CC421 is a member of the CC42 family of vibration rollers and is a 10 ton tandem roller, feauturing articulated steering and vibration and propulsion on both drums.

CC421 is the production roller to enhance compaction economy in all types of operation, e.g. base, sub-base, binder courses and bituminous surfaces in road construction. The machine is well suited for compaction to stipulated density of bituminous or cement stabilized materials.

CC421 is the basic version described in these instructions. Separate information is available on request concerning accessories or additional equipment.

MAINTENANCE

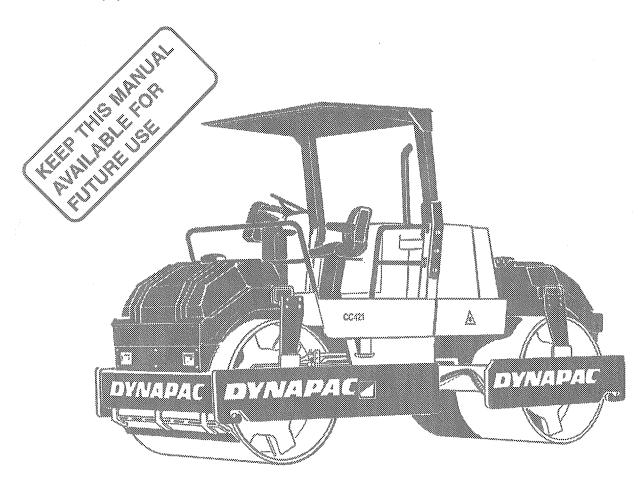
CC421

VIBRATORY ROLLER

M-232-3EN, 9412

Diesel Engine: Deutz F6L 912 Cummins 6 BT 5.9

These instructions apply from PIN (S/N) *58010001*





COMPANIS

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Maintenance Measures	
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Every 50 hours (Weekly) 7, 13, 14, 1	15, 16
Every 250 hours (Monthly) 9, 17, 1	18, 19
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Walfining Symbols



! Safety instructions - Personal safety



! Special caution - Machine or component damage

GENERAL



! Read all the instructions thoroughly before carrying out any servicing operations.



! Ensure that ventilation (evacuation) is adequate if the engine is run indoors.

Proper care of the roller is essential to ensure satisfactory operation. Keep the machine clean so that any leakage, loose bolts or loose connections can be easily detected.

TAKE CARE OF THE ENVIRONMENT. Do not spill oil or fuel, or leave anything behind that could be detrimental to the environment.

This manual includes instructions for periodic maintenance which should normally be carried out by the operator of the roller.



! Instructions in the engine manufacturer's manual also apply. The manual is included in the product folder supplied with the roller.

LUBRICANTS SYMBOLS



Always use high quality lubricants in the quantities stipulated. Too much oil or grease may result in overheating and subsequent excessive wear.

•	ENGINE OIL, Ambient temperature -10°C to +50°C (+14°F to +122°F)	Shell Rimula SAE 15W/40 or equivalent API Service CD/SE, CD/SF
•	HYDRAULIC FUID, ambient temperature -10°C to +40°C (+14°F to +104°F) Ambient temperature above +40°C (+104°F)) Shell Tellus Oil T68 or equivalent Shell Tellus Oil T100 or equivalent
③	DRUM OIL, Ambient temperature -15°C to +40°C (+5°F to +104°F) Ambient temperature above +40°C (+104°F)	Shell Spirax SAE 80W/90, HD API, GL-5 Shell Spirax HD85W/140 or equivalent
	Grease	Shell Calithia EPT2 or equivalent
	Fuel	See engine manual
50/	Colant, 50/50 mixture with water	Shell Anti Freeze 402 or equivalent
		Other lubricants are required when operating at extremely high or low temperatures. See chapter, "Special instructions", or get in touch with Dynapac.
	Engine, oil level	Air cleaner
(A)	Engine, oil filter	Battery
•	Hydraulic reservoir, level	Sprinkler

Sprinkler water

Recycle

Fuel filter

Hydraulic filter

Lubricating oil

Transmission, oil level

SPECIALCATIONS

Weight, Dimensions	
Weight CECE, standard equipped roller (kg)	9550
Length, standard equipped roller (mm)	4990
Width, standard equipped roller (mm)	1810
Height, st. eq. roller without ROPS (mm)	2360 (Shipping high)
Height, st. eq. roller with ROPS (mm)	3130

Height, St. eq. foller with NOP	3 (11111) 3130	
Fluid volumes (litres)		
Drums	13/drum	
Hydraulic reservoir	200	
Fuel tank	230	
Water tanks	440 x 2	
Coolant (Cummins)	27	
Engine (Deutz)	14	
Engine (Cummins)	16	
Torque hub	3,0/drum 3 qt	
Transfer gearing	1,5 1,5 qt	
Electrical system		
Battery	12 V 170 Ah	
Alternator	12 V (Deutz) 65A (Cummins) 105A	
Fuses	5, 7,5, 10 Ampére`	
Vibration data		_
Static linear load (kg/cm)		
Front:	30,3	
Rear:Amplitude (mm)		
, anparado (mm)		

Static linear load (kg/cm)	
Front:	30,3
Rear:	30,3
Amplitude (mm)	•
High:	0,83
Low:	
Frequency (Hz)	ŕ
At high amplitude:	47
At low amplitude:	47
Centrifugal force (kN)	
At high amplitude:	123
At low amplitude:	

Propulsion	
Speed range (km/h) Climbing capacity (theoretical) %	0-11 27

SPECIFICATIONS Confo

Tightening torque

Tightening torque in Nm, for oiled bolts when using torque wrench.

М	STRENGTH CLASS		
Thread	8.8	10.9	12.9
M6	10	14	17
M8	24	33	40
M10	47	65	79
M12	81	114	136
M14	128	181	217
M16	197	277	333
M18	275	386	463
M20	385	541	649
M22	518	728	874
M24	665	935	1120
M27	961	1350	1620
M30	1310	1840	2210

Hydraulic system

HYDRAULIC SYSTEM		
Opening pressure MPa		
Drive system	35	
Supply system	2,0	
Vibration system	14	
Steering system	14	
Brake release	1,1	

Noise levels (ISO 6394)

NOISE LEVEL WITHOUT VIBRATION (dBA) (Measured on hard supporting surface)

Standard roller

Operator's position, LwA 107

Operator's position - Vibrations (ISO 2631)

(Measured with vibration switched on and on a foam rubber mat)

Vibration on the operator's seat is 0,09 m/s 2 Vibration on the floor of the operator's position is 0,05 m/s 2

INVAINTENANCE LOCATIONS

Read all the instructions thoroughly before carrying out any servicing operations.

Proper care of the roller is essential to ensure satisfactory operation. Keep the machine clean so that any leakage, loose bolts or loose connections can be easily detected. Make a habit of inspecting the roller every day before starting up by checking all round and underneath the machine to detect any sign of leakage or other faults.

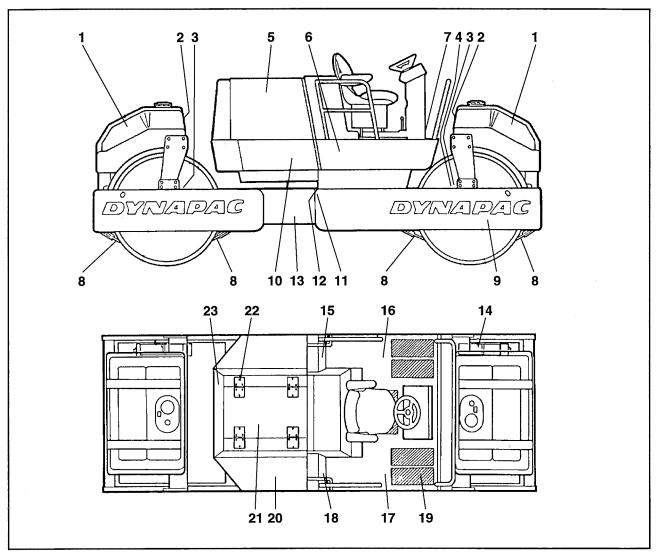


Fig. 1 Service points

- 1 Water tanks
- 2 Sprinkler system
- 3 Filler plugs, drums
- 4 Rubber element and bolts
- 5 Engine
- 6 Transfer gearbox
- 7 Control panel lubricating nipple
- 8 Scrapers

- 9 Oil level, drums
- 10 Hydraulic fluid, filter
- 11 Hydraulic fluid, sight glass
- 12 Steering cylinder brackets
- 13 Steering joint
- 14 Torque hub/drive
- 15 Refueling
- 16 Fuel tank

- 17 Hydraulic fluid reservoir
- 18 Hydraulic fluid, refilling
- 19 Hydraulic fluid, filter
- 20 Battery
- 21 Air filter
- 22 Hinge
- 23 Radiator

MAINTENANCE MEASURES

Periodical servicing shall be carried out at the beginning of each respective period, ie, each day, each week, etc., or on completion of the number of operating hours stated.



Always clean off the surrounding dirt before filling or checking oil and fuel, and before lubricating with oil or grease.

Every 10 hours of operation (Daily)

Measure S	See page	Comments	
Before first start of the day			
Check level of engine oil		See engine manual	
Check coolant level, (Cummins)	10		
Check that circulation of cooling air is free	e 10		
Check the brakes	10		
Check the scraper setting	11		
Check level of hydraulic reservoir	11		
Refuel	11		
Check the sprinkler system	12		
	Before first start of the day Check level of engine oil Check coolant level, (Cummins) Check that circulation of cooling air is free Check the brakes Check the scraper setting Check level of hydraulic reservoir Refuel	Before first start of the day Check level of engine oil Check coolant level, (Cummins) 10 Check that circulation of cooling air is free 10 Check the brakes 10 Check the scraper setting 11 Check level of hydraulic reservoir 11 Refuel 11	Before first start of the day Check level of engine oil Check coolant level, (Cummins) Check that circulation of cooling air is free Check the brakes Check the scraper setting Check level of hydraulic reservoir Refuel See engine manual 10 10 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11

Every 50 hours of operation (Weekly)

Item in Fig. 1	Measure	See page	Comments
5 21 21 20 4 13 12 18	Change engine oil and oil filter Clean air cleaner insert Ensure that hoses and connections are t Check the battery Check the rubber elements and bolted jo Lubricate the steering joints Lubricate the steering cylinder brackets Check the hydraulic reservoir filler cap/v Check the indicator on the hydraulic fluid	14 sints 14 15 15 ents 16	See engine manual



After the first 50 hours of operation, change all lubricating oils. But not the hydraulic fluid.

CC421 M-232-3EN **DYNAPAC**

WAINTENANCE SOLIEDULE

Read all the instructions thoroughly before carrying out any servicing operations.

Proper care of the roller is essential to ensure satisfactory operation. Keep the machine clean so that any leakage, loose bolts or loose connections can be easily detected. Make a habit of inspecting the roller every day before starting up by checking all round and underneath the machine to detect any sign of leakage or other faults.

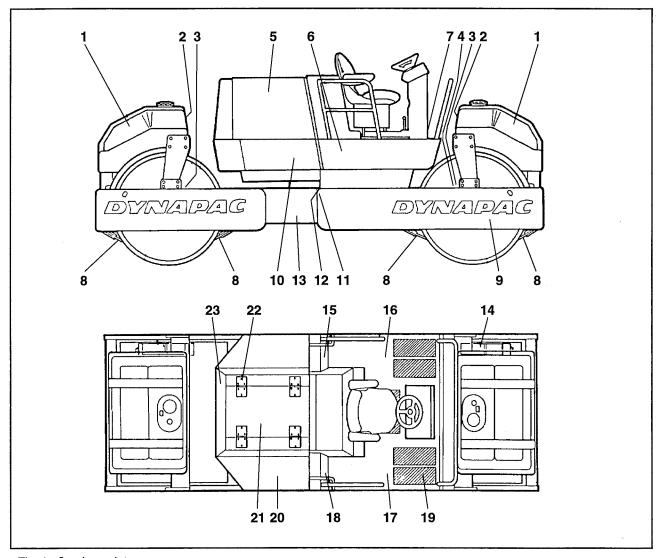


Fig. 1 Service points

- 1 Water tanks
- 2 Sprinkler system
- 3 Filler plugs, drums
- 4 Rubber element and bolts
- 5 Engine
- 6 Transfer gearbox
- 7 Control panel lubricating nipple
- 8 Scrapers

8

- 9 Oil level, drums
- 10 Hydraulic fluid, filter
- 11 Hydraulic fluid, sight glass
- 12 Steering cylinder brackets
- 13 Steering joint
- 14 Torque hub/drive
- 15 Refueling
- 16 Fuel tank

- 17 Hydraulic fluid reservoir
- 18 Hydraulic fluid, refilling
- 19 Hydraulic fluid, filter
- 20 Battery
- 21 Air filter
- 22 Hinge
- 23 Radiator

MAINTENANCE MEASURES

Every 250 hours of operation (Monthly)

Item in Fig. 1	Measure	See page	Comments
5 5 5 6 10 23 7 3 14 6	Check the belt-tension monitor (Deutz) Check belt tension on fan and alternator Change engine oil and filter Clean the engine cooling fins (Deutz) Check tightening torque of all pump mountings Change hydraulic filter Clean outside of hydraulic fluid cooler Lubricate controls and moving joints Check oil level in drums Check the oil level in the torque hub Check the oil level in the tranfer gearing	17 17 18 18 19	See engine manual " " " " On new or renovated component

Every 1000 hours of operation (Every six months)

Item in Fig. 1	Measure	See page	Comments
17	Drain condensed water from the hydraulic reservoir	20	
16	Drain condensed water from the fuel tan	k 20	
21	Change main filter in air cleaner	20	
5	Change the fuel filter		See engine manual
5	Clean the supply pump strainer		ıı
5	Check the engine valve clearance		н

Every 2000 hours of operation (Yearly)

Item in Fig. 1	Measure	See page	Comments
17	Change oil in hydraulic reservoir	21	
3	Change oil in the drums	21	
6	Change oil in the transfer gearing	21	
14	Change oil in the torque hub	22	
1	Clean the water tanks	22	

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9

EVERY 10 HOURS OF OPERATION (Daily)

Coolant level - checking, filling

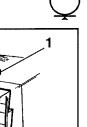


Fig. 2 Radiator 1 Filler cap



CUMMINS

Take great care when opening the radiator filler cap when the engine is warm. The coolant is under pressure which implies the risk of scalding by High-temperature steam. Wear protective gloves and goggles.

See engine maintenance instructions. Fill with coolant noted on page 3.



Drain, flush the system and fill with fresh coolant every other year. Make sure that air

Air circulation - Checking

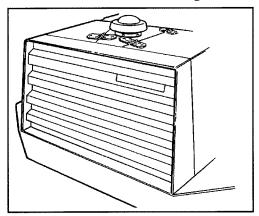


Fig. 3 Radiator grill

Make sure that air can flow freely through the radiator grill into the engine compartment.

Brakes - Test

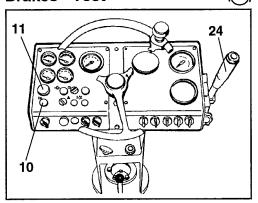


Fig. 4 Instrument panel
10 Brake warning light
11 Emergency stop
24 Forward/reverse lever



Check operation of the brakes as follows:

- 1. Drive the roller **slowly** forward.
- 2. Press the emergency stop knob (11). The brake warning lamp (10) shall light and the roller shall STOP.
- 3. On completion of the test, put the forward/reverse control (24) in neutral before resetting the emergency stop.
- 4. Reset the emergency stop knob.

EVERY 10 HOURS OF OPERATION (Daily)

Scrapers Checking

- Adjustment

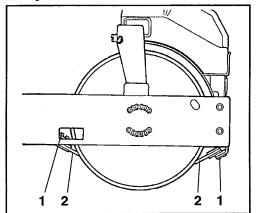


Fig. 5 Front scraper
1 Fastening bolts
2 Scraper

Ensure that the scrapers are undamaged and adjust as follows:

- 1. Loosen all the fastening bolts
- 2. Adjust the scraper against the drums.
- 3. Tighten the fastening bolts.

Hydraulic reservoir Checking - Filling

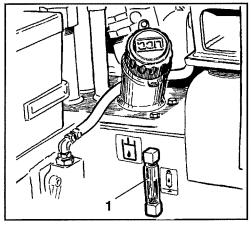


Fig. 6 Hydraulic reservoir 1 Sight glass

- 1. Position the roller on a level surface and check the fluid level in the sight glass (1).
- 2. Fill with hydraulic fluid (in accordance with the recommendations on page 3) if the level is 2 mm or more below the upper edge of the sight glass or if no fluid is visible.



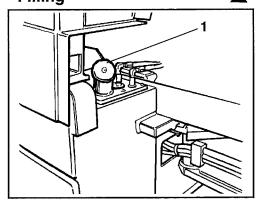


Fig. 7 Fuel tank 1 Filler cap

Refuel with diesel fuel up to the lower edge of the filler pipe daily at the end of operations.



Stop the engine. Short the refueling nozzle by touching it against a non-insulated part of the roller before refueling, and keep the nozzle against the inside of the filler pipe (1) while filling the tank.

See the engine manufacturer's instructions with regard to quality of diesel fuel.

EVERY 10 HOURS OF OPERATION (Daily)

Sprinkler system Checking - Cleaning

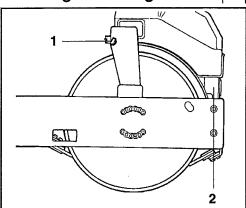


Fig. 8 Water tank
1 Nozzle
2 Pump system

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Fill with clean water through the tank filter.

Make sure that the strainer nozzles (1) are not clogged. If necessary, clean the nozzles and strainer.

Nozzle Dismantling - Cleaning

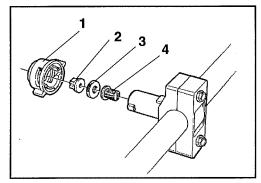


Fig. 9 Nozzle
1 Sleeve
2 Nozzle
3 Gasket
4 Strainer

Dismantle a clogged nozzle.

Blow clean the nozzle and mesh using compressed air, or fit replacement parts and clean the dirty ones at a later date.



Wear safety goggles when working with compressed air.

Pump System Checking - Cleaning

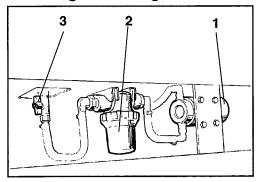


Fig. 10 Pump system
1 Water pump
2 Water filter
3 Stop cock

the water pump.

To clean, close the cock (3) and loosen the filter bowl (2). Clean the bowl and strainer with water. Check that the pump is working by listening or by putting a hand on the pump.

NOTE. A drain tap is also located on the end piece of

Air Cleaner Dismantling - Assembling



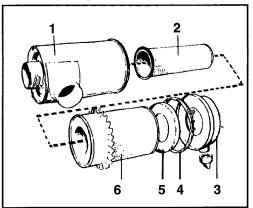


Fig. 11 Air cleaner

- 1 Filter housing
- 2 Backup filter
- 3 Outer cover/Dust trap
- 4 Clip
- 5 Inner cover
- 6 Main filter

Main Filter - Cleaning with compressed air



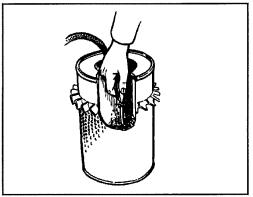


Fig. 12 Main filter



Clean or change main filter in air cleaner when the warning lamp on the instrument panel lights at maximum engine revs, or change every 50 hours of operation.

- 1. Loosen the clamp (4) and take off the outer cover (3).
- 2. Screw off the wing nut at the centre of the filter and take off the inner cover (5). Clean the outer cover (3) with a clean rag.
- 3. Screw off the wing nut and pull out the main filter (6). Do not remove the backup filter.
- 4. Make sure that dust has not penetrated the main filter during operation. Check if there is any accumulation of dust in the engine intake pipes, if so, the connections, hoses or filter elements are untight and must therefore be replaced.
- 5. Wipe the inside of the filter housing (1) and intake pipes with a clean rag.
- 6. Check that hoses and connections between the filter housing and engine are intact and tight.



Replace the backup filter with a new one every third time the main filter is changed or cleaned. The backup filter cannot be cleaned and reused.

Use compressed air at a maximum pressure of 0.7 MPa (7 kp/cm²)(100 psi)

Blow up and down along the paper folds on the inside of the filter element. Hold the nozzle at least 2,5 cm (1 in) from the folds to avoid tearing the paper.

Change the main filter not later than after cleaning it five times.



Wear safety goggles when working with compressed air.

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DYNAPAC

EVERY 50 HOURS OF OPERATION (Weekly)

Battery Checking the electrolyte level

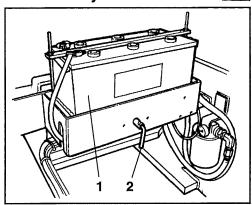


Fig. 13 Battery shelf
1 Battery
2 Battery disconnector

Battery cells

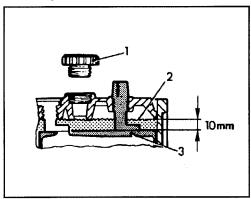


Fig. 14 Electrolyte level in battery

- 1 Cell cap
- 2 Electrolyte level
- 3 Plate

Rubber elements and fastening bolts - Checking

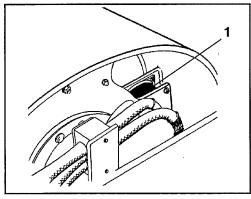


Fig. 15 Drum suspension 1 Rubber element



Never use an open flame when checking the battery. The electrolyte emits explosive gas while the alternator is charging.

- 1. Open the right engine cover.
- 2. Wipe the top of the battery



Wear safety goggles. The battery contains aggressive acid. Rinse with water if acid comes into contact with your skin.

- 3. Take off the cell caps and check that electrolyte level is about 10 mm (1/2 in) above the plates. Check the level of all cells. Top up with distilled water as required to the correct level. If ambient temperature is below freezing, the engine should be run for a while after topping up with distilled water, ie, there is otherwise a risk that the battery fluid will freeze.
- 4. Make sure the venting holes in the cell caps are not clogged. Refit the caps.
- 5. Battery terminals must be clean and well tightened. Clean the terminals if corroded and grease them with acid-free Vaseline.



When disconnecting the battery, always disconnect the negative cable first. When connecting the battery, always connect the positive cable first.



When changing the battery, dispose of the old one in a safe way. Batteries contain lead which is detrimental to the environment.

- 1. Make sure that the rubber elements are undamaged and free from cracks.
- 2. Check that the mounting bolts are tight.
- 3. Change all the elements if more than 25% on one side of the drum have cracks that are deeper than 10 to 15 mm. (1/2 in.).
- 4. Check the rubber elements on both sides of the drums.

EVERY 50 HOURS OF OPERATION (Weekly)

Steering cylinders and articulation - Lubrication

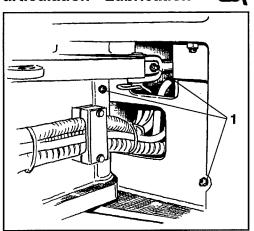


Fig. 16 Articulation/right side
1 Lubricating nipple



Risk of injury. Keep everyone clear of the articulated steering mechanism while the engine is running.

- 1. Turn the steering wheel fully to the left to gain access to all four lubricating nipples on the right-hand side of the machine. Switch off the engine and electric power.
- 2. Wipe all the nipples clean and lubricate each nipple with five strokes of the grease gun. Make sure that grease penetrates the bearings. Use grease recommended on page 3. Leave a little grease on the nipples after greasing. This will prevent dirt from entering the nipples.

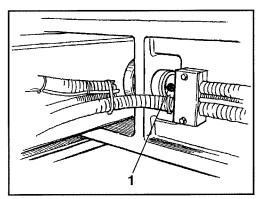


Fig. 17 Tilting pivot/right side
1 Lubricating nipple

Also lubricate the bearings of the tilt pivot while the steering is turned to the left.

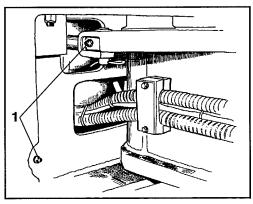


Fig. 18 Articulation/left side
1 Lubricating nipple

4. Start the engine and turn the steering wheel fully to the right, switch off the engine and power supply. Now lubricate the two remaining nipples.

EVERY 50 HOURS OF OPERATION (Weekly)

Hydraulic reservoir filler cap Checking the venting hole



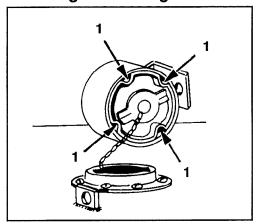


Fig. 19 Hydraulic reservoir cap 1 Venting hole

Make sure the venting hole is not clogged. When necessary, wash the cap in diesel fuel and blow clean.



Wear safety goggles when working with compressed air.

Hydraulic filter, clogging indicators - Check



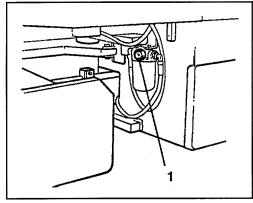


Fig. 20 Right side of articulation
1 Filter indicator

Run the hydraulic system warm before reading. Filter indicators should be read at full engine revs and the pointer must not be inside the red zone of the indicator. If it is, the hydraulic filter must be replaced. See heading "Hydraulic System - Changing the Filter".

Fig. shows the return filter of the steering system.



1 1 mor maloator

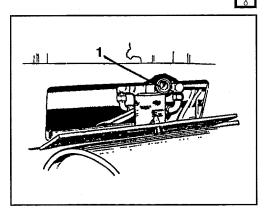


Fig. 21 Cover below the operator platform
1 Filter indicator

Fig. shows the suction filter of the propulsion system.

EVERY 250 HOURS OF OPERATION (Monthly)

Hydraulic pumps Control tightening

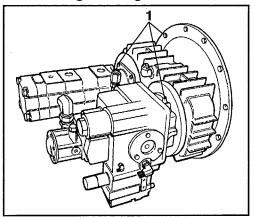


Fig. 22 Hydraulic pumps
1 Pump mountings

Retighten all of the pump and motor mountings, see figure, and page 5 for the correct tightening torque. (The above applies only for new or renovated components.)

Hydraulic fluid filters - Changing

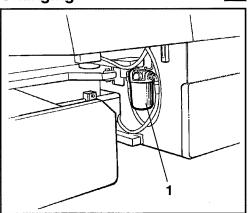


Fig. 23 Right side of articulation
1 Return filter/steering system

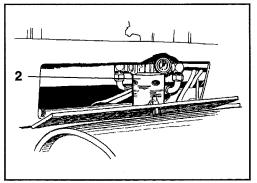


Fig. 24 Cover below the operator platform 2 Suction filter/propulsion

- 1. Remove the filters (1) and (2) and discard them. They are of the dispensable type and cannot be cleaned and reused.
 - Ensure that the previous sealing rings are removed from the filter holders. Leakage will otherwise occur between the old and new sealing rings.
- 2. Thoroughly clean the sealing surfaces of the filter holders.
- 3. Apply a thin coat of hydraulic fluid to the new sealing rings.
- 4. Screw on the filters firmly by hand.

I.e. screw on until the seal makes contact with the seating and then screw half a turn further.



Do not tighten too hard, the seal may otherwise be damaged.

5. Start the engine and check for any leakage from the filters.



Ensure that ventilation (evacuation) is adequate if the engine is run indoors. (Risk of carbon monoxide poisoning).

EVERY 250 HOURS OF OPERATION (Monthly)

Hydraulic fluid cooler

- Deutz Checking - Cleaning

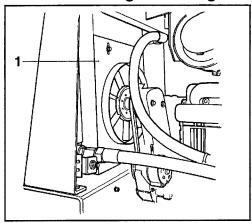


Fig. 25 Engine compartment
1 Hydraulic fluid cooler

Ensure that air can flow freely through the cooler without obstruction. A dirty cooler should be cleaned with water or compressed air.

Blow or flush the cooler in the opposite direction to the normal flow of air. Cover any nearby electric components before flushing with water.



Wear safety goggles when working with compressed air or high-pressure washing jet.

Ensure after cleaning that seals and noise absorbers are undamaged.

Hydraulic fluid cooler

- Cummins Checking - Cleaning

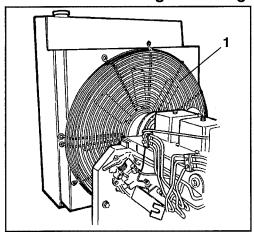


Fig. 26 Engine compartment
1 Hydraulic fluid cooler

Controls and moving joints, Lubrication

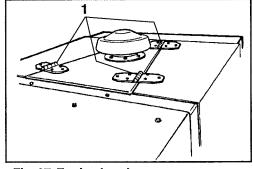


Fig. 27 Engine hood 1 Hinges

Lubricate the engine hood hinges and the steering column bearings with grease. Lubricate other moving joints and controls with oil. See lubricant specification on page 3.

EVERY 250 HOURS OF OPERATION (Monthly)

Drum -Checking the oil level



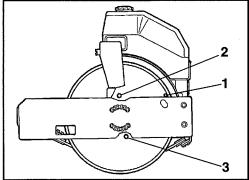


Fig. 28 Drum, right side

- 1 Dip stick
- 2 Filler plug
- 3 Sight glass

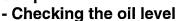
1. Position the roller on a level surface with the dip stick in line with the top of the frame beam.



Switch off the engine and apply the parking brake/emergency brake.

- 2. Oil should then be about half way in the sight glass
- 3. If required, top up with lubricating oil type D according to "Lubricants" page 3, but not higher than half way up the sight glass. Fill through the filler hole (2).

Torque hub





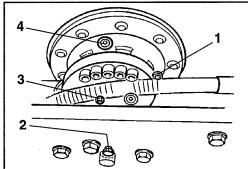


Fig. 29 Torque hub

- 1 Level plugg
- 2 Level plugg
- 3 Filler plugg
- 4 Filler plugg

- 1. Position the roller on a level surface with the innermost plug (4) at the top and the top and the level plug (1) at "three o'clock".
- 2. Wipe clean around the plugs.
- 3. Remove the level plugs (1) and (2) and check the level. Oil should run out if the level is correct.
- 4. Top up if required, via plugs (3) and (4).

Transfer Gearbox -Checking the Oil Level

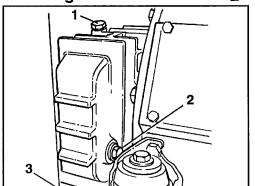


Fig. 30 Level Control 1 Filler plugg

2 Level plugg 3 Drain plug

- 1. Make sure the roller is level.
- 2. Wipe clean around the level plug (2) and loosen it a few turns. Oil should run out from the plug if oil level is correct.
- 3. If required, top up via the filler plug (1) until oil runs from the level plug (2). Wipe clean around the filler plug before unscrewing it. Use transmission oil. See Lubricant Specification on page 3.



A level plug is fitted on both sides of the transfer gearbox. The level need only be checked on one side.

EVERY 1000 HOURS OF OPERATION (Every six months)

Hydraulic reservoir Draining

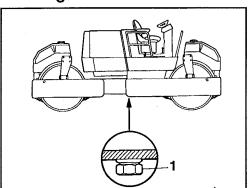


Fig. 31 Right side of roller
1 Drain plug

Drain off condensed water from the hydraulic reservoir via the drain plug (1).



Be careful when draining off the water. Do not drop the plug so that hydraulic fluid runs out.

Drain as follows:

- 1. Put a can underneath the plug
- 2. Loosen the plug and allow any water to run out.
- 3. Tighten the plug.

Fuel tank, Draining

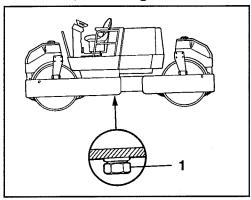


Fig. 32 Left side of roller 1 Drain plug

Drain off condensed water from the fuel tank via the drain plug (1).

Drain after the roller has stood still for a longer period, eg, overnight.



Be careful when draining off the water. Do not drop the plug so that fuel runs out.

Drain as follows:

- 1. Put a can underneath the plug.
- 2. Loosen the plug and allow any water to run out.
- 3. Tighten the plug.

Changing the main filter

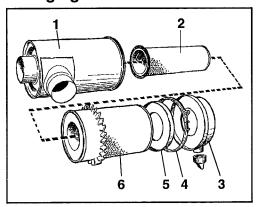


Fig. 33 Air cleaner

- 1 Filter housing
- 2 Backup filter
- 3 Outer cover/Dust trap
- 4 Clip
- 5 Inner cover
- 6 Main filter

Change the main filter of the air cleaner even if it has not yet been cleaned five times, see page 13, filter change.

Hydraulic reservoir - Changing the oil



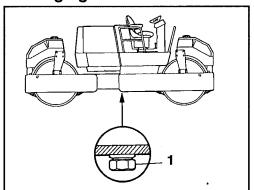


Fig. 34 Right side of roller 1 Drain plug

Risk of scalding when draining hot oil. Protect your hands.

- 1. Find a suitable receptacle for at least 210 litres (55 US gallon).
- 2. Screw out the drain plug (1) and allow all the fluid to drain into the receptacle. Refit the plug.
- 3. Fill with fresh hydraulic fluid of a grade in accordance with the instructions on page 3. Change the hydraulic filters, see page 17.
- 4. Start the engine and run the various hydraulic functions. Check the fluid level and top up as required, see page 11.

Drum Changing the oil



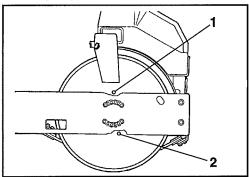


Fig. 35 Drum, right side 1 Filler plug / drain plug 2 Sight glass

1. Position the roller with the drain plug (1) at the bottom. Place a receptacle for about 15 litres (4 US gallon) underneath the plug.



Switch off the engine and apply the parking brake/emergency brake.

- 2. Remove the plug and drain off the oil.
- 3. Run the roller so that the plug (1) is at the top.
- 4. Fill with oil, in accordance with the lubricant specifications on page 3, to half way on the sight glass. Amount of oil about 13 litres (3.4 US gallon).
- 5. Make sure the filler plug (1) is clean.
- 6. Refit the plug and check for tightness.

Tranfer Gearbox -**Changing the Oil**



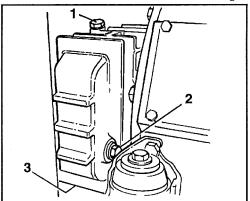


Fig. 36 Transfer gearbox, left side 1 Filler plug

- 2 Level plug
- 3 Drain plug



Never work under the roller while the engine is running. Park on a level surface. Chock the drum.

- 1. Loosen the drain plug (3) and drain off the oil.
- 2. Refit the plug.
- 3. Remove the level plug (2) and fill with fresh gearbox oil through the filler hole (1). Fill slowly to allow the oil to level out.
- 4. Fit the plugs (1 and 2) back again at the right oil level.

EVERY 2000 HOURS OF OPERATION (Yearly)

Torque hub - Oil change



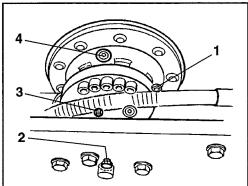


Fig. 37 Torque hub 1 Level plug 2 Level plug 3 Filler plug

4 Filler plug

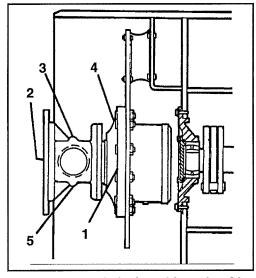


Fig. 38 Torque hub viewed from the side

- 1 Level plug
- 2 Level plug
- 3 Filler plug
- 4 Filler plug
- 5 Drain plug



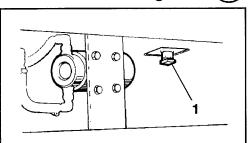


Fig. 39 Water tank 1 Drain plug

Observe that the torque hub has two chambers for oil:

- planetary gearing
- bevel gearing

The torque hub should be run warm before draining.



Ensure that ventilation (evacuation) is adequate if the engine is run indoors. (Risk of carbon monoxide poisoning.)

1. Drive the roller on a flat surface to position the drain plug (1) at the bottom.



Switch off the engine and apply the parking brake/emergency brake.

- 2. Wipe clean around the plugs.
- 3. Place a can underneath the plugs (1) and (5) and remove the plugs. Drain off the oil. The can should hold 5 litres (5.3 US qt). Refit the plugs.
- 4. Drive the roller to position the filler plug (4) at its highest point.
- 5. Remove the level plug (2) and filler plugs (3) and (4).

Fill with oil via plug (4) first, until oil comes out of level plug (1). Then fill via plug (3) until oil comes out of level plug (2). Refit the plugs.

Amount of oil about 3 litres. Use transmission oil in accordance with the lubricant specifications on page 3.

- 1. Remove the drain plug (1) and drain off all the water.
- 2. Clean the inside of the tank with water mixed with a cleaning agent suitable for plastic material.
- 3. Refit the plug making sure it is tight.



Clean both the water tanks.

LONGERENNESARKING

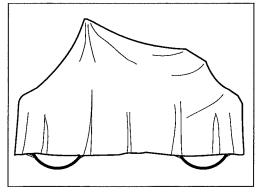


Fig. 40 Weather-protected roller

The following directions must be followed when parking the machine for longer periods than one month.

The measures described apply for a standstill of up to six months.

Before reusing the roller again the items marked * must be attended to.

Diesel engine

Battery

Air cleaner, exhaust pipe

Fuel tank

Hydraulic reservoir

Sprinkler system

Steering cylinder, hinges, etc.

Covers, tarpaulin

- * See the manufacturer's instructions in the engine manual that accompanies the roller.
- * Remove the battery from the roller, clean the outside, ensure that the electrolyte level is correct (see page 14) and trickle-charge the battery once every month.
- * Cover the air cleaner (see page 13 and 20), or its intake opening, with plastic foil or tape. Cover the opening of the exhaust pipe. This must be done to prevent the penetration of moisture into the engine.

Fill the fuel tank fully, ie, to prevent condensation and rust.

Drain off any condense water from the hydraulic reservoir (see page 20).

* Empty all water from the water tank (see page 22), and from hoses, filter housing, and the water pump. Remove all the sprinkler nozzles (see page 12).

Lubricate the steering joint bearings, and both bearings of the steering cylinder with grease (see page 15).

Coat the piston rod of the steering cylinder with rust preventive grease.

Grease the engine hood hinges and both ends (bright parts) of the forward/reverse controls (see page 18).

* Lower the instrument shield on the steering column. Cover the whole machine with a tarpaulin. NOTE: The tarpaulin must hang free from the ground (see figure 40). Store the roller indoors if possible, preferably at an even temperature.

SPECIALINGTHUKTIONS

Standard oils and other recomended fluids

On leaving the factory the various systems and components are filled with oil or fluid as indicated on page 3 and are thus suitable for operation in ambient temperatures between -10°C (+15°F) and +40°C (+104°F).

The following recommendations apply for operation in higher ambient temperatures up to a maximum of +50°C (+122°F):

Higher ambient temperature, maximum +50°C (+122°F)

The engine can be used at this temperature using normal oil but for other components the following oils must be used:

Hydraulic system: Shell Tellus Oil T100 or equivalent. Other components using transmission oil: Shell Spirax HD 85W/140 or equivalent.

Temperature

Temperature limits apply to standard versions of the roller.

Rollers equipped with additional fittings such as noise absorbents, etc., may require extra observation in the higher temperature ranges.

High-pressure wash



Do not direct the water jet at the filler cap (applies to both fuel tank and the hydraulic reservoir). This is especially important when using a high-pressure jet.

Put a plastic bag over the filler cap and secure with an elastic band. This will prevent water under pressure from being forced through the breather hole, which would otherwise cause malfunctioning, eg, clogging of the filter. Do not direct the jet against electric components or the instrument panel.

Fire fighting

In the event of fire on the machine the ABE powder type extinguisher should preferably be used. The BE carbon dioxide type extinguisher is also suitable.

Protection frame (ROPS), safety cab

If the roller is equipped with a protection frame (ROPS, Roll Over Protecting Structure), or a safety cab, then no welding or drilling of holes whatsoever is permitted on the protection frame or the cab. Never attempt to repair a damaged frame or cab, it must be replaced with a new one.

Starting assistance

When using an auxiliary starting battery, always connect its positive terminal to the positive terminal of the roller battery, and negative to negative.

Fuses

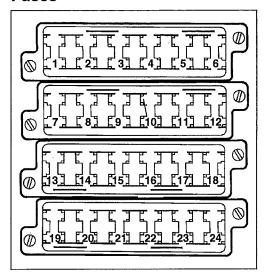


Fig. 41 Fuse boxes

5A 1 Vibration relay 5A 2 Brake valve

7,5A 3 Horn/V-belt monitor (Deutz)

7,5A 4 Vibration pump

5A 5 Transverse setting of drums

10A 6 Hazard beacon

7,5A 7 Water pump, rear

7,5A 8 Water pump, front

5A 9 Stop solenoid (Cummins)

7,5A 10 Instruments

10A 11 Horn/0 positition relay

7,5A 12 Multimeter

10A 13 Working lights, rear

5A 14 Parking lights, left

(number plate illumination)

5A 15 Parking lights, right

7,5A 16 Direction indicator, left

7,5A 17 Dipped headlight, left

7,5A 18 Dipped headlight, right

7,5A 19 Direction indicator, right

7,5A 20 Headlight, left

7,5A 21 Headlight, right

5A 22 Braking light, right

5A 23 Braking light, left

7.5A 24 -

The machine is equipped with a 12 V power supply and alternator.



Connect the battery with the correct polarity (negative to earth). The cable between the battery and alternator must not be removed while the engine is running.



Before starting any electric welding on the machine. Disconnect the battery earthing cable and then other connections to the alternator.

The electrical regulating and control system is fitted with fuses located in the fuse box.

Fig. 41 indicates the size and function of each fuse.

Fuse boxes are located on the front of the steering column.



The system of fuses shown here applies for machines from S/N *58010211*.

Fuses in the cab

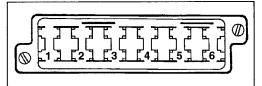


Fig. 42 Fuse box, cab roof

1 Cab lighting/Screen wash

2 Fan

3 Rear lights

4 Front lights

5 Front and rear wiper

6 Heater

The electrical system in the cab is provided with a separate fuse box, located on the left side of the cab roof.