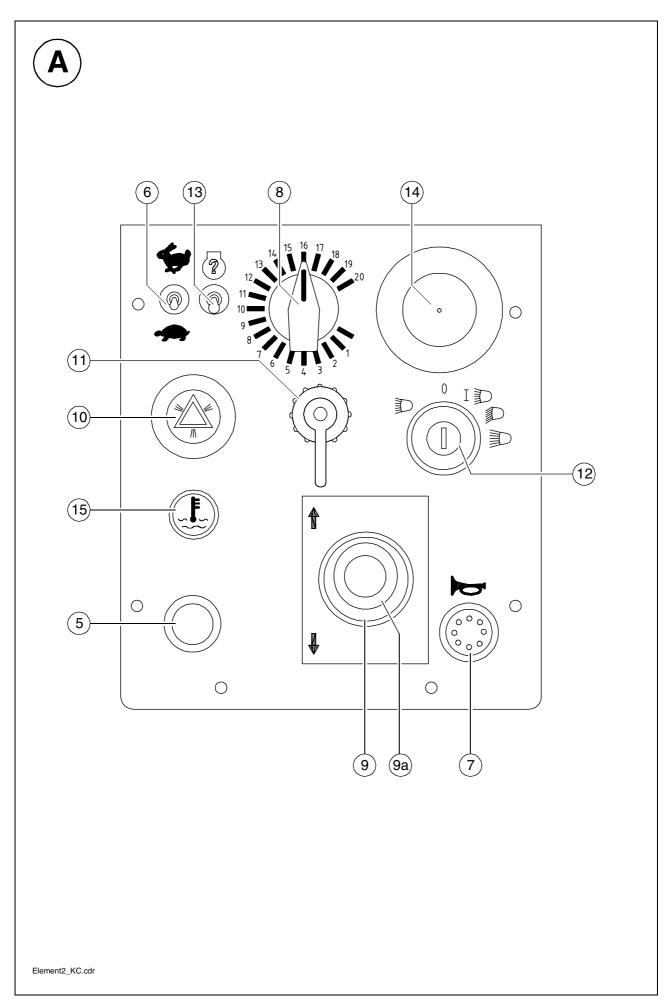
#### 2 Controls

#### 2.1 Operating panel

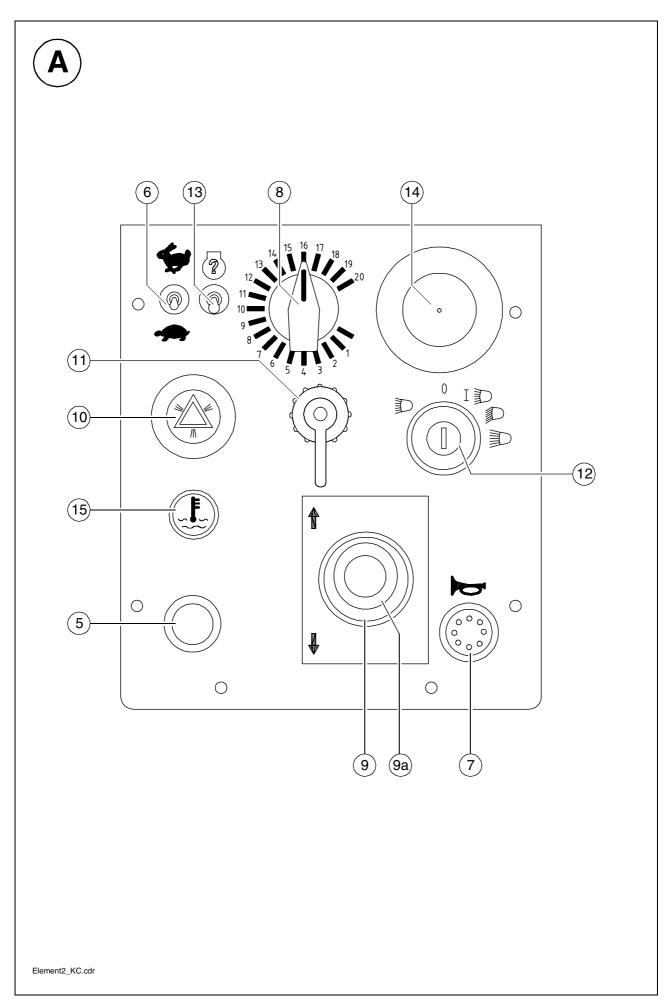


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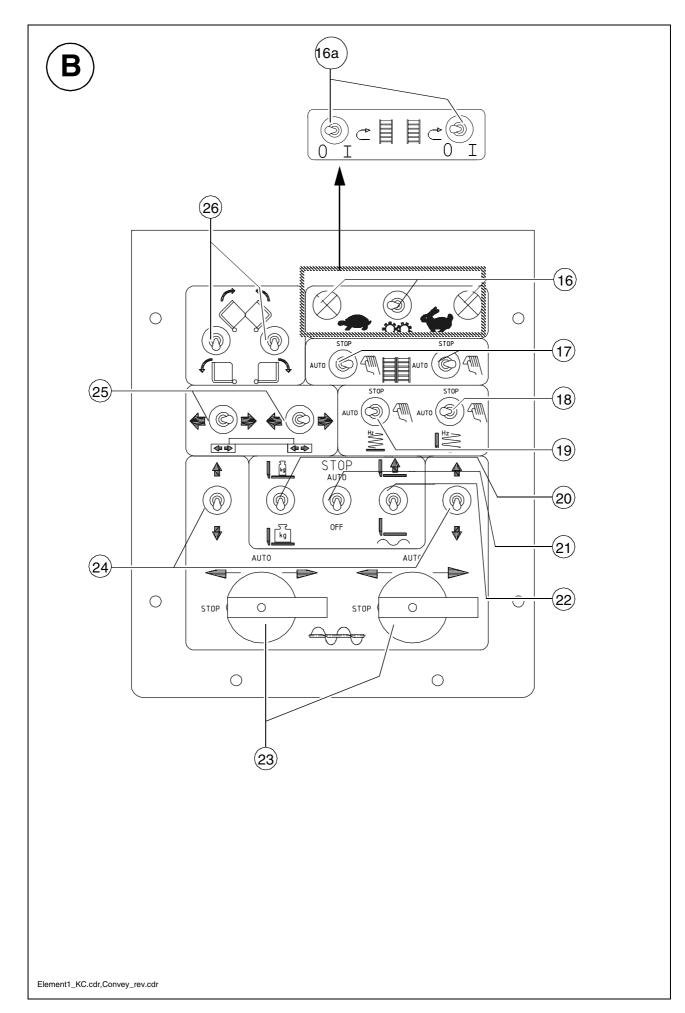
Pos.	Designation	Brief description
1	Steering potentio- meter	The steering wheel movement is transferred electrohydraulically. For precise adjustments (position "0" = straight-ahead), see the straight-ahead travel synchronisation. For turning on the spot, see switch (Turning on the spot).
2	Latch for operating panel	<ul> <li>For securing the movable operating panel against inadvertent movement.</li> <li>Turn the knurled screw at the desired location into the designated notch and secure with the knurled nut.</li> <li>When not secured, the operating panel can move. Danger of accidents during transportation!</li> </ul>
3	Latch for operating panel	In the case of seats that can be swung out beyond the machine contour (option), the operating panel can also be moved beyond the basic width of the paver finisher. Pull out the latch and move the operating panel; let the latch engage again.
4	Lighting	Lights up instrument panel A/B when the parking light is switched on



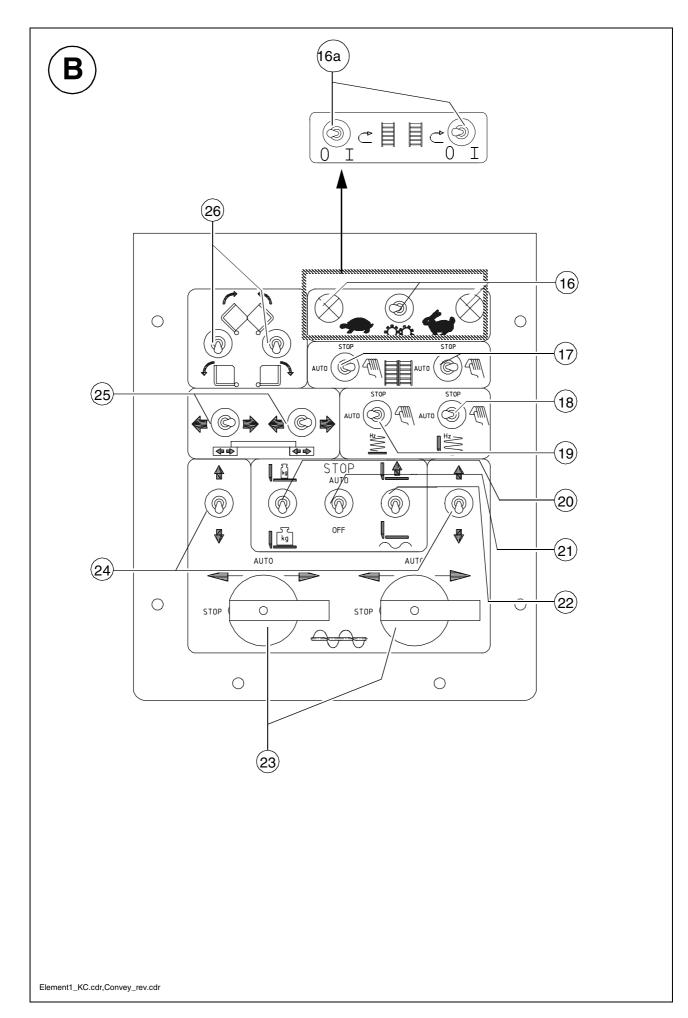
Pos.	Designation	Brief description
5	Starter	Starting is only possible when the driver lever is in the neutral position. All emergency stop buttons (on the operating panel and the remote controls) must be pulled out.
6	Traction drive speed - fast/slow	Hare: transportation speed Tortoise: operating speed for paving - Change the speed when the paver finisher is at a standstill!
7	Horn	Press in the case of emergencies and to indicate when the machine starts to move!
8	Preselector, trac- tion drive	<ul> <li>For setting the maximum speed that can be reached when the drive lever is at its stop.</li> <li>The scale roughly matches the speed in m/min (during paving).</li> </ul>
9	Drive lever (forward - reverse)	<ul> <li>For switching on the paver finisher functions and for continuously regulating the traction speed – forward or reverse.</li> <li>Zero position: starting is possible; engine at idling speed; no traction; protection against inadvertent start.</li> <li>To move the lever, pull up the ring (9 a).</li> <li>Depending on the position of the drive lever, the following functions can be activated: <ul> <li>1st position: Engine to preselected speed (see engine speed adjuster).</li> <li>2nd position: Conveyor and auger on.</li> <li>3rd position: Screed motion (tamper/vibration) on; traction drive on; increase speed until the stop is reached.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Use the preselector to set the maximum speed.</li> </ul>
10	not used	
11	not used	



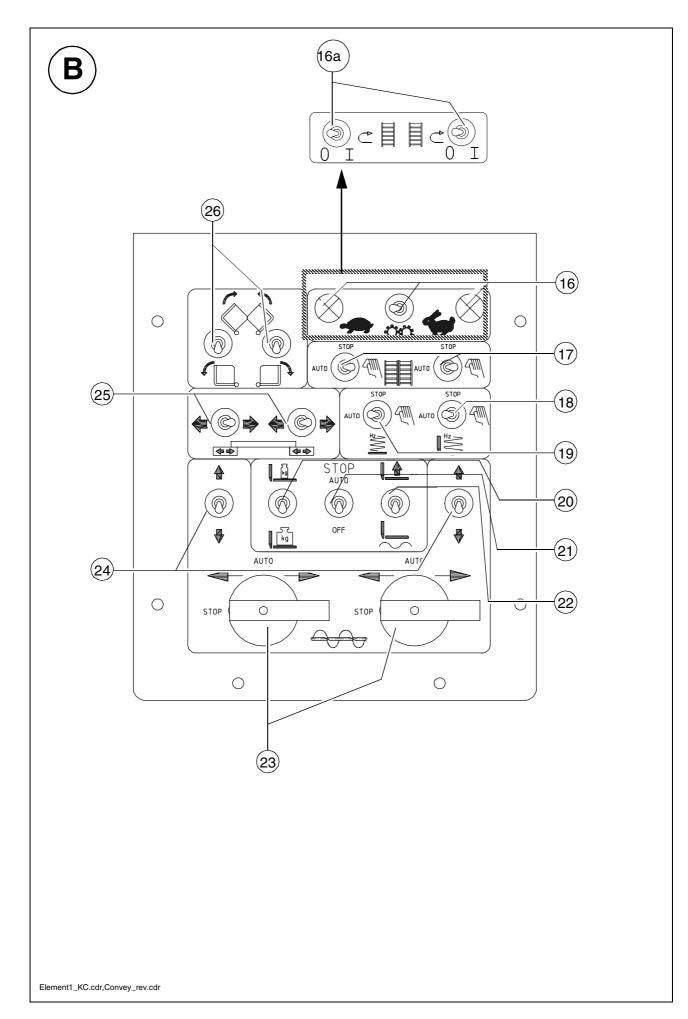
Pos.	Designation	Brief description
12	Ignition lock and illumination switch	<ul> <li>Key inserted: ignition on.</li> <li>Key removed: ignition and engine off.</li> <li>Key positions:</li> <li>0 Lights off</li> <li>1 Parking/rear lights, instrument panel illumination, working lights (if applicable)</li> <li>2 Low beam</li> <li>3 High beam</li> <li>To overcome the lock between positions 1 and 2, press in the key.</li> </ul>
13	Error / malfunction interrogation	If an error found on the engine is signalled by one of the warn- ing lamps, a code, which is assigned to a defined error, can be retrieved. Press switch into upper position until the three-digit code has been output by the warning lamp. For error code interrogation, refer to "malfunctions" Section!
14	Emergency stop button	<ul> <li>Pressinanemergency(dangertopersons,possiblecollisionetc.)!</li> <li>Pressing the emergency stop button switches off the engine, the drives and the steering system. Making way, lifting the screed or other actions are then no longer possible! Danger!</li> <li>The emergency stop button does not shut off the gas heater system. Close the main shut-off valve and the valves on the bottles by hand!</li> <li>In the case of electrical malfunctions, the engine must be turned off manually at the leverage of the injection pump. To restart the engine, the button must be pulled out again.</li> </ul>
15	not used	



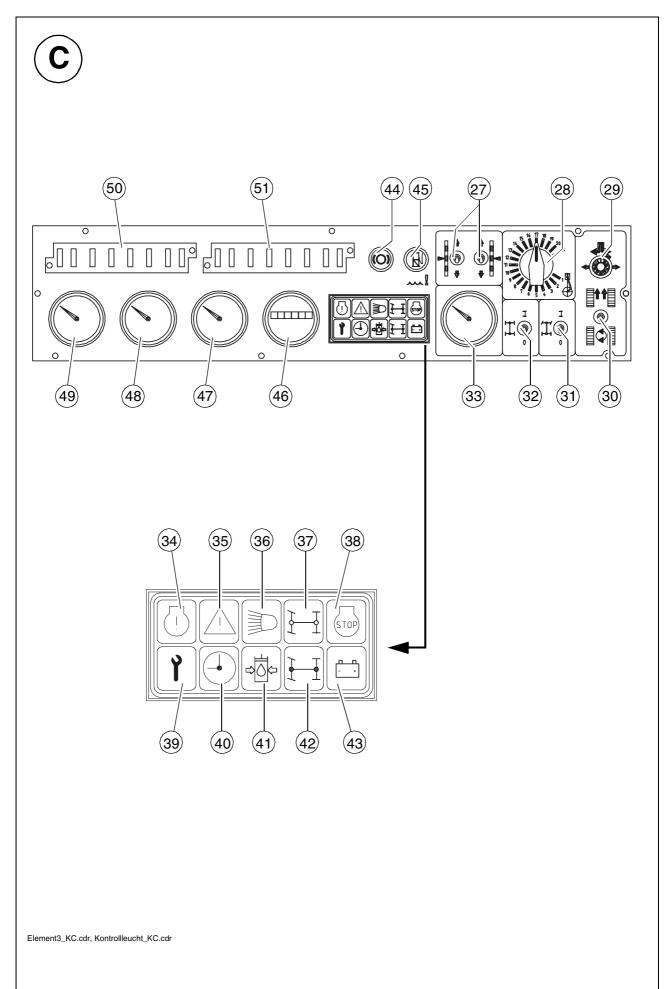
Pos.	Designation	Brief description
16	not used	
16a (O)	Reversing switch for conveyor	<ul> <li>The conveyance equipment of the conveyor can be separately switched over into the reverse direction for both halves of the conveyor to move back slightly material which is just in front of the auger. Material losses during transport operations can for example be avoided in this way. The conveyor moves items a distance of approx. 1 metre towards the hopper.</li> <li>If necessary, the switch can be activated as often as needed to allow the conveyor to run further in the reverse direction.</li> </ul>
17	Conveyor, left/right	<ul> <li>auto: switched on with drive lever and continuously controlled by the material limit switch</li> <li>stop: Off</li> <li>manual: permanently switched on (with full feed capacity, without material control)</li> <li>To automatically operate the conveyor via the remote control (○), both switches must be set to "auto".</li> </ul>
18	Tamper (screed-specific)	<ul> <li>auto: switched on with drive lever switched off when at a standstill</li> <li>stop: completely switched off</li> <li>manual: permanently switched on         <ul> <li>As a rule, "auto" is used for paving.</li> <li>Mhen the switch is set to "manual" during paving, it must be set to "stop" when at a standstill. Otherwise, excessive compacting occurs!</li> </ul> </li> <li>Speedcontrol(seethesection"Speedregulator, tamper").</li> </ul>
19	Vibration (screed-specific)	Operation and application: see switch (Tamper). Speed control (see the section "Speed regulator, vibration").



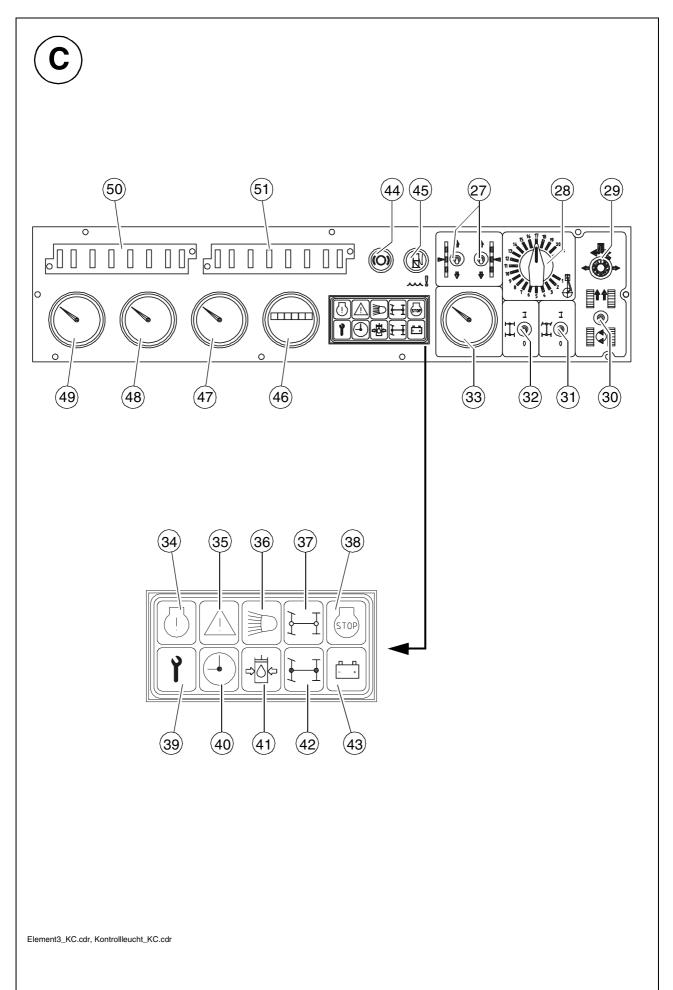
Pos.	Designation	Brief description
20	Screed charging/ relieving device A B C	<ul> <li>For charging/relieving the screed to influence traction and the compacting ratio.</li> <li>A: Relieving (screed 'lighter')</li> <li>B: No function</li> <li>C: Charging (screed 'heavier')</li> <li>Pressure regulating valve (93) must be used to set the charging/relieving factor.</li> <li>For"screedstopwithpretensioning",positionAmustbeselected (see switch (21) and pressure regulating valve (93a)).</li> </ul>
21	Screed stop STOP A MUTO B OFF C	<ul> <li>"Screed stop" is used to lock the screed hydraulics to keep the screed from sinking into the material when the paver finisher is at a standstill (intermediate stop).</li> <li>A: Automatic when the drive lever (9) is in the center position</li> <li>Position C is used for setting up the paver finisher, position A for paving.</li> <li>B: Permanently switched on</li> <li>C: Off</li> <li>Position B is not sufficient for securing the screed during transportation or servicing! Insert the mechanical screed transport safeguard!</li> <li>Using the screed charging/relieving device (20) and the drive lever in the center position, a "screed stop with pretensioning" can be set.</li> </ul>
22	Screed position	<ul> <li>A: Lift screed</li> <li>B: Hold screed (position for inserting the screed transport safeguard)</li> <li>C: Lower screed and assume the "floating position"</li> <li>▲ During paving, the screed must always be in the floating position. This also applies to intermediate stops and truck changes when the automatic screed stop is used.</li> </ul>



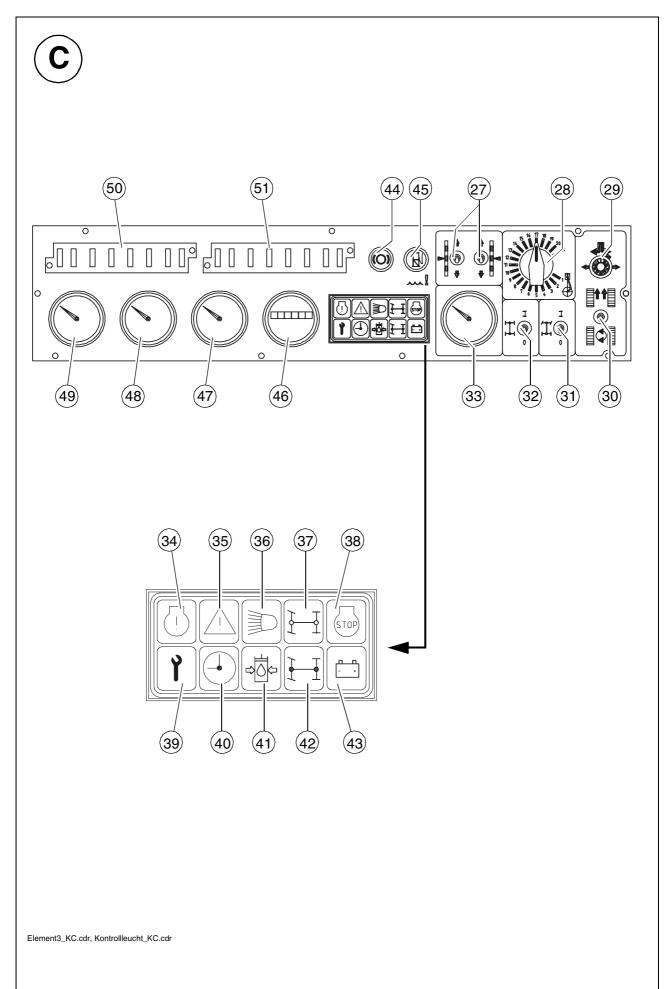
Pos.	Designation	Brief description
23	Auger left/right A stop O A stop O A stop O	<ul> <li>A stop: Off</li> <li>B manual: feeding outwards</li> <li>C auto: switched on with driver lever and Material limit switch on the auger continuously controlled</li> <li>D manual: feeding inwards</li> <li>In positions (B) and (D), the auger half is running permanently (with full feed capacity, without automatic material control).</li> <li>To automatically operate the auger via the mechanical limit switch or the ultrasonic sensor (○), both switches must be set to "auto".</li> </ul>
24	Adjustment of the auger beam left/right (O)	<ul> <li>For changing the height of the auger in the case of a hydraulically adjustable auger frame.</li> <li>The height can be read on the scales to the left and the right of the auger frame support. Rule of thumb: paving thickness plus 5 cm (2 inches) equals the auger frame height.</li> <li>Actuate both switches at the same time as otherwise the auger frame is jammed!</li> </ul>
25	Extend/retract screed parts (O)	In the case of variable screeds, the extendable parts can be hydraulically extended/retracted with this switch. In EU countries, this is only allowed with switch on the remote control.
26	Open/close hopper	Top:Close hopper halvesCenter:No functionBottom:Open hopper halvesSeparate actuation ( $\bigcirc$ ):Isrequiredwhenpavinginspaceswherethereisonlylimitedspace at one side or when obstacles obstruct unloading of the truck.



Pos.	Designation	Brief description
27	Levelling cylinder left/right	For manually actuating the levelling cylinders when automatic levelling is switched off. Switch on the remote control must be set to "manual.
28	Engine speed adjuster (○)	<ul> <li>For continuous adjustment of the engine speed (when drive lever is at the stop).</li> <li>Min. position: idling speed</li> <li>Max. position: rated speed</li> <li>For paving, select the rated speed; reduce the speed for transportation.</li> <li>The automatic speed control keeps the set speed constant even under a load.</li> </ul>
29	Straight-ahead travel synchronisa- tion	<ul> <li>Using this potentiometer, both chains can be synchronized for straight-ahead travel while driving:</li> <li>Set the steering wheel to position "0"; then adjust the potentiometer until the finisher is travelling straight ahead.</li> </ul>
30	Turning on the spot	•
		The finisher turns on the spot (the caterpillar chains run in oppo- site directions) when the steering wheel is set to "10". Steering knob turned to the left = finisher turns to the left Steering knob turned to the right = finisher turns to the right When the finisher turns, persons and objects next to the finisher are in extreme danger. Watch the area where the finisher turns!
31	not used	



Pos.	Designation	Brief description
32	not used	
33	Temperature indi- catorforhydraulicoil	Normal display up to 85 °C = 185 °F. Stop the paver finisher when higher temperatures are encountered (drive lever to the center position), let the engine cool down while idling. Determine the cause and correct it if necessary.
34	Error message with engine stopped (red)	<ul> <li>Lights up when a serious error has occurred on the engine.</li> <li>For reasons associated with safety, the engine is automatically switched off.</li> <li>The error code can be retrieved using the switch (13).</li> <li>Lights up for a few seconds once the ignition has been switched on for checking purposes.</li> </ul>
35	Error message (yellow)	<ul> <li>Indicates that there is an error on the engine. The machine can continue to be operated for the time being. In order to prevent further damage, the error should however be rectified as soon as possible.</li> <li>An error code can be retrieved using the switch (13).</li> <li>Lights up for a few seconds once the ignition has been switched on for checking purposes.</li> </ul>
36	Highbeamindicator (blue)	Lights up when the high beam is switched on (on the ignition key). Avoid blinding the oncoming traffic!
37	not used	
38	Engine stop	Lights up when the engine cannot be started (e.g. because the emergency stop button has been pressed). In this case, see the section "Malfunctions".
39	Maintenance (yel- low)	<ul> <li>Signals that the engine coolant (water) level is too low.</li> <li>To prevent damaging the engine, top up the coolant (water) level immediately as specified.</li> <li>Lights up for a few seconds once the ignition has been switched on for checking purposes.</li> </ul>



Pos.	Designation	Brief description
40	Preheat indicator lamp (yellow)	Once the ignition has been switched on, this lights up until the engine'sairforcombustionispreheatedtothecorrecttemperature. Only start engine once the indicator lamp has gone out to reduce wear and ensure better starting characteristics.
41	Oil pressure indica- tor for the hydraulic traction drive (red)	<ul> <li>Must go out right after the engine has been started. Observe warm running. The hydraulic oil is possibly too cold and stiff.</li> <li>Do not switch on the traction drive when the lamp does not go out (see the section "Malfunctions").</li> <li>The lamp goes out when the pressure drops below 2.8 bar = 40 psi.</li> </ul>
42	Not assigned	
43	Battery charge indicator (red)	Must go out after starting when the engine revs up. - Switch off the engine.
44	Not assigned	
45	"Water in fuel" warning lamp (red)	<ul> <li>Lights up if too high a volume of water has been found in the fuel system's water separator.</li> <li>▲ To avoid damaging the engine, drain off the separated water immediately as described in the Maintenance Instructions.</li> <li>■ Lights up for a few seconds once the ignition has been switched on for checking purposes.</li> </ul>
46	Operating hours counter	Operating hours are only recorded while the engine is running. Heed the maintenance intervals (see chapter F).
47	Fuel gauge	Always heed the fuel gauge. Do not completely empty the diesel tank! Otherwise, the entire fuel system must be ventilated.
48	Engine	Green area: normal temperature. Stop the paver finisher (drive lever to the center position) when the needle is near or in the red area and let the engine cool down while idling. Determine the cause and correct it if necessary (see the section "Malfunctions").
49	rpm meter (O)	Indicates the engine speed in rpm. Use the engine speed adjuster to change the engine speed.
50	Fuse box I	For the fuse assignment, see chapter <b>F</b> .
51	Fuse box II	For the fuse assignment, see chapter <b>F</b> .

### 2.2 Special accessories

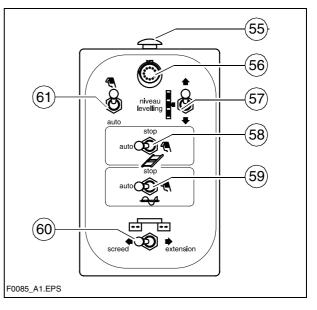
ß	The layout of the following elements may vary on the operating panel:j
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Pos.	Designation
	"Delayed screed stop" potentiometer Prevents the screed from lowering when using unstable material. You have between 3 - 30 seconds to set the period for which the screedistobeheldinitslast"STOPposition". Afterthis, it is released into its floating position.

#### 2.3 Remote control

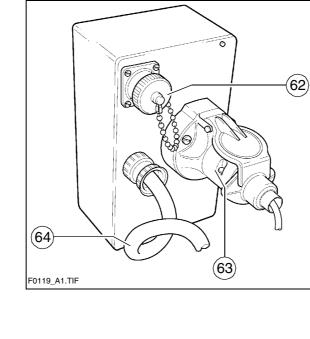
Two remote control units – to the left and to the right of the screed – allow the functions of the respective side of the paver finisher to be controlled.

- The housing is fixed to the side panel of the screed.



#### Front

Item	Designation	Brief description
55	Emergency stop button (O)	Function and application as with the emergency stop button (14) on the operating panel. Important for dangerous situations when the driver's "sight" is restricted.
56	Horn (⊖)	Function as for push-button (7) on the operating panel.
57	Levelling cylinder	<ul><li>Function and application as for switch (27) on the operating panel.</li><li>Switch (56) must be set to "manual".</li></ul>
58	Conveyor (○)	<ul><li>Function and application as for switch (17) on the operating panel.</li><li>The switches must be set to "auto".</li></ul>
59	Auger	<ul><li>Function and application as for switch (23) on the operating panel.</li><li>The switches must be set to "auto".</li></ul>
60	Extend/retract screed parts	Used to hydraulically extend or retract the extendable parts of the variable screed.
61	Automatic levelling system	<ul> <li>manual: Height adjustment possible with switch (57) (or switch (27) on the operating panel)</li> <li>auto: Automatic height adjustment by means of the grade control unit</li> </ul>



Item	Designation	Brief description
62	Socket for auto- matic levelling	Connect the cable for the grade control unit here.
63	Socket for auger limit switch	Connect the cable for the material limit switch here.
64	Cable for the remote control	Connect the plug to the screed (see operating instructions for the screed).

Rear

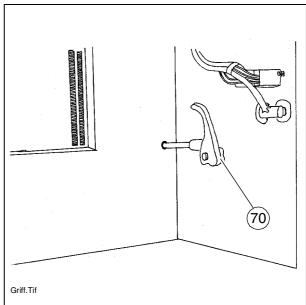
#### 2.4 Operating elements on the paver finisher

#### Engine hood (70)

To allow easy access for control and maintenance, the entire engine hood can be lifted up. To release the hood from the hood fastener pull the release lever (70) (located behind the hinged covers on RHside). Both hopper wings should be open.

Secure the hinged side cover with the respective support rods.

Open the engine hood only if the engine is stopped. Don't come into the cooler van or belt drive area if the engine is running. (See also engine instructions for safety.)



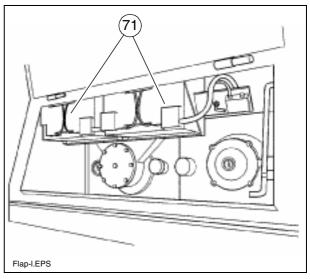


Don't touch the exhaust pipe when hot! Danger of burn!

#### Batteries (71)

The batteries of the 24 V system are located under the left maintenance flap.

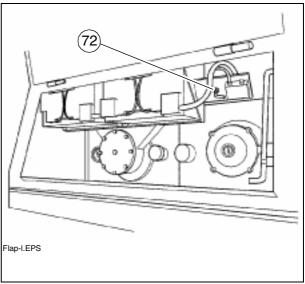
- For the specifications, refer to chapter B, "Technical Data". For servicing, see chapter F.
- Heed the instructions when starting the finisher externally. (see section "Starting the paver finisher, External starting (starting aid)")

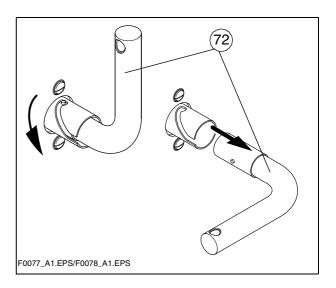


#### Battery main switch (72)

The main switch interrupting the circuit between the battery and the main fuse is located under the left maintenance flap.

- Secure the hinged maintenance flap with the respective support rods.
- For the assignment of all fuses, see chapter F, section 5.
  - For switching off, turn the key pin (72) to the left and pull it out.
- Do not lose the key pin as in this case the paver finisher can no longer be moved!





## Transport safeguards for the hopper (73)

Before parking or transporting the paver finisher, the hopper halves must be swung upwards and the transport safeguards for the hopper must be inserted.

Do not enter the hopper while the engine is running! Danger of being caught by the conveyor!

Without transport safeguards inserted, the hopper halves will slowly open; danger during transportation!

#### Mechanical screed transport safeguard (to the left and the right beneath the driver's seat) (74)

Used to protect the lifted screed from inadvertent lowering. The screed transport safeguard must be inserted before transportation and when work is finished.

Transportation with an unsecured screed bears the danger of accidents!

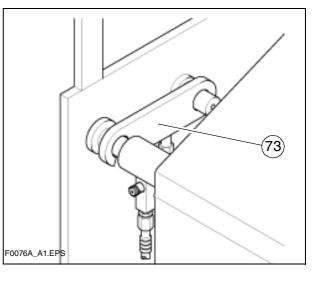
- Lift the screed.
- Actuate the levers.
- Check that the latches (to the left and to the right) engage in the crossbeams.

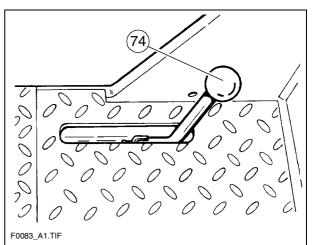


STOP

#### ATTENTION!

Insert screed lock only at crown adjustment "zero"! Screed lock only for transportation! Do not enter or work under screed only secured with screed lock for transportation! **Danger of accident!** 



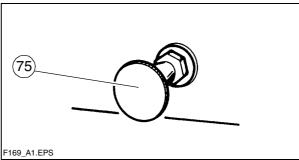


#### Seat lock (behind the driver's seat) (75)

Telescoping seats  $(\bigcirc)$  can be extended beyond the basic width of the paver finisher. They must be locked.



The seats must not protrude from the vehicle during transportation. Push the seats back to the basic width of the paver finisher!



- Pull out the locking button and move the seat; let the locking button engage again.



The driver's seat can move when the locking button is not engaged properly. Danger of accidents during transportation!

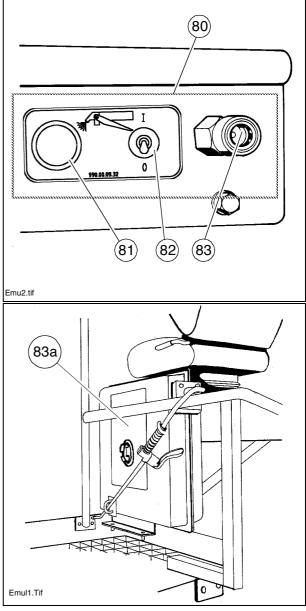
#### Separator fluid spraying system (80) $\odot$

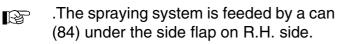
Usedtospraythepartscomingintocontact with a separator emulsion.

- The indicator lamp (81) lights up when the emulsion pump is running
- On/offswitch (82) for the emulsion pump
- Quick-release coupling (83) for hose connection
- Only switch on the spraying system when the diesel engine is running; otherwise, the battery will be discharged. Switch off after use.
- A permanent installed hose guide (83a) for the fluid spraying system is available as an option.

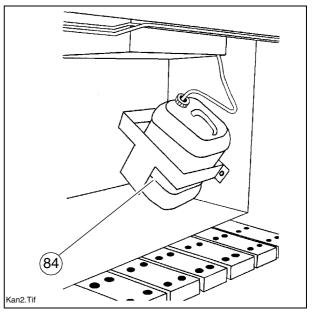
Pull hose out of the guide till there is an audible creak. The hose will engage in this position after discharging. The hose will be retracted automatic into the guide after pulling and discharging again.

Don't spray into open flame or on hot surface! Danger of explosion!





Refill the can only while standstill of the paver!



STOP

Further switch options for optional equipment features may be located on the central panel:

### On / off switch for additional headlight in the roof (85):

Actuate switch (a) to activate.

#### On/off switch for 230V sockets (85a)

If equipped with a 230V system, the sockets are actuated by means of switch (a). In the "I" switch position, the indicator lamp (b) lights up.

## On / off switch for fuel tank filler pump (85b)

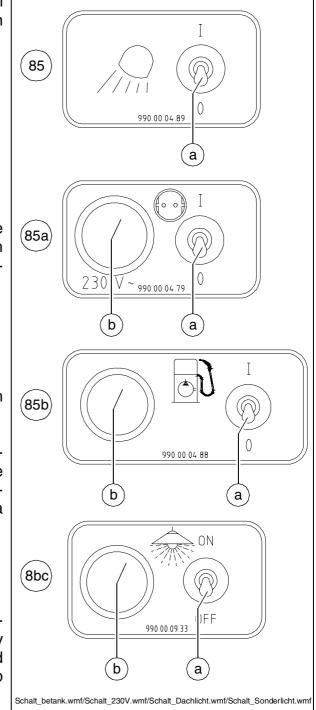
If the pump is actuated with the switch (a), the indicator lamp (b) lights up.

When fuelling, ensure that no fuel penetrates the earth. Switch off the engine and do not smoke. Do not fuel in enclosed spaces. Danger to health! Have a fire extinguisher ready.

#### On / off switch special lighting (85c)

If the machine is equipped with additional headlights, these are actuated by means of the switch (a). When switched to the "ON" position, the indicator lamp (b) lights up.

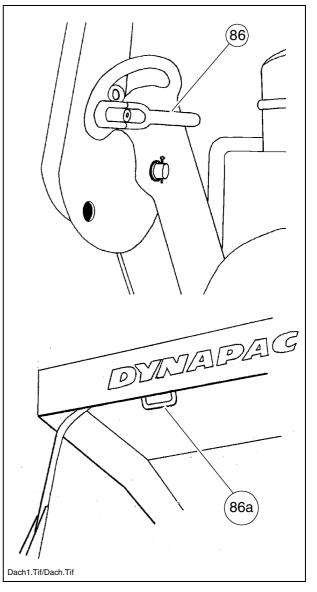
Switch the additional headlights and special lighting off when the engine is not running, as the battery is otherwise discharged!



# Locking of the collapsible roof (LH and RH on the roofs console) (86):

To lower the roof (for example during transport on a low bed trailer):

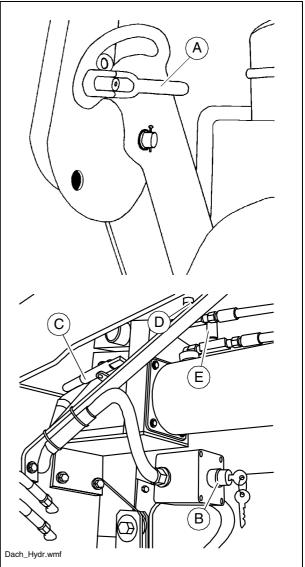
- Loose the twistlock (86)
- Draw the roof frame with the bow-type handle (86a) to the front
- Arrest the twistlock in the second lokking hole.



#### Hydraulic folding roof (87) (O)

The hydraulically folding roof is secured by means of a latch (A) at the rear suspension on the left and right sides of the machine. This must be released prior to lowering and raising. Once it has reached its terminal position, the roof must be secured with the latch again. The hydraulic unit and the key-operated switch (A) for actuating the folding roof hydraulic system are located on the left side of the paver finisher's rear panel.

- The roof can be raised and lowered without having to start the drive motor.
  - In order to lower the roof, turn the keyoperated switch (B) to the right until the roof has been lowered to its minimum level.
  - Danger of crushing! Ensure that nobody inserts their fingers or hands into the joint areas or are placed at risk by the lowering roof during the folding procedure.
    - In order to raise the roof again, turn the key-operated switch (B) to the left until the roof has been raised to its maximum height.



If it is necessary to raise the roof whilst the battery is discharged, a manual pump is available on the hydraulic unit.

- Actuate the pump lever (C) until the roof can be secured with the latch bolt (A) in its uppermost position.

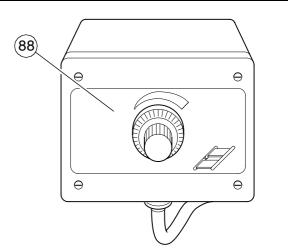
Two throttles are installed to adjust the raising and lowering speed:

- Throttle valve (D): Adjust roof raising speed.
   Turning the adjusting knob in the clockwise direction = lower speed.
   Turning anti-clockwise = higher speed.
- Throttle valve (E): Adjust roof lowering speed.
   Turning the adjusting knob in the clockwise direction = lower speed.
   Turning anti-clockwise = higher speed.

### Electrical adjustment of the conveyor performance (depending on the configuration) (88)

Used to adjust the conveyor performance – either by mechanical limit switches (see below) or by ultrasonic scanning (option).

- Position "0" on the scale matches the lowest conveying rate that can be set.

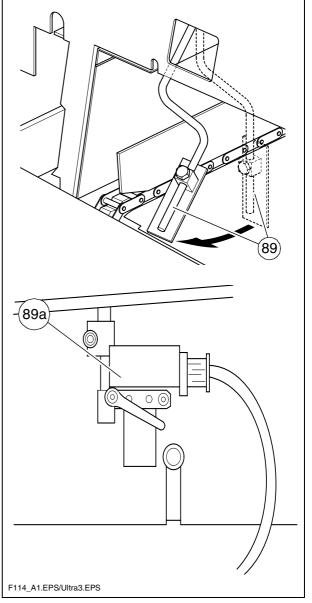


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## Conveyor limit switches:

The mechanical conveyor limit switches (89) or the ultrasonic conveyor limit switches (89a $\bigcirc$ ) control the material flow at the respective conveyor half. The conveyors should stop when the material has roughly reached the area below the auger tube.

This requires that the auger height has been adjusted correctly (see chapter E).



# Ultrasonic auger limit switches (90) (left and right)

The limit switches control the material flow at the respective auger half.

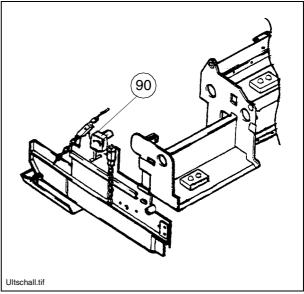
The ultrasonic sensor is mounted by means of an appropriate leverage to the side plate. Loose clamping lever for adjustment and modify angle / height of the sensor.

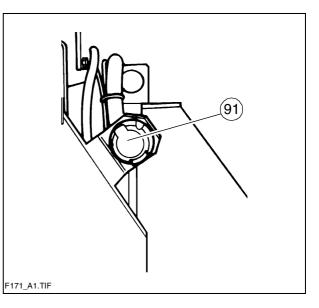
The cables must be connected to the remote control units located at the sides of the screed (socket (59)).

We recommend to adjust the limit switch positions while the material is distributed.

## Sockets for the remote control (left and right) (91)

Connect the cable (60) of each large remote control unit to socket (91).

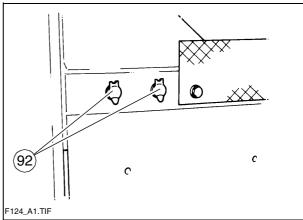




## Sockets for working lights (left and right) (92)

Connect the working lights (24 V) here.

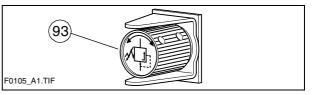
- Power is present when the main switch (72) is switched on.
- As an option, one socket can be used to provide power for an electrically heated seat.



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# Pressure control valve for screed charging/relieving (93) (O)

Used to adjust the pressure for additional charging/relieving of the screed.



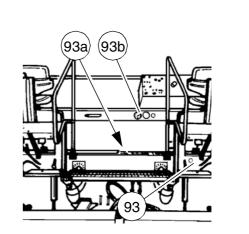
- See "screed charging/relieving device" (44).
- Pressure display: see manometer (93b).

## Pressure control valve for screed stop with pretensioning (93a)

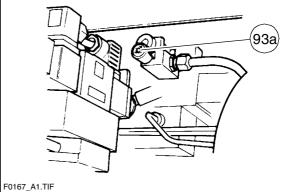
Thisvalveislocatedbeneaththeright-hand bottom flap of the operator's platform.

It is used to adjust the pressure for "screed stop with pretensioning".

- Activation: see "screed charging/relieving device" (44).
- Pressure display: see "manometer" (93b).



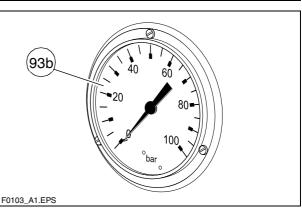
F0184\_A1.TIF



### Manometer for screed charging/relieving and screed stop with pretensioning (93b)

Displays the pressure for

 Screed stop with pretensioning screed stop with pretensioning when the drive lever (22) is set to the neutral position (pressure to be adjusted using valve (93a));



- Screed charging/relieving device when the drive lever (22) is in the third position (pressure to be adjusted using valve (93));

## 3 Operation

### 3.1 Preparing for operation

#### **Required devices and aids**

To avoid delays on site, check before starting work whether or not the following devices and aids are present:

- Wheel loader for transporting heavy extendable parts
- Diesel fuel
- Engine oil and hydraulic oil, lubricants
- Separating agents (emulsion) and manual injector
- Two filled propane gas bottles
- Shovel and broom
- Scraper (spatula) for cleaning the auger and the hopper infeed area
- Parts that may become necessary for extending the auger
- Parts that may become necessary for extending the screed
- Percentage spirit level and levelling rail, 4 m long
- Levelling wire
- Protective clothing, signal vest, gloves, ear protection

#### Before starting work

(in the morning or when starting paving)

- Heed the safety instructions.
- Check the personal protective equipment.
- Take an inspection walk around the paver finisher and check for leaks and damages.
- Install parts removed for transportation or for the night.
- When screed is operated with the optional gas heating system, open the closing values and the main shut-off valve.
- Perform the check according to the "Checklist for the machine operator" given below.

## Checklist for the machine operator

Check!	How?
Emergency stop button - on the operating panel - on both remote control units O	Push in the button. The diesel engine and all running drives must stop immediately.
Steering	The paver finisher must immediately fol- low every steering wheel movement in a precise manner. Check straight running.
Horn <ul> <li>on the operating panel</li> <li>on both remote control units O</li> </ul>	Briefly press the horn button. The horn must sound.
Lights	Switch on with the ignition key, walk around the paver finisher to check and switch off again.
Hazard warning lights of the screed (with vario screeds)	With the ignition switched on, press the switches for extending/retracting the screed parts. The rear lights must flash.
Gas heater system O: - Bottle holders - Bottle valves - Pressure reducer - Hose break safety devices - Shut-off valves of dual branch piping - Main shut-off valve - Connections - Indicator lamps of the switch box	Check: - Secure seat - Cleanliness and tightness - Working pressure 1.5 bar - Function - Function - Function - Tightness - All lamps must light up when the system is switched on

Check!	How?
Auger covers	For larger working widths, the walkway plates must be extended and the auger tunnels must be covered.
Screed covers and walkways	For larger working widths, the walkway plates must be extended. Hinged walkway plates must be swung down. Checkthatthe side shields, the side plates and the covers are securely seated.
Screed transport safeguard	When the screed is lifted, it must be possible to push the locking rods side- ways into the recesses in the cross- beams using the lever beneath the seat.
Hopper transport safeguard	When the hopper is closed, it must be pos- sible to fold the catches over the lock studs on the two halves of the hopper.
Protective roof	Both locking bolts must be in the pro- vided bore hole and secured by means of a split pin.
Miscellaneous: - Engine hood - Lateral flaps	Check that the hoods and flaps are securely seated.
Accessories: - Wedges - Warning triangle - First-aid kit	The accessories must be in the provided holders.

## Before starting the paver finisher

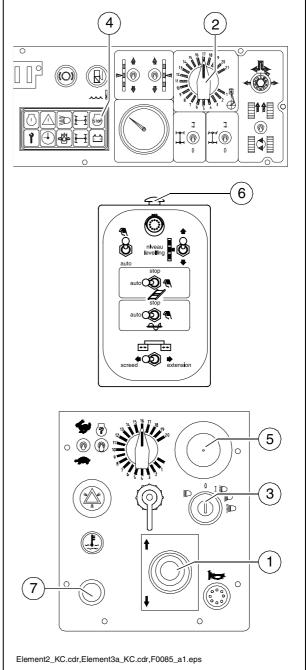
Before starting the diesel engine and beginning operation, the following steps must be performed:

- Daily maintenance of the paver finisher (see chapter F).
- Check the operating hour counter to determine whether or not additional maintenance work (such as monthly or yearly maintenance) must be performed.
  - Check the safety devices and protective devices.

### "Normal" starting

Set the drive lever (1) to the center position and the speed adjuster (2) to minimum.

- Insert the ignition key (3) in position "0". The lights should be switched off during starting to reduce the current drain on the battery.
- The machine cannot be started if the drive lever is not in its centre position or if the enginestopindicatorlamp(4)isilluminated (emergency-stop button (5) and/or (6) on remote control ( $\bigcirc$ ) is pressed, auger and/ or conveyor switch is activated).
  - Press the starter button (7) to start the engine. Do not let the starter run permanently for more than 20 seconds; allow for a break of 1 minute after every attempt!



### External starting (starting aid)

The engine can be started with the help of an external power source if the batteries are empty and the starter no longer turns.

Suitable power sources are:

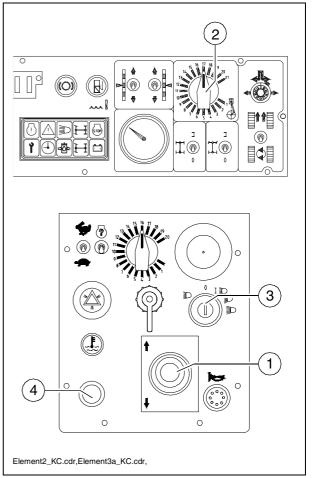
- Other vehicles with a 24 V system
- Additional 24-V-battery
- Start device that is suitable for external starting (24 V/90 A).
- Standard chargers or quick chargers cannot be used for external starting.

To externally start the engine:

- Set the drive lever (1) to the center position and the speed adjuster (2) to minimum.
- Insert the ignition key (3) in position "0" to switch on the ignition.
- Use appropriate cables to connect the external power source.

Observe the polarity! Always connect the negative cable last and disconnect it first!

- Press the starter button (4) to start the engine. Do not let the starter run permanently for more than 20 seconds; allow for a break of 1minute after every attempt!

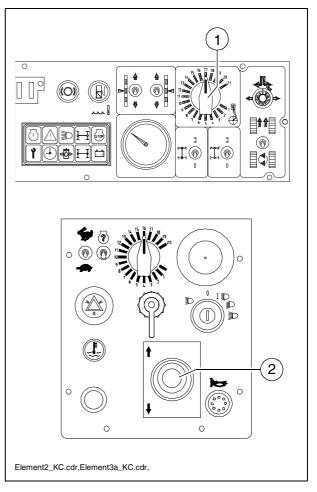


/!\

## After starting

To increase the engine speed:

- Set up engine speed adjuster (1) to medium speed.
- Set the drive lever (2) to position 1 (slightly off the center position).
- Let the paver finisher warm up for ca. 5 minutes if the engine is cold.



#### **Indicator lamps**

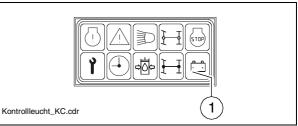
The following indicator lamps must be observed under all circumstances:

For further possible faults, refer to the operating instructions for the engine.

#### Battery charge indicator (1)

Must go out when the engine revs up after the start.

Briefly rev up the engine when the lamp doesnotgooutorlightsupduringoperation. Switch off the engine and determine the cause for the malfunction if the lamp does not go out.



For further possible malfunctions, refer to the section "Malfunctions".

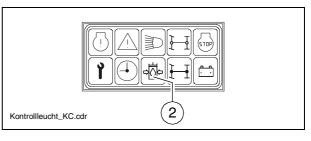
Oil pressure indicator lamp for the traction drive (2)

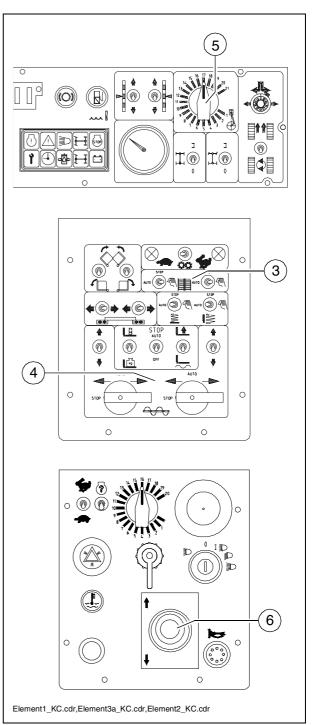
- Must go out after starting.
- If the lamp does not go out: Do not switch on the traction drive! Otherwise, the entire hydraulic system could be damaged.

When the hydraulic oil is cold:

- Set the conveyor switch (3) to "manual" and the auger switch (4) to "manual" (arrow).
- Set the speed adjuster (5) to medium speed and tilt the drive lever (6) until conveyor and the auger start operating.
- Let the hydraulics warm up until the indicator lamp goes out.
- The lamp goes out when the pressure drops below 2.8 bar = 40 psi.

For further possible malfunctions, refer to the section "Malfunctions".





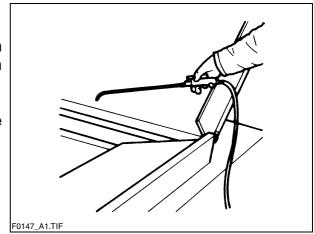
## 3.3 Preparations for paving

#### Separating agent

Spray the parts coming into contact with asphalt (hopper, screed, auger, push roller) with a separator emulsion.



Do not use diesel fuel as it dissolves the bitumen (prohibited in Germany!).



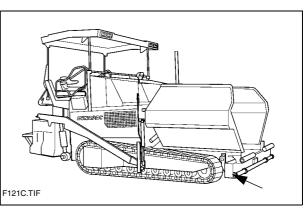
#### **Screed heater**

Switch on the screed heater ca. 15–30 minutes (depending on the ambient temperature) before paving begins. Warming up prevents the material from sticking to the screed plates.

#### **Direction marks**

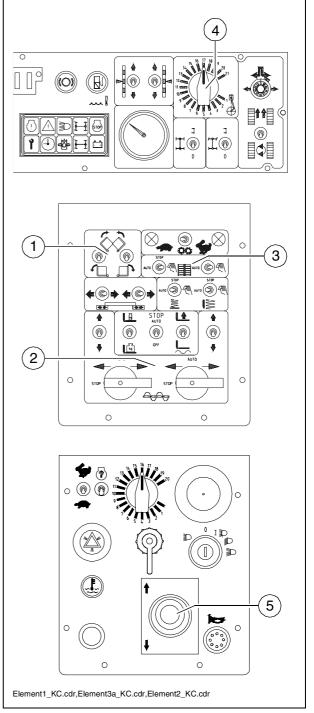
To ensure straight paving, a direction mark must be present or established (road edge, chalk lines or similar).

- Slide the operating panel to the desired side and secure it.
- Pull the direction indicator out of the bumper(arrow)andadjustitaccordingly.



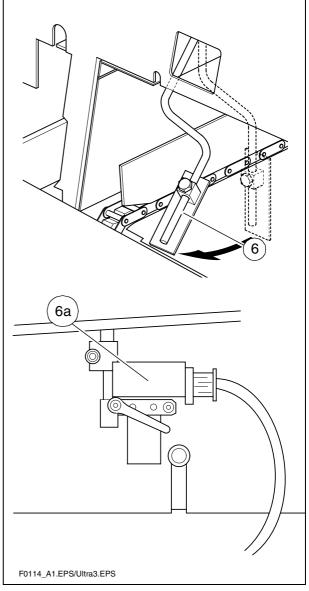
## Loading/distributing material

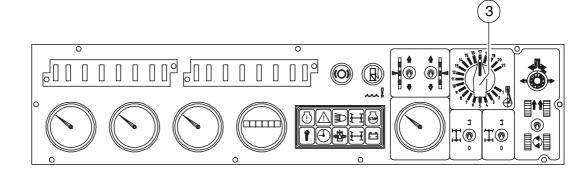
- Use switch (1) to open the hopper. Instruct the truck driver to dump the material.
- Set the switches for the auger (2) and the conveyor (3) to "auto".
- Set the switches for the auger and the conveyor on the remote controls (if applicable) to "auto".
- Set the engine speed controller (4) to marking "10". Push the drive lever (5) into the second position (ca. half the maximum engine speed).

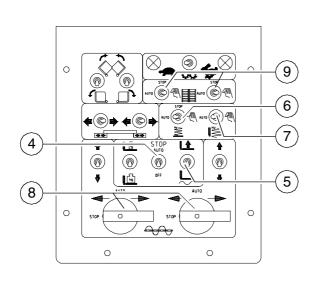


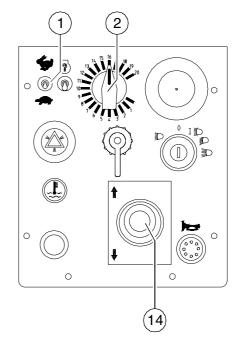
- Switch the conveyors on.
  The limit switches for the conveyors (6) or (6a<sup>O</sup>) must switch off when the material has reached the area beneath the auger crossbeam.
- Check that the material is conveyed properly.

Manually switch on or off the conveyor if the material is not conveyed properly until a sufficient amount of material lies in front of the screed.



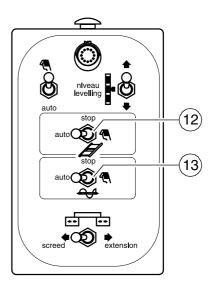












Element1\_KC.cdr, Element2\_KC.cdr, Element3\_KC.cdr, Tamprev.cdr, Vibrev.cdr, F0085\_a1.eps

Set the switches, levers and controls listed below to the specified positions when the screed has reached its operating temperature and a sufficient amount of material lies in front of the screed:

Item	Switch	Position
1	Traction drive speed - fast/slow	slow ("Tortoise")
2	Traction drive preselector	Mark 6 - 7
3	Engine speed (O)	Maximum
4	Screed stop	auto
5	Screed position	Floating position
6	Vibration ( $\bigcirc$ )	auto
7	Tamper (O)	auto
8	Auger left/right	auto
9	Conveyor left/right	auto
10	Speed regulator, tamper	ca. mark 10
11	Speed control, vibration	ca. mark 10
12	Conveyor (O)	auto
13	Auger	auto

- Push the drive lever (14) all the way to the front and start driving.
- Observe the distribution of the material and adjust the limit switches if necessary.
- Set the compacting elements (tamper and/or vibration) according to the required compaction ratio.
- Let the paving master check the layer thickness after 5–6 meters and correct if necessary.

Carry out the check in the area of the drive chains or wheels as the screed tends to level an uneven ground. The reference points for the layer thickness are the drive chains or wheels.

The basic setting of the screed must be corrected when the actual layer thickness deviates significantly from the values indicated by the scales (see the operating instructions for the screed).

The basic setting is for asphalt material.

## 3.5 Checks during paving

The following points must be constantly observed during paving:

#### **Paver function**

- Screed heater
- Tamper and vibration
- Engine oil and hydraulic oil temperature
- The screed parts must be retracted and extended in time when obstacles are in the way
- Uniform material transport and distribution or supply to the screed; may require corrections to settings of the material switches for conveyor and auger.

See the section "Malfunctions" when paver functions fail.

### Quality of the layer

- Layer thickness
- Slope
- Evenness in the driving direction and at right angles to it (check with 4 m levelling rod)
- Surface structure/texture behind the screed.

See section 4 "Malfunctions, Problems during Paving" if the paving quality is poor.

## 3.6 Paving with screed stop and screed charging/relieving

#### General

The screed hydraulics can be influenced in two ways to attain optimum paving results:

- Screed stop with and without pretensioning with the paver finisher halted,
- Screed charging or relieving with the paver finisher driving.

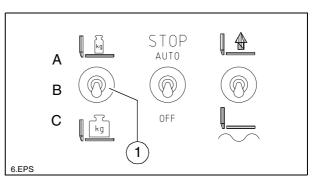
Relieving reduces the screed weight and increases the traction force. Charging increases the screed weight, reduces the traction force, but increases the compaction ratio. (To be used with light-weight screeds in exceptional cases.)

#### Screed charging/relieving

This function charges or relieves the - screed regardless of its own dead weight.

Switch (1) has the following positions:

- A: Relief (screed 'lighter')
- B: No function
- C: Charge (screed 'heavier')



Switch positions "Screed charging/relieving" are only effective when the paver finisher moves. When the paver finisher stops, "screed stop" is automatically selected.

### Screed stop

The "screed stop" function is used to block the screed hydraulics to prevent the screed from lowering when the paver finisher stops during paving.

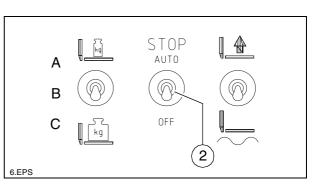
Switch (2) has the following positions:

- A: Automatic screed stop when the drive lever is in the center position
- B: Screed stop always switched on
- C: Switched off

Use position (C) for setting up the paver finisher and position (A) for paving.



Position (B) is not sufficient as a safeguard during transport or maintenance work! In such a case, the screed transport safeguard must be inserted.



#### Screed stop with pretensioning

As for charging/relieving, a pressure of 2-50 bar can be individually applied to the screed lifting cylinders. This pressure can neutralize the weight of the screed to prevent the screed from sinking into the freshly laid material, thus supporting the screed stop function, especially in those situation where the screed relieving function is used.

The pressure to be applied depends on the load-bearing capacity of the material. If necessary, the pressure must be readjusted or changed as required during the first stops until the lower edge of the screed no longer leaves any marks when the finisher moves on again.

A pressure greater than 10-15 bar neutralizes the screed weight, thus preventing the screed from sinking into the material.

When combining the "screed stop" and "screed relieving" functions, make sure that the pressure difference between the two functions does not exceed 10-15 bar.

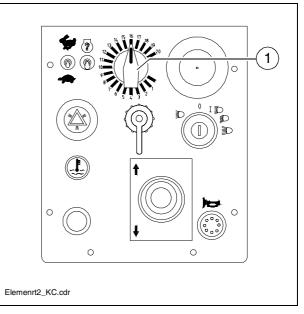
Especially in those cases where the "screed relieving" function is only briefly used as a start-up aid, there is a danger of uncontrolled floating when starting up again.

Do not use the "screed stop with pretensioning" function while paving with the "screed stop" function.

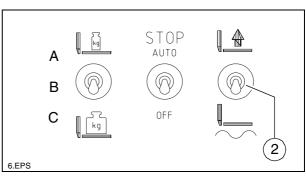
#### Adjusting the pressure

Pressure adjustments can only be made while the diesel engine is running. Therefore:

Start the diesel engine and set the traction controller (1) to zero.



- Set switch (2) to "Floating position".

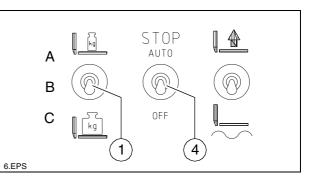


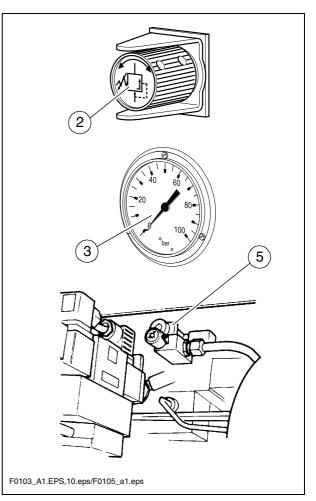
# Adjusting the pressure for screed charging/relieving

- Set the drive lever to the third catch from the center position.
- Set switch (1) to position (A) (relieving) or (C) (charging).
- Use control pressure regulating valve
   (2) to adjust the pressure and read it
   from the manometer (3).
- When screed charging/relieving is necessary and automatic levelling is used (grade control and/or slope control), the compacting performance changes (layer thickness).
- The pressure can also be set or corrected during paving. (Max. 50 bar)

## Adjusting the pressure for screed stop with pretensioning ( $\bigcirc$ )

- Set the drive lever to the center position.
- Set switch (4) to position **C** and switch (1) to position **A**.
- Adjust the pressure using control valve (5) (below the bottom plate of the operator's platform); the current pressure can be read at the manometer (3). (Basic setting: 20 bar)





## 3.7 Interrupting/terminating operation

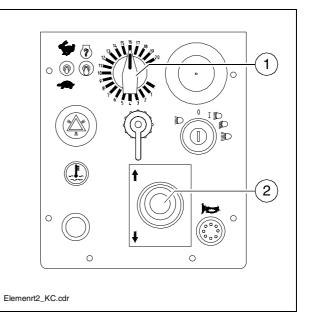
**During breaks** (e.g. delays caused by material trucks)

- Determine the approximate duration.
- When cooling down of the material below the minimum paving temperature must be expected, run the paver finisher empty and create an edge like the end of a layer.
- Set the drive lever (1) to the center position.

#### **During longer breaks**

(e.g. lunch break)

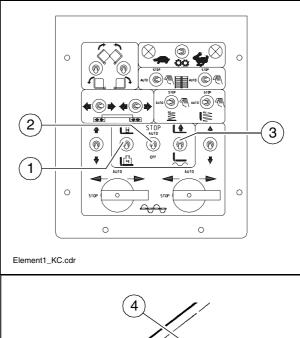
- Set the drive lever (1) to the center position and the speed adjuster (2) to minimum.
- Switch off the ignition.
- Switch off screed heater (system).
- When screed is operated with the optional gas heating system, close the valves of the bottles.
- The screed must be heated up to the correct paving temperature before paving my be restarted.

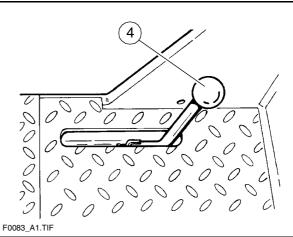


### When work is finished

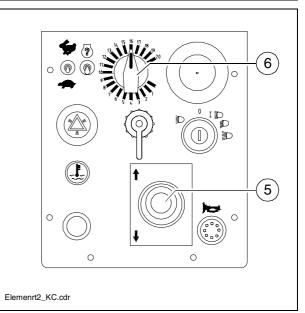
- Run the paver finisher empty and stop it.
- Lift the screed: set switch (1) to the center position, switch (2) to the top position and switch (3) to "lifting".
- Retract the screed parts to the basic screed width and lift the auger. Where applicable, completely extend the levelling cylinders.

- Insert the mechanic screed transport safeguard (4).
  - While operating the tampers at a low speed, let any material residues drop out.

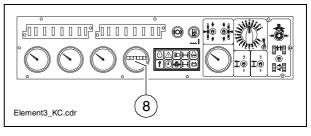




- Set the drive lever (5) to the center position and the speed adjuster (6) to minimum.
- Switch off the ignition.
- Switch off screed heater (system).
- When screed is operated with the optional gas heating system, close the main shut-off valves and the valves of the bottles
- Remove the levelling units and stow them away in the boxes; close all flaps.
- Remove all parts that extend beyond the paver finisher contour or secure them if the paver finisher is to be transported over public roads on a low-bed trailer.



- Read and check the operating hour meter (8) to determine whether maintenance work must be performed (see chapter F).
- Cover and lock the operating panel.
- Remove material residues from the screed and the paver finisher and spray all parts with separator fluid.

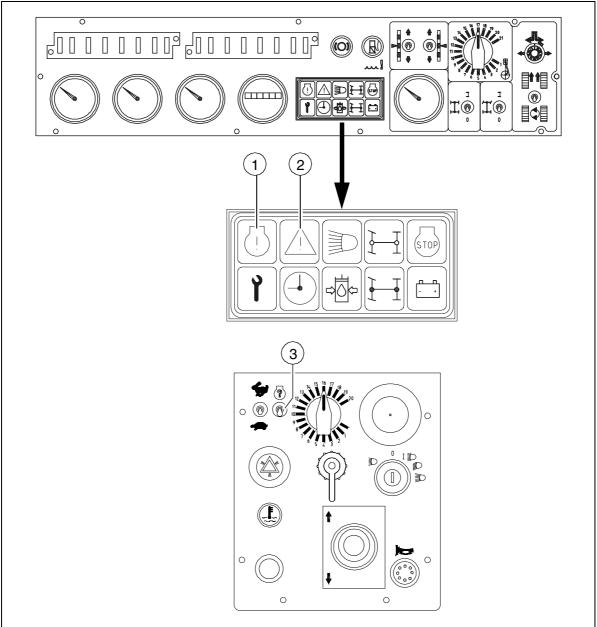


## 4 Malfunctions

## 4.1 Error code interrogation for engine

If an error found on the engine has been signalled by one of the warning lamps (1) or (2), a code, which is assigned to a defined error, can be displayed using the interrogation switch (3).

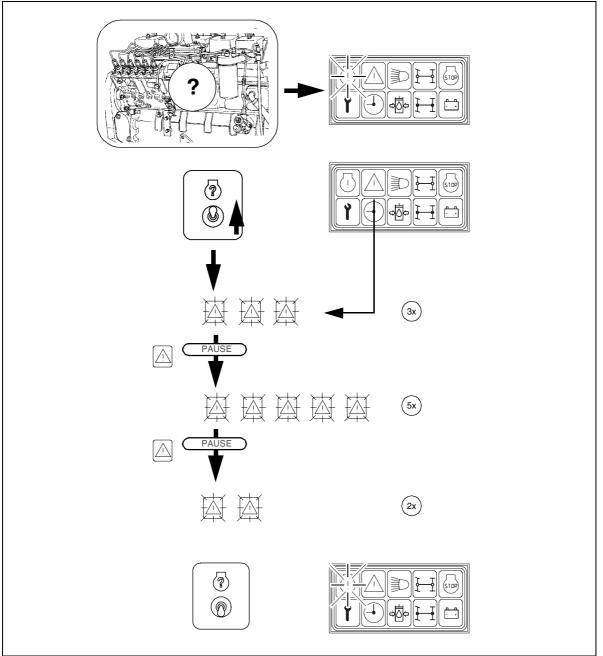
The flash code is always output by the second warning lamp. If an error is displayed in the warning lamp (1), this is output via warning lamp (2) and vice versa.



## Output of numerical code

- Press switch (3) into display position until the three-digit code has been output via the warning lamp. While the switch for error interrogation is activated, the warning lamp which initially signalled the error goes out.

## Example:



Flash sequence: 3-Pause-5-Pause-2. Error code: 352

If the output switch is held in its upper position, the code is output again.

If the switch for error interrogation returns to its 0-position, the warning lamp which signalled the error lights up again. This remains lit up until the corresponding error and/or malfunction has been rectified.

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If several errors have occurred at the same time, the various flash codes are displayed one after another when the output switch is activated.

Inform the After-Sales Service for your paver finisher of the error numbers displayed and they will discuss the next course of action with you.

## Fault codes

Fault Code Lamp	PID(P) SID(S) FMI	SPN(S) FMI	Reason	Effect
111* YELLOW	S254 12	629 12	ECM internal hardware error.	Possible no effect or engine may run rough or not start.
115* YELLOW	P190 2	190 2	No engine speed or position sig- nal detected at pin 17 of the engine harness.	Engine power derate. Possible white smoke.
122 YELLOW	P102 3	102 3	High voltage detected at the boost pressure sensor signal pin 45 of the engine harness.	Engine will derate to no-boost fueling.
123 YELLOW	P102 4	102 4	Low voltage detected at boost pressure sensor signal pin 45 of the engine harness.	Engine will derate to no-boost fueling.
131 YELLOW	P091 3	091 3	High voltage detected at throttle position signal pin 30 of the OEM harness.	Engine idles when idle validation switch indicates idle and ramps up to a default set speed when the idle validation switch indicates off-idle.
132 YELLOW	P091 4	091 4	Low voltage detected at throttle position signal pin 30 of the OEM harness.	Engine idles when idle validation switch indicates idle and ramps up to a default set speed when the idle validation switch indicates off-idle.
133 YELLOW	P029 3	029 3	High voltage detected at remote throttle position signal pin 9 of the OEM harness.	Engine will not respond to remote throttle input.
134 YELLOW	P029 4	029 4	Low voltage detected at remote throttle position signal pin 9 of the OEM harness.	Engine will not respond to remote throttle input.
135 YELLOW	P100 3	100 3	High voltage detected at oil pressure signal pin 33 of the engine harness.	Default value used for oil pressure. No engine protection for oil pres- sure.
141 YELLOW	P100 4	100 4	Low voltage detected at oil pres- sure signal pin 33 of the engine harness.	Default value used for oil pressure. No engine protection for oil pres- sure.
143 YELLOW	P100 1	100 1	Oil pressure signal indicates oil pressure below the low mini- mum engine protection limit.	Power derate and possible engine shutdown if engine protection shut- down feature enabled.
144 YELLOW	P110 3	110 3	High voltage detected at cool- ant temperature signal pin 23 of the engine harness.	Default value used for coolant tem- perature. No engine protection for coolant temperature.

Fault Code Lamp	PID(P) SID(S) FMI	SPN(S) FMI	Reason	Effect
145 YELLOW	P110 4	110 4	Low voltage detected at coolant temperature signal pin 23 of the engine harness.	Default value used for coolant tem- perature. No engine protection for coolant temperature.
146 YELLOW	P110 0	110 0	Coolant temperature signal indi- cates coolant temperature has exceeded the minimum engine protection limit.	Power derate and possible engine shutdown if engine protection shut- down feature is enabled.
151 RED	P110 0	110 0	Coolant temperature signal indi- cates coolant temperature has exceeded the maximum engine protection limit.	Speed derate and possible engine shutdown if engine protection shut- down feature is enabled.
153 YELLOW	P105 3	105 3	High voltage detected at intake manifold temperature signal pin 34 of the engine harness.	Default value used for intake mani- fold temperature. No engine protection for intake manifold temperature.
154 YELLOW	P105 4	105 4	Low voltage detected at intake manifold temperature signal pin 34 of the engine harness.	Default value used for intake mani- fold temperature. No engine protection for intake manifold temperature.
155 RED	P105 0	105 0	Intake manifold temperature sig- nal indicates intake manifold temperature is above the maxi- mum engine protection limit.	Speed derate and possible engine shutdown if engine protection shut- down feature is enabled.
191	P050 11	876 11	A/C Clutch drive signal indicates a short to ground when com- manded on.	Can not turn on A/C.
234 RED	P190 0	190 0	Engine speed signal indicates engine speed has exceeded the overspeed limit.	Fuel to injectors disabled until engine speed falls below the over- speed limit.
235 MAINT.	P111 1	111 1	Coolant level signal at pin 37 of the engine harness indicates coolant level is low.	Power derate and possible engine shutdown if engine shutdown fea- ture is enabled.
241 YELLOW	P084 2	084 2	Vehicle speed signal on pins 8 and 18 of the OEM harness has been lost.	Engine speed limited to "Max. Engine Speed without VSS". Cruise control, gear-down protection and the road speed governor will not work. Trip information data that is based on mileage will be incorrect.
242 YELLOW	P084 10	084 10	Invalid or inappropriate vehicle speed signal indicated on pins 8 and 18 of the OEM harness indi- cating connection or possible tampering.	Engine speed limited to "Max. Engine Speed without VSS". Cruise control, gear-down protection and the road speed governor will not work. Trip information data that is based on mileage will be incorrect.
243 NONE	P121 4	513 4	Error detected in the exhaust brake relay enable control circuit at pin 42 of the engine harness.	Exhaust brake will not work.

Fault Code Lamp	PID(P) SID(S) FMI	SPN(S) FMI	Reason	Effect
245 NONE	S033 4	647 4	Error detected in the fan clutch relay enable circuit at pin 31 of the engine harness.	Electronic control module (ECM) can not control the engine cooling fan. Fan will remain on or off.
261* YELLOW	P174 0	174 0	VP44 Fuel Pump Control Mod- ule indicates the fuel tempera- ture has exceeded the pump protection limit.	Power derate.
264 YELLOW	P174 2	174 2	High or low voltage detected at the fuel temperature sensor sig- nal circuit inside VP44 pump controller.	Default value used for fuel tempera- ture. Possible low power.
278* YELLOW	P073 11	1075 11	Error detected in lift pump circuit at pin 11 of the engine harness.	Possible low power, engine may die, run rough or be difficult to start.
283 YELLOW	P021 3	636 3	High voltage detected at main engine speed/position sensor voltage supply pin 8 of the engine harness.	ECM will use the VP44 pump speed as a backup. Possible white smoke and power loss.
284 YELLOW	P021 4	636 4	Low voltage detected at main engine speed/position sensor voltage supply pin 8 of the engine harness.	ECM will use the VP44 pump speed as a backup. Possible white smoke and power loss.
297 YELLOW	P223 3	1084 3	High voltage detected at OEM pressure signal pin 48 of the OEM harness.	Default value used for OEM pres- sure. Lose ability to control OEM pres- sure.
298 YELLOW	P223 4	1084 4	Low voltage detected at OEM pressure signal pin 48 of the OEM harness.	Default value used for OEM pres- sure. Lose ability to control OEM pres- sure.
319 MAINT.	P251 2	251 2	Power to the real time clock has been interrupted and is setting is no longer valid.	Time stamp in ECM powerdown data will be incorrect.
349 YELLOW	P191 0	191 0	Auxiliary device speed signal on pins 8 and 18 of the OEM har- ness is out of range of the ECM thresholds.	Lose ability to control speed of the Auxiliary device.
352 YELLOW	S232 4	620 4	Low voltage detected at engine position sensor +5 VDC supply pin 10 of the engine harness.	Default value used for sensors con- nected to this +5 VDC supply. Engine will power derate to no- boost fueling and loss of engine protection for oil pressure, intake manifold pressure, and ambient air pressure.
361 RED	S251 3	251 3	High current detected at the VP44 fuel pump control valve.	Fueling to the injectors disabled and engine is shut down.
362 YELLOW	S251 4	251 4	Low or no voltage detected at the VP44 fuel pump control valve.	Engine will lose power and may shut down.

Fault Code Lamp	PID(P) SID(S) FMI	SPN(S) FMI	Reason	Effect
363 YELLOW	S251 7	251 7	No fuel control valve movement detected by the VP44 fuel pump controller.	Engine power loss.
364* YELLOW	S233 9	1077 9	No communications or invalid data transfer rate detected on data link between ECM and VP44 fuel pump controller at pin 4 and 13 of the engine harness.	Engine will run at a backup mode set speed when throttle is off-idle.
365 YELLOW	S233 4	1077 4	Low voltage detected at VP44 fuel pump controller supply voltage circuit.	Engine may lose power and may shut down.
366 YELLOW	S233 2	1077 2	VP44 fuel pump controller bat- tery voltage measurement is outside the range between 6 and 24 VDC.	Engine will lose power and may shut down.
367 RED	P190 11	1078 11	VP44 fuel pump speed/position sensor signal lost.	Fueling to injectors disabled and engine will shut down.
368 YELLOW	S254 8	1078 8	The VP44 fuel pump controller can not achieve the timing value being commanded by the engine ECM.	Significant engine power loss.
369 YELLOW	P190 2	1078 2	VP44 fuel pump controller does not detect engine position pulse at pin 7 of the engine harness.	Significant engine power loss. Possible white smoke.
372* YELLOW	S233 11	1077 11	VP44 fuel pump controller detects continuous voltage at idle select pin 16 of the engine harness OR fuel pump con- troller detects an open circuit or short circuit to ground at idle select pin 16 of the engine har- ness.	If communication is lost between the ECM and VP44 fuel pump con- troller, engine will only operate at a speed slightly higher than idle, regardless of throttle position.
373 RED	S233 3	1077 3	High voltage detected at VP44 fuel shut off signal pin 6 of the engine harness.	Fueling to injectors is disabled and engine will shut down.
374* YELLOW	S233 12	1077 12	VP44 fuel pump controller has detected an internal error.	Response will vary from some power loss to the engine shutting down.
375 YELLOW	S254 2	629 2	Engine ECM is commanding a fueling or timing value that the VP44 pump can not achieve.	Possible no effect or engine may exhibit some power loss.
376* RED	S233 13	1077 13	No calibration in the VP44 fuel pump controller.	Fueling to injectors disabled and engine will shut down.
377 YELLOW	S233 7	1077 7	VP44 fuel pump controller is not powering down when key switch power is removed from the ECM.	Equipment batteries may be drained low during long shutdown periods.

Fault Code Lamp	PID(P) SID(S) FMI	SPN(S) FMI	Reason	Effect
381* YELLOW	S237 11	626 11	Error detected in cold start aid relay 1 enable circuit at pin 41 of the OEM harness.	Intake air heater can not be fully energised by the ECM. Possible white smoke and/or hard starting.
382* YELLOW	S237 11	626 11	Error detected in cold start aid relay 2 enable circuit at pin 31 of the OEM harness.	Intake air heater can not be fully energised by the ECM. Possible white smoke and/or hard starting.
385 YELLOW	S232 3	620 3	High voltage detected at OEM harness sensor +5 VDC supply pin 10 of the engine harness.	Sensors connected to this +5 VDC supply (i.e., remote throttle position sensor) will not function.
386 YELLOW	S232 3	620 3	High voltage detected at the engine position sensor +5 VDC supply pin 10 of the engine har- ness.	Default value used for sensors con- nected to this +5 VDC supply. Engine will derate to no-boost fueling and loss of engine protec- tion for oil pressure, intake manifold temperature, and coolant tempera- ture.
387 YELLOW	P091 3	91 3	High voltage detected at the throttle position sensor +5 VDC supply pin 29 of the OEM har- ness.	Engine idles when idle validation switch indicates idle and ramps up to a default set speed when idle val- idation switch indicates off-idle.
391 YELLOW	S017 11	632 11	Error detected in VP44 power supply relay enable circuit at pin 43 of the engine harness.	Possible no effect on performance or engine may not run.
415 RED	P100 1	100 1	Oil pressure signal indicates oil pressure below the very low engine protection limit.	Speed derate and possible engine shutdown if engine protection shut- down feature enabled.
418 WIF	P097 0	097 0	Water-in-fuel signal indicates the water in the fuel filter needs to be drained.	Excessive water in the fuel can lead to severe fuel system damage.
422 YELLOW	P111 2	111 2	Voltage detected simultane- ously on both the coolant level high and low signal pins 27 and 37 of the engine harness OR no voltage detected on either pin. (Fault is active for Switch type coolant level sensors only).	No engine protection for coolant level.
429 YELLOW	P097 4	097 4	Low voltage detected at water- in-fuel signal pin 40 of the OEM harness.	No water-in-fuel protection.
431 YELLOW	P091 2	091 2	Idle validation signals on pins 25 and 26 of the OEM harness indi- cate voltage detected simultane- ously on both pins (Open Circuit).	No effect on performance, but loss of idle validation.

Fault Code Lamp	PID(P) SID(S) FMI	SPN(S) FMI	Reason	Effect
432 YELLOW	P091 13	091 13	Idle validation signal at pin 26 of the OEM harness indicates the throttle is at the idle position when the throttle position signal at pin 30 of the OEM harness indicates the throttle is not at the idle position OR idle valida- tion signal at pin 26 of the OEM harness indicates the throttle is not at the idle position when the throttle position signal at pin 30 of the OEM harness indicates the throttle is at the idle position.	Engine will only idle.
433 YELLOW	P102 2	102 2	Boost pressure signal indicates boost pressure is high when other engine parameters (i.e., speed and load) indicate boost pressure should be low.	Possible overfueling during acceler- ation. Increase in black smoke.
434* YELLOW	S251 2	627 2	Supply voltage to the ECM fell below 6.0 VDC for a fraction of a second OR the ECM was not allowed to power down cor- rectly (retain battery voltage for 30 seconds after key OFF).	Possible no noticeable performance effects OR engine dying OR hard starting. Fault information, trip information, and maintenance monitor data may be inaccurate.
441 YELLOW	P168 1	168 1	Voltage detected at ECM power supply pins 38, 39, and 40 of the engine harness indicates ECM supply voltage fell below 6 VDC.	Engine will die or run rough.
442 YELLOW	P168 0	168 0	Voltage detected at ECM power supply pins 38, 39, and 40 of the engine harness indicates the ECM supply voltage is above the maximum system voltage level.	None on performance.
443 YELLOW	S232 1	620 1	Low voltage detected at throttle position sensor +5 VDC supply pin 29 of the OEM harness.	Engine idles when idle validation switch indicates idle and ramps up to a default set speed when idle val- idation switch indicates off-idle.
444 YELLOW	S232 1	620 1	Low voltage detected at OEM harness sensor +5 VDC supply pin 10 of the OEM harness.	Sensors connected to this +5 VDC supply (i.e., remote throttle position sensor) will not function.
488 YELLOW	P105 0	105 0	Intake manifold air temperature signal indicates intake manifold air temperature is above the minimum engine protection threshold.	Power derate and possible engine shutdown if engine protection shut- down feature is enabled.
489 YELLOW	P191 1	191 1	Auxiliary device speed signal on pins 8 and 18 of the OEM har- ness is out of range of the ECM threshold.	Lose ability to control the speed of the auxiliary device.

Fault Code Lamp	PID(P) SID(S) FMI	SPN(S) FMI	Reason	Effect
515 YELLOW	P091 3	091 3	High voltage detected at the coolant level +5 VDC sensor supply voltage pin 49 of the engine harness.	No engine protection for coolant level.
516 YELLOW	P091 4	091 4	Low voltage detected at the coolant level +5 VDC sensor supply voltage pin 49 of the engine harness.	No engine protection for coolant level.
517 YELLOW	S251 12	1076 12	A mechanically stuck fuel control valve has been detected by the VP44 fuel pump controller.	Engine may shut down.
524 YELLOW	P113 2	113 2	Error detected on the High Speed Governor Droop selec- tion switch input pin 24 of the engine harness.	Operator can not select alternate HSG Droop. Normal droop is used.
527* YELLOW	P154 3	702 3	Error detected in the Dual Out- put Driver "A" circuit pin 5 of the OEM harness.	The device controlled by the Dual Output Driver "A" signal will not function properly.
528 YELLOW	P093 2	093 2	Error detected on the Torque Curve Selection switch input pin 39 of the OEM harness.	Operator can not select alternate torque curves. Normal torque curve is used.
529* YELLOW	S051 3	703 3	Error detected in the Dual Out- put Driver "B" circuit pin 21 of the engine harness.	The device controlled by the Dual Output Driver "B" signal will not function properly.
551 YELLOW	P091 4	091 4	Idle validation signals on pins 25 and 26 of the OEM harness indi- cate no voltage on either pin.	Engine will only idle.
599 RED	S025 14	640 14	The dual output feature in the customer specialised calibration has initiated an engine shut- down based on operating condi- tions, engine sensor values, or OEM inputs to the ECM.	Engine will shut down.
611*	S151 0	1020 0	ECM detected the engine has initiated a protection shutdown or has been keyed-off while above a specified load limit.	No effect.
768 YELLOW	S009 11	923 11	Error detected in the Output Device Driver (Transmission Shift Modulation Signal) signal pin 21 on the OEM harness.	Can not control the Transmission.

Problem	Cause
Wavy surface ("short waves")	<ul> <li>change in the material temperature, demixing</li> <li>wrong material composition</li> <li>incorrect operation of the roller</li> <li>incorrectly prepared foundation</li> <li>long standstill times between loads</li> <li>grade control reference line is not suitable</li> <li>grade control jumps to the reference line</li> <li>grade control toggles between up and down (inertia setting is too high)</li> <li>bottom plates of the screed are loose</li> <li>bottom plates of the screed are warped or not uniformly worn</li> <li>screed is not operated in the float position</li> <li>too much play in the mechanical screed link/suspension</li> <li>finisher speed is too high</li> <li>augers are overloaded</li> <li>changing material pressure against the screed</li> </ul>
Wavy surface ("long waves")	<ul> <li>change in the material temperature</li> <li>demixing</li> <li>roller has stopped on the hot material</li> <li>roller has turned or roller speed has been changed too fast</li> <li>incorrect operation of the roller</li> <li>incorrectly prepared foundation</li> <li>truck brake is applied too tight</li> <li>long standstill times between loads</li> <li>grade control reference line is not suitable</li> <li>incorrect installation of the grade control</li> <li>limit switch is not correctly set</li> <li>screed has not been switched to the floating position</li> <li>too much play in the mechanical screed link</li> <li>auger is set too deep</li> <li>auger is overloaded</li> <li>changing material pressure against the screed</li> </ul>
Cracks in the layer (overtheentirewidth)	<ul> <li>material temperature is too low</li> <li>change in the material temperature</li> <li>moisture on the foundation</li> <li>demixing</li> <li>wrong material composition</li> <li>wrong layer height for maximum grain size</li> <li>cold screed</li> <li>bottom plates of the screed are worn or warped</li> <li>finisher speed is too high</li> </ul>

Problem	Cause
Cracks in the layer (center strip)	<ul> <li>temperature of the material</li> <li>cold screed</li> <li>bottom plates are worn or warped</li> <li>wrong crowning</li> </ul>
Cracks in the layer (outer strip)	<ul> <li>temperature of the material</li> <li>screed extendable parts are incorrectly installed</li> <li>limit switch is not correctly set</li> <li>cold screed</li> <li>bottom plates are worn or warped</li> <li>paver finisher speed is too high</li> </ul>
Layer composition is not uniform	<ul> <li>material temperature</li> <li>change in the material temperature</li> <li>moisture on the foundation</li> <li>demixing</li> <li>wrong material composition</li> <li>incorrectly prepared foundation</li> <li>wrong layer height for maximum grain size</li> <li>long standstill times between loads</li> <li>vibration is too slow</li> <li>screed extendable parts are incorrectly installed</li> <li>cold screed</li> <li>bottom plates are worn or warped</li> <li>screed is not operated in the float position</li> <li>finisher speed is too high</li> <li>auger is overloaded</li> <li>changing material pressure against the screed</li> </ul>
Marks in the surface	<ul> <li>truck hits too much against the finisher while aligning to the finisher</li> <li>too much play in the mechanical screed link/suspension</li> <li>truck brake is applied</li> <li>vibration is too high while standing on a spot</li> </ul>
Screeddoesnotreact to corrective meas- ures as expected	<ul> <li>material temperature</li> <li>change in the material temperature</li> <li>wrong layer height for maximum grain size</li> <li>incorrect installation of the grade control</li> <li>vibration is too slow</li> <li>screed is not operated in the float position</li> <li>too much play in the mechanical screed link</li> <li>finisher speed is too high</li> </ul>

## 4.3 Malfunctions on the paver finisher or screed

Malfunction	Cause	Remedy
At the diesel engine	Diverse	See operating instructions for the engine
Diesel engine does not start	Batteries empty	See "External starting" (start assistance)
	Diverse	See "Towing"
Tamper or vibration does not operate	Tamper is obstructed by cold bitumen	Properly heat the screed
	Hydraulic oil level in the tank is too low	Top up the oil
	Pressure limiting valve is defective	Replace the valve; if necessary, repair and adjust the valve
	Leak in the suction line of the pump	Seal or replace the connections
		Tighten or replace the hose clamps
	Oil filter is soiled	Clean the filter; if necessary, replace the filter
Conveyor or augers run too slowly	Hydraulic oil level in the tank is too low	Top up the oil
	Power supply interrupted	Check fuses and cables; replace if necessary
	Switch is defective	Replace the switch
	One of the pressure limit- ing valves is defective	Repair or exchange the valves
	Pump shaft broken	Replace the pump
	Limit switch does not switch or regulate correctly	Check the switch; replace and adjust the switch if necessary
	Pump is defective	Check the high pressure filter for dirt particles; replace if necessary
	Oil filter is soiled	Replace the filter
Hopper cannot be swung open	Engine speed is too low	Increase the speed
	Hydraulic oil level is too low	Top up the oil
	Leak in the suction line	Tighten the connections
	Flowrateregulatordefective	Replace
	Leaking seals of the hydraulic cylinder	Replace
	Control valve defective	Replace
	Power supply is interrupted	Check fuses and cables; replace if necessary
Malfunction	Cause	Remedy
Hoppers lowers inad- vertently	Control valve defective	Replace
	Leaking seals of the hydrau- lic cylinder	Replace

Screed cannot be lifted	Oil pressure too low	Increase the oil pressure
	Leaking seal	Replace
	Screed relieving or charging is switched on	Switch must be in the center position
	Power supply interrupted	Check fuses and cables; replace if necessary
Crossbeams cannot be lifted or lowered	Switch on the remote con- trol is set to "auto"	Set the switch to "manual"
	Power supply interrupted	Check fuses and cables; replace if necessary
	Switch on the operating panel defective	Replace
	Excess pressure valve defective	Replace
	Flow rate regulator defective	Replace
	Seals defective	Replace
Crossbeams lower inadvertently	Control valves defective	Replace
	Pilot-controlled non-return valves defective	Replace
	Seals defective	Replace
Tractiondoesnotwork	Traction drive fuse defective	Replace (Fuse holder on the operating panel)
	Power supply interrupted	Check potentiometer, cables, connectors; replace if necessary
	Traction drive monitoring (type-specific) defective	Replace
	Electro-hydraulic servo unit of the pump defective	Replace the servo unit
		Check and adjust if necessary
	Insufficient supply pressure	Check the suction filter; replace the supply pump and the filter if necessary
	Drive shaft of hydraulic pump or engine broken	Replace pump or engine
Irregular engine speed, engine stop function does not work	Fuel level too low	Check the fuel level; refill fuel if necessary
	Fuse "engine speed con- trol" defective	Replace (fuse strip on the operating panel)
	Defective power supply cables (cables broken or short-circuited)	Check potentiometer, cables, connectors; replace if necessary.

# 4.4 Emergency device/steering, drive system

In case of a male function in the electronic drive system it is possible to override the system by an emergency device. This emergency device is included in the tool set of every crawler machine.

To install the emergency device all plugs of the drive pump servo valves have to be replaced by the plugs of the emergency device. (short screw driver is necessary.) The cable shoe is connected to power supply of 24 Volts and the cable eye is con-

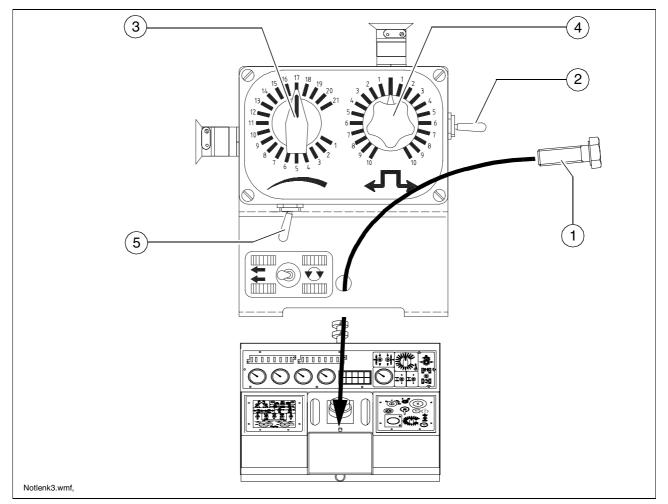
nected to ground.

The plug of the hydraulic brake valve is replaced by the corresponding plug of the emergency device.

The current power supply is connected as above.

The steering unit has to be mounted onto the operator desk.

To connect the plugs follow to the wiring diagram on page 69.



Following functions are located in the steering unit:

Pos.	Designation
1	Mounting screws for holder plate
2	Switch for preselection of the zero position and forward reverse movement
3	Adjustment knob for speed control (Replace speed preselector)
4	Steering knob
5	Switch to turn the paver on the spot

# Function

If the emergency device is connected all functions like engine speed, conveyor, auger, tamper and vibration have to be controlled by the forward reverse lever.

# Starting up for laying

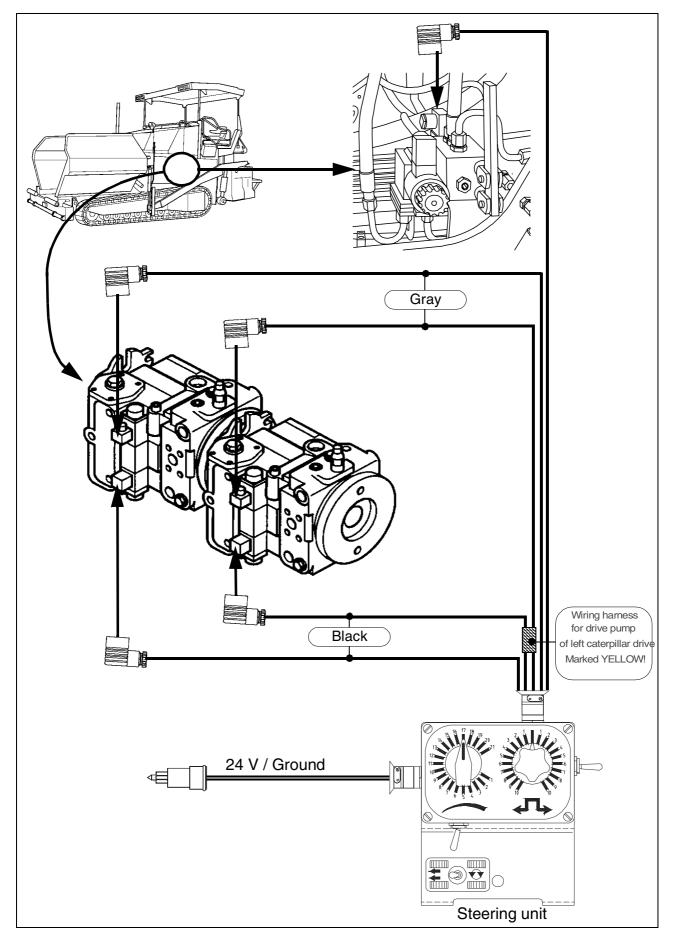
- Preselect the speed with turning knob (3)
- Push switch (2) in forward direction
- Engage forward reverse lever like under normal conditions
- All other functions (4, 5) have to be in the position described in the instruction manual (Operation)

# Transport

- Adjust turning knob (3) to a low speed
- Push switch (2) to the recommended direction and engage the forward reverse lever to forward direction.
- If the recommended direction is reverse push switch (2) in reverse, but still the forward reverse lever should be moved to forward direction
- Adjust the driving speed with turning knob (3)
- All other functions have to be in the position described in the instruction manual (Operation)



When starting the engine, switch (2) must be in the zero position since the machine would otherwise move off straightaway! Risk of accident!



# E Set-up and modification

# 1 Special notes on safety

STOP

Danger to personnel by inadvertent starting of the engine, the traction drive, the conveyor, the auger, the screed or the lifting units. Unless specified otherwise, work may only be performed when the engine is at a standstill!

- To protect the paver finisher against inadvertent starting: Set the drive lever to the center position and set the preselector to zero; if applicable, remove the drive traction fuse from the operating panel; pull out the ignition key and the battery main switch.
- Secure lifted machine parts (e.g. screed or hopper) against lowering by means of mechanical supports.
- Replace parts or have them replaced as stipulated.



When connecting or disconnecting hydraulic hoses and when working on the hydraulic system, hot hydraulic fluid can spurt out at a high pressure. Switch off the engine and de-pressurize the hydraulic system! Protect your eyes!

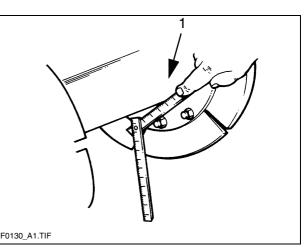
- Mount all protective devices before re-commissioning the paver finisher.
- The walking platform must always reach over the entire width of the screed. The hinged walkway (option for all variable screeds) may only be swung up under the following circumstances:
- When paving next to a wall or a similar obstacle.
- During transportation on a low-bed trailer.

# 2 Auger

# 2.1 Height adjustment

Depending on the mix of materials, when working with layer thicknesses of up to 15 cm, the height of the distribution auger (1) – measured from its bottom edge – should be around 5 cm (2 inches) above the material layer thickness (depending on its mix of materials).

Example: Layer height 10 cm Adjustment: 15 cm from the ground



An incorrect height adjustment can result in the following problems:

- Auger too high:

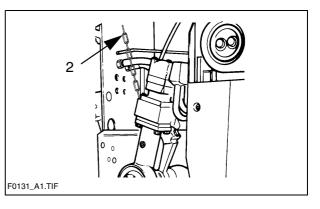
Too much material in front of the screed; material overflow. When operating with larger widths, demixing and traction problems may occur.

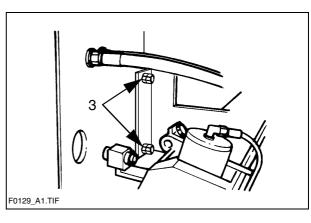
- Auger too low:

Not enough material that can be precompacted by the auger. Irregularities resulting from this cannot be completely compensated for by the screed (wavy surface). In addition, an increased wear on the auger segments occurs.

# 2.2 Auger crossbeam installed in a fixed position

- Lower the screed onto a suitable support (e.g. squared timbers).
- Completely extend both levelling cylinders.
- Hook lifting chains (2) for lifting the auger crossbeam into the hooks of the crossbeams.
- Loosen the fixing screws (3) of the auger crossbeam.
- Retract the levelling cylinders until the auger crossbeam has reached the desired height.
- Tighten the fixing screws (3) of the auger crossbeam.



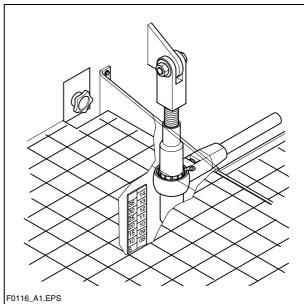


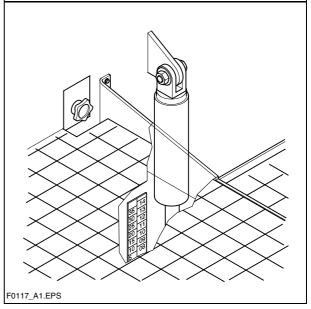
# 2.3 Mechanical adjustment with ratchet (option)

- Set the ratchet direction lever to clockwise or anticlockwise direction. Turning anticlockwise lowers the auger, turning clockwise lifts the auger.
- Set the desired height by alternatingly adjusting the right-hand and the left-hand side.
- The current height can be read from the scale in cm or inches (cm = left-hand column, inches = right-hand column).

# 2.4 Hydraulic adjustment (option)

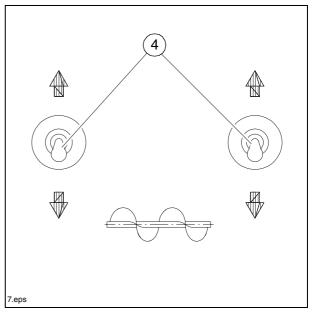
- Determine the currently set height of the auger crossbeam (left and right) by means of the scale.
- Push or pull the switches (4) on the operating panel to retract or extend the hydraulic cylinders.





Actuate both switches simultaneously to avoid warping of the auger crossbeam.

- Check whether the heights on the left and on the right are identical.



#### 2.5 Auger extension

Depending on the type of screed, the most diversified working widths can be reached.

- Auger and screed extension must match. See the operating instructions of the appropriate screed, chapter "Set-up and modification", especially:
  - Screed extension chart,
  - Auger extension chart.

To attain the desired working width, the respective screed extensions, side plates, augers, tunnel plates or cut-off shoes must be mounted.

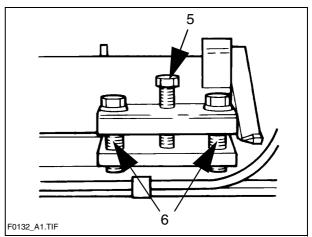
For widths of more than 3.00 m, the auger should be fitted with extension parts on both sides to improve material distribution and to reduce the wear.



The diesel engine must be switched off whenever work is performed on the auger. Danger of injuries!

# 2.6 Mounting extension parts

- Loosen the clamping screws (6) on the support tube. Then turn in the center expanding screw (5) to expand the clamping joint.

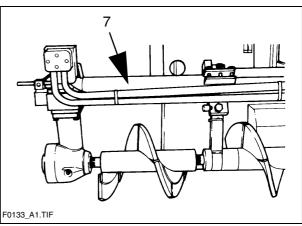


- Pull the telescopic tube out of the support tube (7).
- Observe the guide groove of the spline!



Make sure that the shaft end is clean! Slide in the telescopic tube.

- Slide in the telescopic tube. When doing so, make sure that the drive of the auger gear is slid all the way over the shaft end of the auger extension part and that the threads of the augers match.



- Remove the expansion screw (5). Then tighten the clamping screws (6). Finally tighten the expansion screw by hand.
- Before the clamping screws (6) can be tightened again, the expansion screw (5) must be sufficiently turned back!

Otherwise, the telescopic tube cannot be safely clamped and the splined shaft ends break.



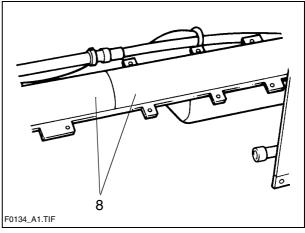
When clamped insufficiently, the telescopic tube can slide out of the support tube. Danger of accidents during transportation!

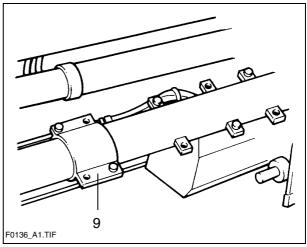
# 2.7 Mounting support tube extensions

If the working width exceeds 7.50 m, an auger crossbeam extension must be mounted.

The support tube extension of the auger crossbeam consists of two halves (8) and is attached to the existing support tube by usingatotalof5screws.Afterthetwohalves have been screwed to the support tube, they also must be linked to each other by means of screwed connections.

Clamping of the telescopic tube occurs by tightening the screwed connections (9) linking the support tube extension.



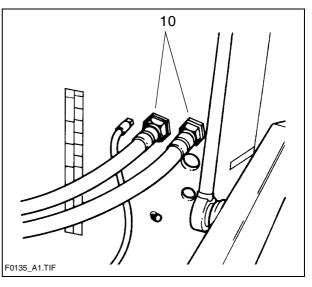


If the working width exceeds 7.50 m the hydraulic hoses (10) for the auger motors must be replaced with longer ones. These long hoses are included in the scope of delivery for this working width.

When connecting or disconnecting hydraulic hoses, hydraulic fluid can spurt out at a high pressure. Switch off the finisher and de-pressurize

the hydraulic circuit! Protect your eyes!

When installing the hoses, make sure that the area around the connections is clean. Any dirt that enters the hydraulic system can cause malfunctions.



# 2.8 Installing tunnel plates

To ensure an optimum material flow – especially in the case of large paving widths – so-called tunnel plates (11) must be installed.

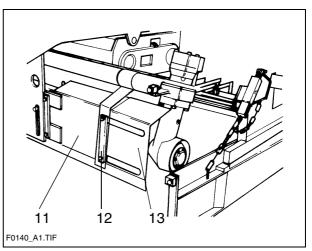
They are located directly in front of the auger distributor and – in conjunction with the auger – are an ideal system for conveying the material.

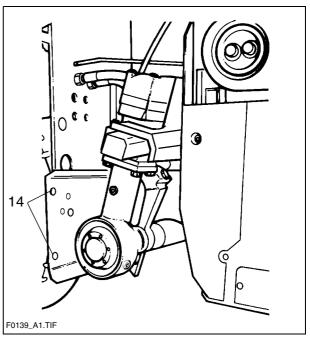
When operating with widths of more than 3.90 m, two or more combined tunnel plates (13) must be used. In this case, additional stabilizing supports (12) must be attached to the telescopic tube.

The tunnel plates must be directly screwed to the receptacles provided for this purpose (14); they are located on the auger frame sides and can thus be adjusted in height.

Refer to the auger extension chart to determinewhichpartsoftheconveyorsystem are required for the desired paving width.

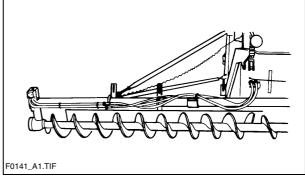
The auger extension chart is contained in the operating instructions for the respective screed.





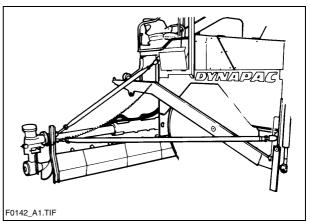
# 2.9 Installing additional braces

When operating with width of more than 7.25 m the augers must be provided with an additional support.



To do so, attach two braces on both the left-hand and the right-hand side, between the tunnel plate support and the bracket provided on the finisher.

The braces are included in the scope of delivery for this working width.



#### 3 Screed

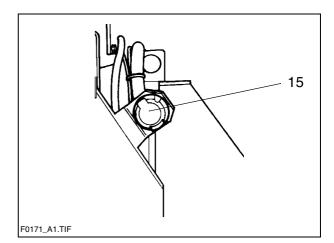
The operating instructions for the screed cover all work required for mounting, setting up and extending the screed.

#### 4 Electrical connections

Establish the following connections when the mechanical components have been mounted and set up:

#### 4.1 Remote controls

to socket (15) (on the screed).

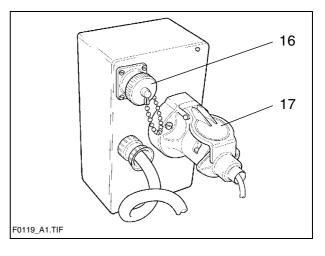


# 4.2 Grade control

to socket (16) (on the remote control unit)

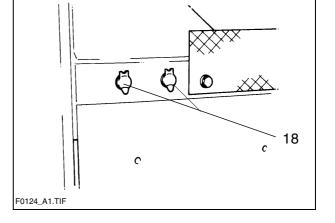
# 4.3 Auger limit switch

to socket (17) (on the remote control unit)



# 4.4 Working lights

to sockets (18) (on the paver finisher).



# F Maintenance

# 1 Notes regarding safety



Maintenance work: Maintenance work may only be carried out when the engine is at a standstill.

Secure the paver finisher and the attachments against inadvertent starting before beginning any maintenance work:

- Set the drive lever to the center position and the speed preselector to zero.
- Remove the traction drive fuse from the operating panel.
- Remove the ignition key and the battery main switch.



Lifting and jacking up: Secure lifted machine parts (e.g. screed or hopper) against lowering by means of mechanical supports.

**Spare parts:** Use only approved parts and install them according to the specifications! If in doubt, contact the manufacturer!



 $\bigwedge$ 

**Re-commissioning:** Mount all protective devices before re-commissioning the paver finisher.

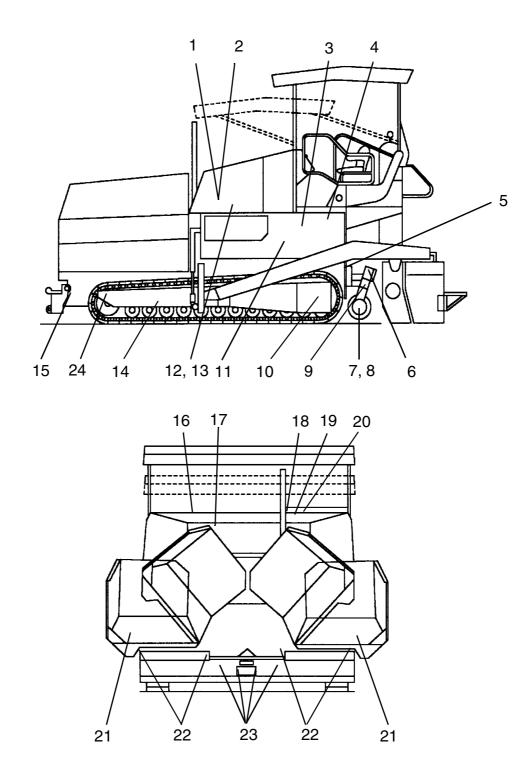


**Cleaning:** Cleaning must not be carried out while the engine is running. Do not use any inflammable substances (such as petrol). Avoid directly cleaning electrical parts and insulation material with a steam jet; cover them up beforehand.



**Working in closed environments:** Exhaust fumes must be led into the open. Propane gas bottles must not be stored in closed rooms.

- In addition to these Maintenance Instructions, the Maintenance Instructions of the engine manufacturer must always also be observed. All other maintenance work and intervals noted in these instructions are also binding.
- Information on how to maintain the optional equipment can be found in last section of this chapter!

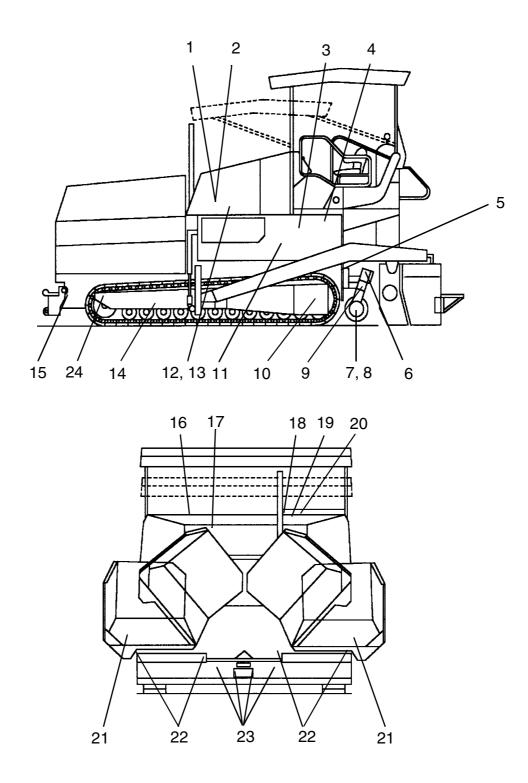


F121Cb.Tif/F121Cc.Tif

# 2.1 Daily (or every 10 operating hours)

ltem	Maintenance point	Number	Lubrication	Check	Oil change	Filling volumes	Substance
2	Air filter	1		x			
3	High pressure hydraulic filter	5		x			
5	Conveyor - center bearing	1	x			Grease	10 strokes
6	Auger - outer bearing	2	x			Grease	5 strokes
12	Diesel engine - oil level	1		x		Engine oil	see "Filling volumes"
14	Chain tension - conveyor	2		x		Grease	
15	Conveyor deflection roller	2	x			Grease	5 strokes
16	Fuel tank - filling level	1		x		Fuel tank	see "Filling volumes"
17	Fuel filter (drain water separator)	1		x			
20	Hydraulicoilreservoir-filling level	1		x		Hydraulic oil	see "Filling volumes"
23	Chain tension - conveyor	2		x			
	General security check (see section 3.1)						
	Security check						

Check the oil level twice a day during the run-in period of the diesel engine! When work has been performed on the hydraulic system: check all filters after 20 operating hours and replace them where applicable!



F121Cb.Tif/F121Cc.Tif

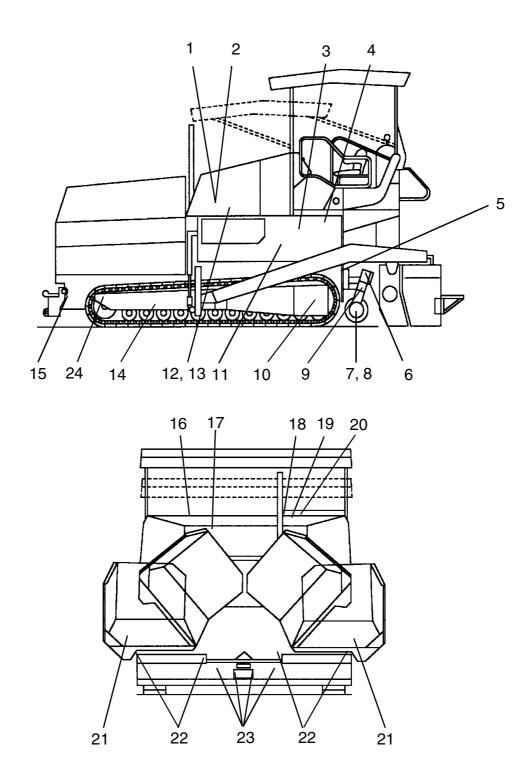
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# 2.2 Weekly (or every 50 operating hours)

Item	Maintenance point	Number	Lubrication	Check	Oil change	Filling volumes	Substance
4	Conveyor gear	2		x		Gear oil 220	see "Filling volumes"
8	Auger bevel gear	2		x		Gear oil 90	see "Filling volumes"
11	Pump distribution gear	1		x		Gear oil 90	see "Filling volumes"
21	Steel hopper flaps (option)	2	x			Grease	2 strokes
22	Push rollers	4	х			Grease	5 strokes

# 2.3 Every 250 operating hours

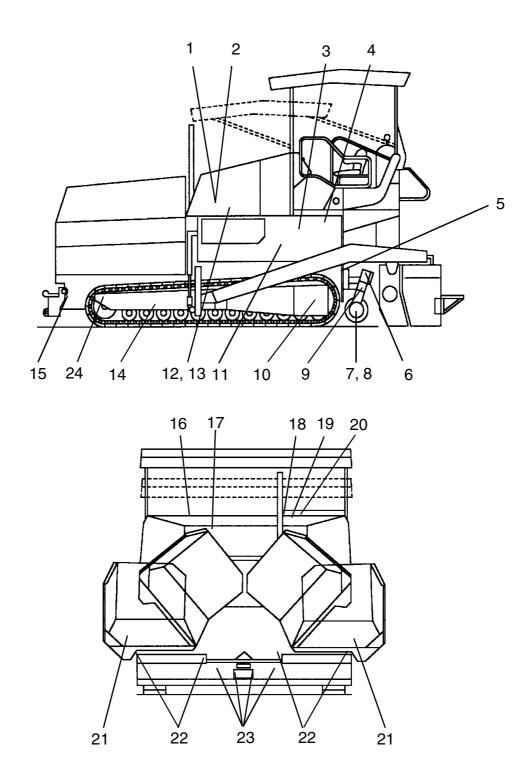
ltem	Maintenance point	Number	Lubrication	Check	Oil change	Filling volumes	Substance
1	Drive belt	1		x			
7	Auger - center bearing	1	х			Grease	5 strokes
13	Water cooler – water level	1		x		Cooling fluid	
19	Batteries: - Acid level - Terminals and cables	2		x		Distilled water	



F121Cb.Tif/F121Cc.Tif

# 2.4 Every 500 operating hours

ltem	Maintenance point	Number	Replace	Check	Oil change	Filling volumes	Substance
12	Diesel engine: - Oil change - Filter change	1		x	x	Engine oil	see "Filling volumes"
13	Water cooler – anti-freeze agent	1		x		Cooling fluid	
17	Fuel filter	1	x				
24	Guide for crawlers	2	х			Grease	5 strokes

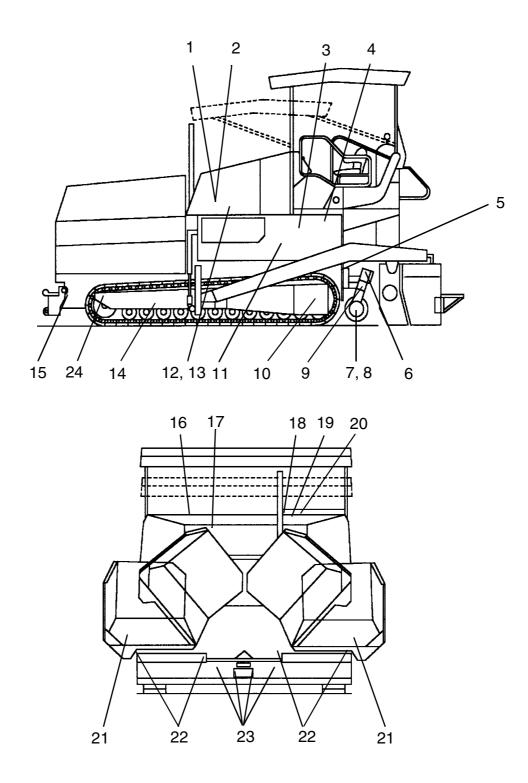


F121Cb.Tif/F121Cc.Tif

# 2.5 Yearly (or every 1000 operating hours)

ltem	Maintenance point	Number	Lubrication	Check	Oil change	Replace	Filling volumes	Substan ce	
1	Drive belt	1				x			
4	Conveyor gear	2		x	x		Gear oil 220	see "Filling volmes"	
8	Auger bevel gear	2		x	x		Gear oil 90	see "Filling volmes"	
9	Auger, gear neck bearing	2	x				Grease	5 strokes	
10	Caterpillar drive - plane- tary gear *	2		x	x		Gear oil 220	see "Filling volmes"	
11	Pump distribution gear	1		x	x		Gear oil 90	see "Filling volmes"	
	Have finisher, screed and optional gas or electric sys- tem checked by a specialist –refertoChapter2, "Safety"			x					
	Check screw connections, particularly on driven wheels, mounting points and hydraulic system and tighten if necessary. Hydraulic screw connections only if leaky.								

\*) First oil change after 1000 hours, then every 1500 hours.

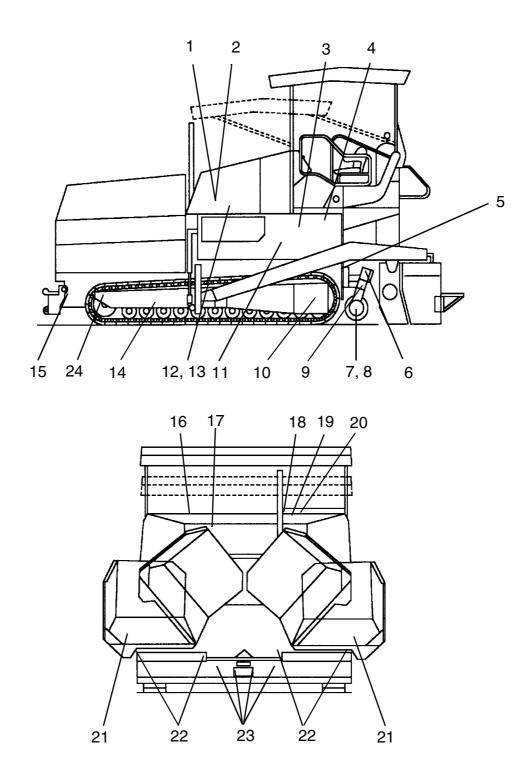


F121Cb.Tif/F121Cc.Tif

# 2.6 Every 2 years (or every 2000 operating hours)

Item	Maintenance point	Number	Replace	Check	Oil change	Filling volumes	Substance
13	Water cooler and entire cooling system	1		x		Cooling fluid	see "Filling volumes"
16	Fuel tank and system	1		х			
18	Suction/return hydraulic filter *	2	x				
20	Hydraulic oil reservoir - entire filling	1		x	x	Hydraulic oil	see "Filling volumes"
	Engine suspensions			х			

\*) Only use filters with a mesh size of 10  $\mu$  = 0.01 mm!



F121Cb.Tif/F121Cc.Tif

The points for checking, lubricating and draining of oil are described in detail below. The item numbers given in the headers refer to the illustration above.

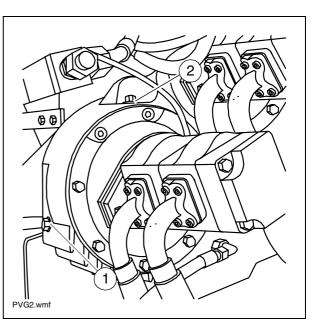
# Pump distribution gear (11)

# Checking the oil level:

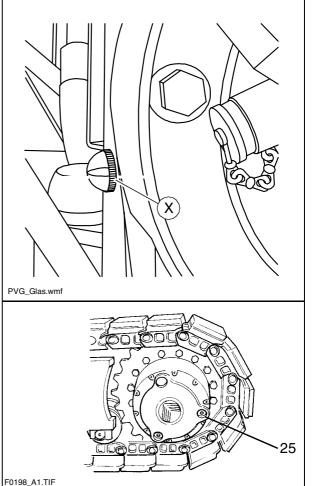
The checking screw (1) serves to check the oil level.

Once the screw has been unscrewed, a little oil should escape. If this is not the case, top oil up via the filler plug (2).

Ensure cleanliness!



If an inspection glass (X) is at the pump distribution gear instead of the control screw, oil must be filled up, until the oil level reaches up to the center of the inspection glass.



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STOP

# Caterpillar drive - planetary gear (10)

There is a checking plug (25) on the inside of the gear.

The oil level is correct if oil escapes from the inspection hole.

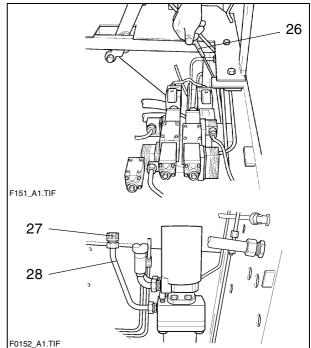
When screwing out the plug hot oil can spurt out at high pressure. Always check the oil when the gear is cold!

# Conveyor gear (left/right) (4)

The conveyor gears are beneath the footboard of the operator's platform. Checking the oil level only before start to work. The oil level must reach the upper notch of the dipstick (26). Top up the oil Remove the cap (27) and top up the oil through the oil filler neck (28).

10 cm on the display equal about 0.25 I of oil. The conveyor gears are filled with Optimol Optigear 220 at the factory. Due to the high quality of this oil, it is not necessary to replace the oil at regular intervals.

Checking the oil level in the gear at regular intervals is sufficient (see the section "Maintenance intervals").

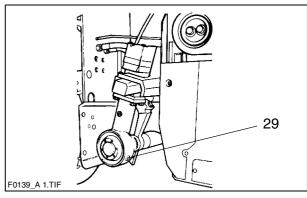


The above applies if Optimol Optigear 220 or oil of a similar quality from another manufacturer is used.

# Auger bevel gear (left/right) (8)

Screw (29) is used for checking the oil level and for topping up oil.

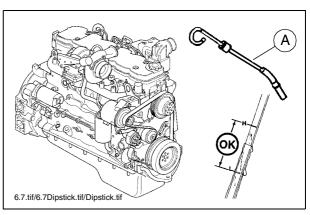
Clean the vicinity of the screw plug before unscrewing it. The oil level is correct when a small amount of oil leaks out of the lateral opening.



# **Diesel engine (12)**

Check the oil level with dipstick (A) every time before work is started. Only check the oil level when the finisher is in a horizontal position!

Too high an oil level destroys the seals in the engine while too low an oil level causes the engine to be overheated and destroyed.



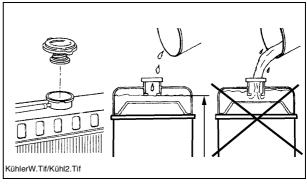
Refer to the operating instructions for the engine for the oil and filter change, fuel system ventilation and the adjustment of the valve play.

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# Water cooler (13)

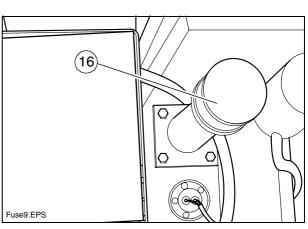
The cooling water level must be checked when the system is cold. Make sure that the cooling water contains a sufficient amount of anti-freeze/ corrosion protection agents (-25° C).

When hot, the system is under pressure. Danger of scalding when the system is opened!



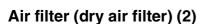
# Fuel tank (16)

We recommend to always top up the fuel tank before starting work to prevent the tank from"running dry" which would make it necessary to ventilate the entire fuel system.

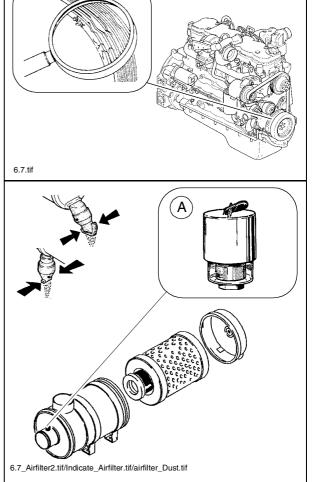


# Drive belt (1)

The maintenance for the drive belt is described in the operating instructions for the engine



The maintenance for the air filter is described in the operating instructions for the engine.



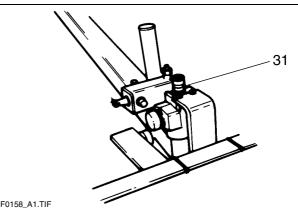
# High pressure hydraulic filter (3)



All filters of the hydraulic system must be checked and replaced where necessary 20 operating hours after repairs have been made!

Replace filter cartridges when maintenance indicator (31) turns red.

Drain the soiled oil that leaks out after unscrewing the filter cap into a used oil container.



Take out the filter cartridge and have it disposed of by specialists (danger of environmental pollution!).

Wash out the housing, replace the O-rings and apply a thin layer of oil to them. Mount the filter housing with the filter cartridge again and tighten it properly. The red indicator (31) will then be automatically reset.

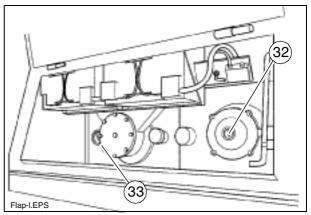
#### Suction/return flow hydraulic filter (18)

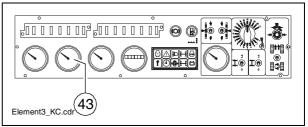
The filters must be replaced when service indicators (32) or (33) turn red. Always replace filters when exchanging the hydraulic oil. The hydraulic oil temperature can be read on the temperature indicator for hydraulic oil (43) on the operating panel.

Always replace filters when exchanging the hydraulic oil.

Unscrew the lid of the filter housing on the hydraulic oil reservoir and replace the filter cartridge.

Never clean and reuse old filters! Always use a new filter catridge.

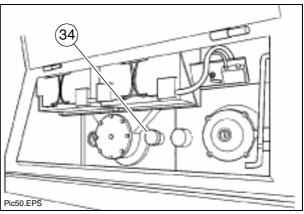




# Hydraulic oil reservoir (20)

Use dipstick (34) to check the oil level. With retracted cylinders, the oil level must reach the upper mark. Regularly clean the oil reservoir ventilation. Clean the oil cooler surface (also refer to the "operating instructions for the engine")

Userecommended hydraulicoils only (see the section "Recommended hydraulic oils").



#### Chain tension, conveyor (23)

Adjusting screws (35) are located at the front of the crossbeam.

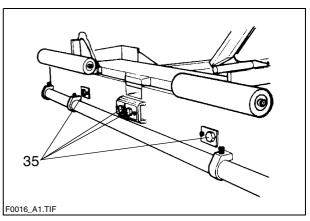
The chains should not be too tight or too slack. Tootight a chain can cause the chain to be stopped or to break when material falls into the space between the chain and the sprocket wheel.

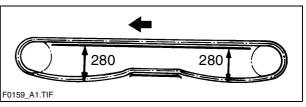
Too slack a chain can be caught at protrudingobjects and can thus be destroyed.

Forthedailyvisualcheck,peerhorizontally belowthebumper.Thechainmustnothang below the bottom edge of the bumper.

When the chain must be adjusted, measure the distance between the lower

edge of the bottom plate and the bottom edge of the chain when the chain is not under a load (see the illustration).





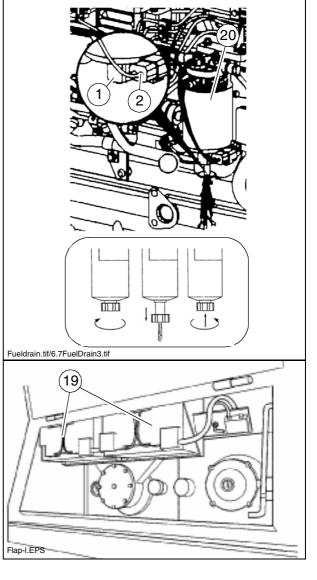
# Fuel filter (17)

For maintenance of fuel filter / draining of separated water and deposits, refer to engine's Operating Instructions.

# Batteries (19)

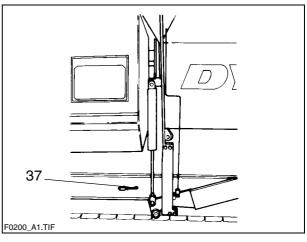
When supplied, the batteries are filled with the correct amount of acid.

Theacidlevelshouldreachtheuppermark. If necessary, top up with distilled water! The poles must be free of oxide. Protect them with special pole grease.



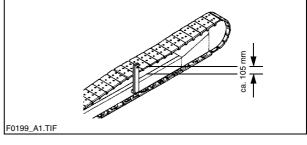
# Chain tension - caterpillar drive (14)

The chain tension erfort he caterpillar drive chain is filled via the grease nipple (37) provided on the side of the caterpillar drive.



The chain tension is correct if the chain sags by approx. 105 mm between the chain plates and the chassis.

Move the finisher forward or backward and measure again to check the setting.



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# **General visual checks**

The daily routine should comprise a visual inspection around the entire paver finisher. The following items must be checked:

- Are components or controls damaged?
- Are there leaks on the engine, the hydraulics, the gear box, etc.?
- Are all fastening points (conveyor, auger, screed, etc.) in order?



Immediately take actions to correct any detected malfunction to avoid damages, dangers or environmental hazards!

# Checks by a specialist

Have finisher, screed and optional gas or electric system checked by a trained specialist.

- when required (according to the operating conditions and the nature of application),
- but at least once a year.

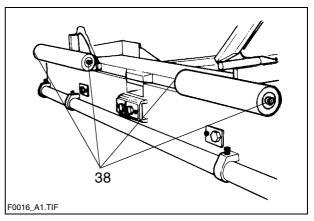
# **Additional Checks**

After the machine is delivered and following the break-in time, the mounting bolts of the drive wheels must always be checked and tightened to the corresponding torque if necessary.

# Push rollers (22)

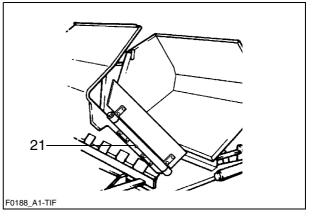
Lubricate the push rollers on both sides (38).

The crossbeam is pivoted at the center and needs not be lubricated.



# Steel hopper flaps (option) (21)

Each of the spring-loaded steel hopper flaps is equipped with a grease nipple in its center.



# **Conveyor deflection rollers (15)**

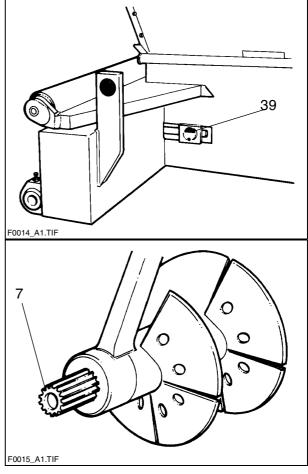
The deflection rollers for the conveyor are lubricated with grease nipples (39) located behind the cross beam.

The center bearings are lubricated via the outer grease nipples.

# Center auger bearing (7)

The center bearing must be lubricated on the left-hand side of the auger. To do so, the bevel gear unit must be pulled off.

The center bearing must be lubricated when in a warm state to force out any bitumen residues.



# Outer auger bearing (6)

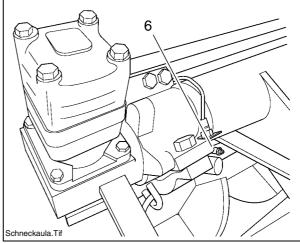
The grease nipples are located on each side at the top of the outer auger bearings. These nipples must be lubricated each time work is finished.

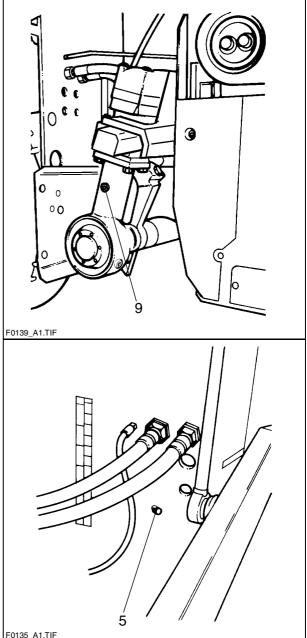
Lubricate the outer auger bearing while they are warm to force out any bitumen residues.

# Auger, gear neck bearing (9)

Remove the socket head cap screw plug on the gear neck and replace the screw locatedunderneathwitha10x1greasenipple. Using a grease gun, inject 10 strokes into it.

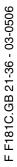
Remove the grease nipple and screw both screws back in. The gear bearing is sealed at the underside and is exclusively lubricated with grease.





Center conveyor bearing (5)

The grease nipple is located on the righthand side of the rear wall, above the conveyor gear. From this nipple, a lubrication line leads to the bearing. Lubricating the bearing is thus facilitated.



# 3.3 Oil drain points

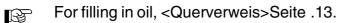
Collect used oil and have it disposed of properly.

For the filling volumes, see the section "Filling volumes".

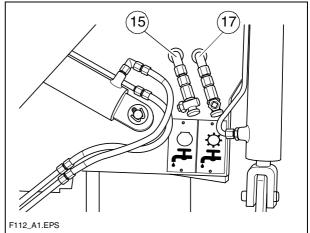
# Pump distribution gear (11)

# Draining the oil:

- Unscrew the protective cap.
- Attach the hose supplied with the accessories. Route the hose end into a used oil container.
- Open the shut-off valve with a wrench and completely drain the oil.



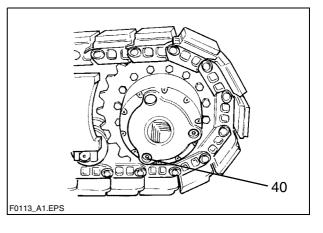
# Diesel engine (12)



- Drain the gear oil in the same manner as the pump distribution gear (see above).
- Replacing the engine oil filter.

# Caterpillar drive - planetary gear (10)

Screw out the oil drain plug (40) and collect the used oil in a container.

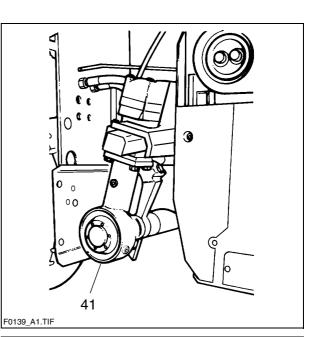


### Auger - bevel gear (8)

To drain the oil, unscrew the lower screw (41).

When returning the screw make sure to use a new seal.

- Make sure to clean the screw and the vicinity of the drain bore!
- For filling in oil, refer to the section "Check points/pump distribution gear".



#### Hydraulic oil reservoir (20)

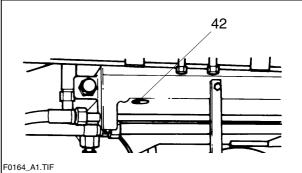
To drain the hydraulic oil, unscrew drain plug (42) and collect the oil in a suitable container using a spout.

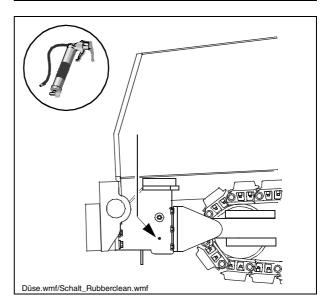
When returning the screw, make sure to use a new seal.

For filling in oil, refer to the section "Check points/hydraulic oil reservoir".

#### Guide for crawlers (24)

Grease the guides on both sides.





- 4 Maintenance optional equipment (O)
- 4.1 Electrical system alternator

#### Danger resulting from electrical voltage

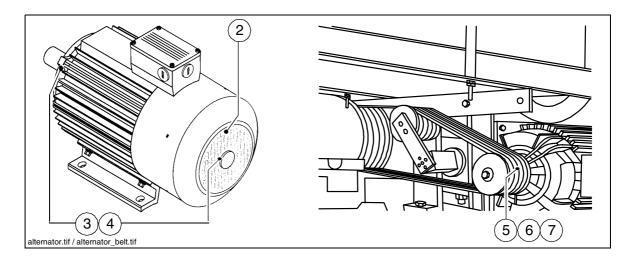
Failure to comply with the safety precautions and safety regulations can result in electrical shock injuries from the electrical system.

Danger to life!

All maintenance and repair work on the screed's electrical system must always HV.bmp / 956.05.20.03.tif be carried out by an electrician!



Never direct the jet of high pressure cleaners straight onto the alternator or its components! Danger to life resulting from electric shock or risk of destruction! When using cleaning agents, check compatibility with insulation!



	Interval						Note	
Pos.	10 250 1000 5000 20000		20000	Maintenance location				
1						<ul> <li>Insulation monitoring, check electric system is functioning</li> </ul>	Also refer to Screed operat- ing instructions	
2						<ul> <li>Visual inspection for dirt or damage</li> <li>Check cool air apertures for dirt and blockages, clean if necessary</li> </ul>		
3						<ul> <li>Undertake "audio test" to check ball bearings, replace if necessary</li> </ul>		
4						- Replace ball bearings		
5						<ul> <li>Check drive belt (O) for damage, replace if necessary</li> </ul>		
6	▼					<ul> <li>Check drive belt (O) tension, adjust if necessary.</li> </ul>	Refer to "Checking belt tension" and "Setting belt tension"	
7						- Replace drive belts (O)		

Maintenance	
Maintenance during run-in period	



All maintenance and repair work on the screed's electrical system must always be carried out by an electrician!

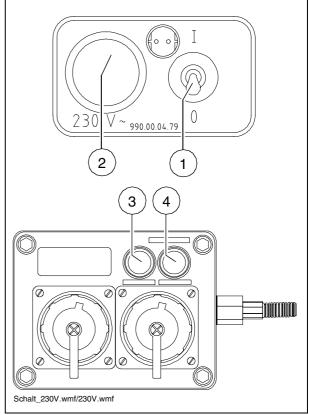


Do not spray with water!

#### Insulation monitoring of electrical system

- The insulation test must be undertaken every day when the machine is running and the sockets are activated.
  - Activate electrical system using switch (1), telltale (2) lights up.
  - Press test button (3) "Insulation error" display must light up.
  - Press delete button (4) display for insulation error goes out.
  - If the test is completed successfully, work can proceed with the electrical system and external consumers can be used. However if the "Insulation error" indicator lamp displays an error even before the test button is pressed, work cannot proceed with the electrical system or with the external equipment connected up. If an insulation error occurs, the sockets are

automatically de-energised (i.e. electri-



If no errors are displayed during simulation, do not carry out any work on the electrical system.

If malfunctions arise, the electrical system must be checked by an electrician and/or repaired. This must be done before work can proceed on this system and the equipment.

#### Danger from electric voltage

cally isolated).

Failure to comply with the safety precautions and safety regulations can result in electrical shock injuries from the electrical system.

Danger to life! All maintenance and repair work on the screed's electrical system must always be carried out by an electrician.

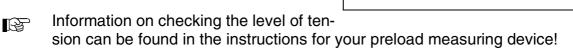
STOP)

#### **Checking belt tension**

The tension of each individual belt must be checked using a preload measuring device.

Specified tension:

- for initial assembly: 550 N
- after run-in period / maintenance interval: 400 N

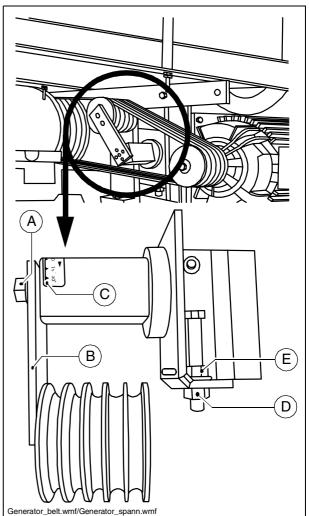


Riemensp.tif

A preload measuring device can be ordered under item number 532.000.45!

#### Setting belt tension

- Loosen fixing screw (A) so that the tensioning roller holder (B) moves into its zero position (scale (C) = 0°).
- To adjust the tensioning fixture, loosen and/or turn the corresponding nut (D) or lock nut (E) until the tensioning roller makes contact with the slack top belt.
- To set the correct tension, turn the tensioning roller holder (B) towards the top belt (scale (C) = 15°).
- Retighten fixing screw (A).
- Retighten the previously loosened nut (D) or (E).



## 5 Lubricating agents and operating substances

Use only the lubricants listed below or comparable qualities of well-known brands.

Use only clean containers (inside and outside) for filling in oil or fuel.

Heed the filling volumes (see the section "Filling volumes").

 $\triangle$ 

Incorrect oil or lubricant levels increase the wear and cause the paver finisher to fail.

	BP	Esso	Total Fina (Total)	Mobil	Renault	Shell	Wisura	
Grease	Multi- purpose grease L2	ESSO Multi- purpose grease	Total Multis EP 2	Mobilux 2 Mobiplex 47	Multi- purpose grease	SHELL Alvania Grease EP(LF)2	Retinax A	
Engine oil	See the operating instructions for the engine. Shell Rimula Super-FE 10 W 40 has been filled in at the factory.							
Hydraulic oil	See section 4.1 Hydroma 68 has been filled in at the factory.							
Gear oil 90	BP Multi EP SAE 90	ESSO GP 90	Total EP 90	MOBIL GX 90	Tranself EP 90	SHELL Spirax G 80 W - 90		
Gear oil 220	BP Energol GR-XP 220	ESSO Spartan EP 220	Total Carter EP 220	MOBIL Mobilgear 630 Mobil-gear SHC 220	Chevron NL Gear Compound 220	SHELL Omala 220	Optimol Optigear 220	
	Optimol Optigear 220 has been filled in at the factory.							
Distilled water								
Diesel fuel								
Brake oil/ Brake fluid	BP Blue original Brake fluid	Ate Disk brake fluid	Total HB F 4	ELF				
Cooling liquid	Cooling liquid (anti-freeze and corrosion protection)							

#### 5.1 Hydraulic oils

Preferred hydraulic oils:

a) Synthetic hydraulic liquids based on ester, HEES

Manufacturer	ISO category of viscosity VG 46
Shell	Naturelle HF-E46
Panolin	HLP SYNTH 46
Esso	HE 46
Total Fina Elf	Total Biohydran SE 46

### b) Mineral oils

Manufacturer	ISO category of viscosity VG 46
Shell	Tellus Oil 46
Total Fina Elf	Total Azolla ZS 46

When changing over from mineral oil to biodegradable oils, please contact the advice service of our company!

Use only clean containers (inside and outside) for filling in oil or fuel.

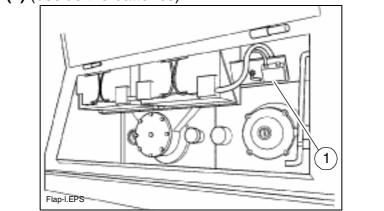
### 5.2 Filling volumes

	Filling volumes	Substance
Volume	Diesel fuel	<ul><li>210 liters</li><li>55.4 US gallons</li><li>46.1 British gallons</li></ul>
Hydraulic oil reservoir	Hydraulic oil	<ul><li>185 liters</li><li>48.8 US gallons</li><li>40.6 British gallons</li></ul>
Diesel engine (with oil filter change)	Engine oil	See the operating instructions for the engine.
Cooling system	Cooling fluid	See the operating instruc- tions for the engine.
Pump distribution gear	Gear oil 90	<ul><li>4.5 liters</li><li>1.2 US gallons</li><li>0.98 British gallons</li></ul>
Caterpillar drive - planetary gear *	Gear oil 220	<ul><li>4.0 liters</li><li>1.05 US gallons</li><li>0.88 British gallons</li></ul>
Conveyor gear (each side)	Gear oil 220	<ul><li>1.5 liters</li><li>0.4 US gallons</li><li>0.32 British gallons</li></ul>
Auger bevel gear (each side)	Gear oil 90	<ul><li>0.6 liters</li><li>0.15 US gallons</li><li>0.13 British gallons</li></ul>
Central lubrication unit (option)	Grease	
Batteries	Distilled water	

For the different types of operating agents, see "Lubricating agents and operating substances" on page 28..

## 6 Electric fuses

# 6.1 Main fuses (1) (beside the batteries)

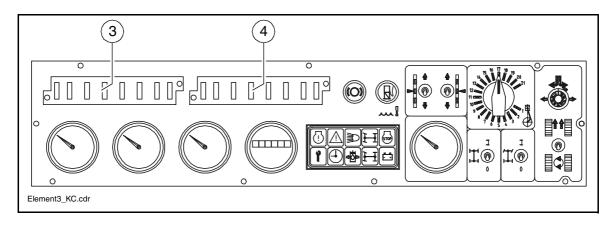


1	- F3.1 Terminal box, start relay	50 A
1.	- F3.2 Preheating for engine	100 A

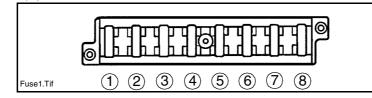
## Fuse carrier (2)

Nr.	F5.1 - F5.8	А
1.	Traction drive	10
2.	Traction drive	1
3.	not used	
4.	Heatingboxforscreed, Eheating(O)emulsionspraysystem/diesel spraying system, fuelling equipment (+additional headlight)	3 (25)
5.	Sockets	10
6.	Sockets	10
7.	Sockets	10
8.	Sockets	10
Nr.	F41.1 - F41.5	А
9.	Electronic engine control	7,5
10.	Electronic engine control	7,5
11.	Electronic engine control	7,5
12.	Electronic engine control	7,5
13.	Electronic engine control	7,5
Nr.	F44	А
14.	Electronic engine control	1

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Fuse carrier (3)



Nr.	F1.1 - F1.8	А
1.	Reverse travel warning device, automatic drive, engagement interlock, emergency-stop button,	5
2.	Indicator lamps, v-belt tear, checking instruments, start inter- lock, monitoring equipment	3
3.	Levelling system (slope control/grade control); lift screed/lower screed	5
4.	Conveyor / auger, right	7,5
5.	Conveyor / auger, left	7,5
6.	Tamper / vibration	3
7.	Hopper and screed hydraulics; hazard warning lights of the screed; levelling remote control, height adjustment for auger crossbeam $(\bigcirc)$ , extend / retract screed	10
8.	Emergency stop, electr. engine control	7,5

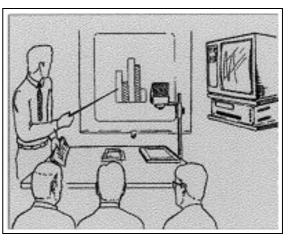
Fuse carrier (4)

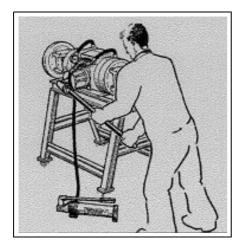
Nr.	F2.1 - F 2.8	A
1.	Hazard flasher	5
2.	Hazard flasher, horn	3
3.	Brake light, screed hazard flasher	3
4.	High beam	7,5
5.	Low beam, right	3
6.	Low beam, left	3
7.	Parking light, right	3
8.	Parking light, on left, instrument illumination, monitoring instruments	3



# TRAINING

As Your Dynapac dealer we can offer You various training programmes, such as; driving, service and application training. Give us a call - it will give you even more out of your Dynapac paver and planer!





# SERVICE

Always use Your Dynapac workshop for service and maintenance. We can give You the best service to the right price. The workshop also has all the required tools and special equipments to carry out all types of repair if you are in need of that.

# INFORMATION

The easiest way to solve a minor problem out in the field, is to contact Your Dynapac dealer for trouble-

shooting and advise. Make us a visit to inform Yourself about the whole range of Dynapac pavers, planers and "Know how".

