The Dynapac CA 602 is available in D (smooth drum) and PD (padfoot) versions, of which the CA 602D is designed for compacting rock fill. The main range of application for the PD versions is on cohesive material and weathered stone material.

All types of base courses and subbase courses can be compacted deeper and the interchangeable drums, D to PD, and vice versa, facilitate even greater variety in the range of application.

Certain accessories, such as the compaction meter, tachograph and the CCS/RA field computer, are described in separate instructions.
CONTENTS

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WARNING SYMBOLS

WARNING

Safety instruction – Personal Safety

CAUTION

Special caution – Machine or component damage

GENERAL

WARNING

Read through the entire manual before starting any maintenance operations.

WARNING

Ensure good ventilation (air extraction) if the diesel engine is run indoors.

WARNING

If the gas-springs of the hood are out of action and the hood is put at its upper position – block the hood so that it cannot fall.

It is important that the roller is maintained correctly to ensure proper function. It should be kept clean so that any leakage, loose bolts and loose connections can be discovered in time.

Make a habit of inspecting the roller every day before starting up by checking all round and underneath the machine to detect any sign of leakage or other faults.

SPARE A THOUGHT FOR THE ENVIRONMENT! Do not let oil, fuel and other environmentally hazardous substances contaminate the environment.

This manual contains instructions for periodic measures that should normally be performed by the operator.

CAUTION

There are additional instructions relating to the diesel engine, for which the manufacturer’s instructions are detailed in the engine manual. This is found under a separate flap in the roller’s product binder.

CALIFORNIA

Proposal 65 Warning

Diesel engine exhaust and some of its constituents are known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, and other reproductive harm.
**LUBRICANTS AND SYMBOLS**

Always use high-quality lubricants, in the quantities specified. Excess grease or oil can promote overheating, resulting in premature wear.

### ENGINE OIL
- Shell Universal SAE 15W/40 or equivalent
- API Service CF-4/SG, (CD/CE)

### HYDRAULIC FLUID
- Ambient air temperature: -10°C – +40°C (14°F - 104°F)
  - Shell Tellus TX68 or equivalent
- Ambient air temperature: above +40°C (above 104°F)
  - Shell Tellus TX100 or equivalent
- Biodegradable
  - Shell Naturelle HF-E46
  - When it leaves the factory, the machine may be filled with biologically degradable fluid. The same type of fluid must be used when changing or topping off.

### TRANSMISSION OIL
- Ambient air temperature: -15°C – +40°C (5°F - 104°F)
  - Shell Spirax SAE 80W/90, HD API, GL-5
- Ambient air temperature: above +40°C (above 104°F)
  - Shell Spirax HD85W/140 or equivalent

### DRUM CARTRIDGE OIL
- Mobil SHC 629

### GREASE
- SKF LGHB2 (NLGI Class 2) or equivalent for the articulated joint
- Shell Retinax LX2 or equivalent for other grease points

### FUEL
- See the engine manual

### COOLANT
- Mixed 50/50 with water
  - GlycoShell or equivalent
  - Anti-freeze protection down to about -41°C (-106°F).

---

Other fuel and lubricants are required for operation in extremely high or extremely low ambient temperature. See the “Special instructions” chapter, or consult Dynapac.
## TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

### Weights & dimensions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>CA602D</th>
<th>CA602PD</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Operating mass with ROPS, EN500, kg (lbs)</td>
<td>18600 (41006)</td>
<td>18600 (41006)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating mass without ROPS, kg (lbs)</td>
<td>18100 (39904)</td>
<td>18100 (39904)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating mass with cab, kg (lbs)</td>
<td>18600 (41006)</td>
<td>18600 (41006)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Length, standard-equipped roller, mm (in)</td>
<td>6000 (236)</td>
<td>6000 (236)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Width, standard-equipped roller, mm (in)</td>
<td>2380 (94)</td>
<td>2380 (94)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Height, with ROPS, mm (in)</td>
<td>2929 (115)</td>
<td>2987 (117)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Height, without ROPS, mm (in)</td>
<td>2134 (84)</td>
<td>2208 (87)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Height, with cab, mm (in)</td>
<td>2952 (116)</td>
<td>2987 (118)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Fluid volumes, litres (gal or qts)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>CA 602</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rear axle:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Differential</td>
<td>12 (12.7 qts)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Planetary gears</td>
<td>1.8 (1.9 qts)/each side</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drum gearbox</td>
<td>3.5 (3.7 qts)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drum cartridge</td>
<td>2.2 (2.3 qts)/each side</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hydraulic reservoir</td>
<td>52 (13.7 gal)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oil in hydraulic system</td>
<td>43 (11.4 gal)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lubrication oil, diesel engine</td>
<td>14 (14.8 qts)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coolant, diesel engine</td>
<td>26 (6.9 gal)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fuel tank</td>
<td>320 (84.5 gal)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Electrical system

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Battery</td>
<td>12 V, 170 Ah</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alternator</td>
<td>14 V, 105 A / 95 A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fuses</td>
<td>See under heading “Electrical System”</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Tires (all-weather)

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Tire dimensions</td>
<td>23.1 x 26.0 8 Ply, 600/60-30.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tire pressure</td>
<td>110 kPa (1,1 kp/cm²) (16 psi)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**WARNING**

The tires can be optionally filled with fluid, (extra weight up to 700 kg/tire) (1,544 lbs/tire). When servicing, bear this extra weight in mind.

### Vibration data

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>CA602D</th>
<th>CA602PD</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Static linear load, kg/cm (pli)</td>
<td>59,6 (334)</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amplitude (High), mm (in)</td>
<td>1,8 (0.07)</td>
<td>1,8 (0.07)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amplitude (Low), mm (in)</td>
<td>1,1 (0.04)</td>
<td>1,1 (0.04)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Frequency (High/Low ampl.), Hz (vpm)</td>
<td>27/31 (1620/1860)</td>
<td>27/31 (1620/1860)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Centrifugal force (High amplitude), kN (lb)</td>
<td>276 (62,100)</td>
<td>276 (62,100)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Centrifugal force (Low amplitude), kN (lb)</td>
<td>229 (51,525)</td>
<td>229 (51,525)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Tightening torque

Tightening torque in Nm (lbf.ft) for oiled, bright galvanized bolts tightened with a torque wrench.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>M thread</th>
<th>STRENGTH CLASS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>8.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M6</td>
<td>8,4 (6.2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M8</td>
<td>21 (15.5)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M10</td>
<td>40 (15.5)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M12</td>
<td>70 (51.6)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M16</td>
<td>169 (124.7)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M20</td>
<td>330 (243.4)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M24</td>
<td>570 (420.4)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M30</td>
<td>1130 (833.5)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M36</td>
<td>1960 (1445.7)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

CAUTION

ROPS bolts must always be tightened dry.

Hydraulic system

Opening pressure, MPa (psi)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>System</th>
<th>MPa (psi)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Drive system</td>
<td>38,0 (5,500)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Charge system</td>
<td>2,0 (290)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vibration system</td>
<td>37,5 (5,400)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Steering system</td>
<td>18,0 (2,600)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brake release</td>
<td>1,4 (200)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

**Vibrations - Drivers seat (ISO 2631)**

The vibration values are measured in conformance with the driving mode described in EU directive 2000/14/EC on EU equipped machines, on soft polymer material with vibration switched ON and the operator’s seat in transport mode.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Whole-body vibration</th>
<th>Hand/arm vibration</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Measured at less than the action value of 0.5 m/s² specified in EU directive 2000/14/EC. (The limit value is 1.15 m/s².)</td>
<td>Measured at less than the action value of 2.5 m/s² specified in the same directive. (The limit value is 5 m/s².)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**CAUTION**

Vibration levels may vary when driving on different courses and with different seat positions.

**Acoustic values**

The acoustic values are measured in conformance with EU directive 2000/14/EC on EU-equipped machines, on soft polymer material with vibration switched ON and the operator’s seat in transport mode.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model</th>
<th>Guaranteed acoustic power level dB(A)</th>
<th>Acoustic pressure level, operator’s ear (platform) dB(A)</th>
<th>Acoustic pressure level, operator’s ear (cab) dB(A)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CA 602</td>
<td>111</td>
<td>87</td>
<td>79</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**CAUTION**

Noise level can vary when driving on different courses and with different seat positions.
Fig. 1  Service and maintenance points

1 Radiator grille
2 Oil level, diesel engine
3 Fuel filter, initial fuel filter
4 Air filter
5 Engine cover, hinges
6 Hydraulic fluid reservoir, sightglass
7 Bleeding filter
8 Hydraulic fluid filters (2 filters)
9 Drainage, hydraulic fluid reservoir
10 Hydraulic fluid, filler
11 Fuse-box
12 Drum cartridge, filling, 2 fillers
13 Drum gearbox
14 Scrapers
15 Drum cartridge oil, level plugs, 2 pcs.
16 Rubber elements and attachment screws
17 Steering joint
18 Steering cylinders, 2 pcs.
19 Flywheel casing, hydraulic pumps
20 Wheel nuts
21 Tires, pressure
22 Rear axle, differential
23 Rear axle, planetary gears, 2 pcs.
24 Rear axle suspension, 2 sides
25 Oil filter, diesel engine
26 Drainage, fuel tank
27 Diesel engine mountings, 4 pcs.
28 Feed pump, fuel
29 Diesel fuel, filler
30 Battery
31 Radiator
32 Hydraulic fluid cooler
33 Drive belts, cooling, alternator
34 Steering chain
35 Seat bearing
36 Steering chain
37 Forward/Reverse lever
# MAINTENANCE MEASURES

The periodic measures should be performed primarily after the specified hours of operation. Use the daily, weekly, etc. time periods only where this is not possible.

**CAUTION** Remove all dirt before filling, when checking oils and fuel, and when lubricating with oil or grease.

**CAUTION** The engine manual specifies additional service/maintenance instructions which relate to the diesel engine.

---

## Every 10 hours of operation (Daily)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item. in fig. 1</th>
<th>Measure</th>
<th>See page</th>
<th>Comments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Before starting each day</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Check scraper setting</td>
<td>10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Check for free circulation of cooling air</td>
<td>10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31</td>
<td>Check coolant level</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>See engine manual</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Check diesel engine oil level</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>See engine manual</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>29</td>
<td>Top up fuel tank</td>
<td>12</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Check fluid level in hydraulic reservoir</td>
<td>12</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Check brakes</td>
<td>12</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

---

## Every 50 hours of operation (Weekly)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item. in fig. 1</th>
<th>Measure</th>
<th>See page</th>
<th>Comments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Check that hoses and couplings are not leaking</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Inspect/clean the filter element in the air cleaner</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>Replace as required</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>Lubricate steering joint</td>
<td>14</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>Lubricate steering cylinders’ attachments</td>
<td>14</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>Check the wheel-nuts are tightened</td>
<td>15</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>Check tire pressure</td>
<td>15</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Inspect the air conditioning</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>Optional</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**CAUTION** After the **first** 50 hours of operation, change only the drum oil and all the oil filters.
# MAINTENANCE MEASURES

## Every 250 hours of operation (Monthly)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item. in fig. 1</th>
<th>Measure</th>
<th>See page</th>
<th>Comments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>Check oil level in rear axle/planetary gearing</td>
<td>16</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Check oil level in drum gearbox</td>
<td>16</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Check oil level in the drum cartridge</td>
<td>17</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>32</td>
<td>Clean the radiators</td>
<td>18</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20, 24</td>
<td>Re-tighten bolted joints</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>Applies only to new or reconditioned component</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>Check rubber elements and screw fasteners</td>
<td>19</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25</td>
<td>Change engine oil and oil filter</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>See engine manual</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30</td>
<td>Check battery</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>Optional</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Inspect the air conditioning</td>
<td>20</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Every 500 hours of operation (Every three months)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item. in fig. 1</th>
<th>Measure</th>
<th>See page</th>
<th>Comments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Replace fuel filter</td>
<td></td>
<td>See engine manual</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Lubricate controls and joints</td>
<td>21</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Replace fuel pre-filter</td>
<td>21</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>36</td>
<td>Lubricate the steering chain</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>Optional</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35</td>
<td>Lubricate the seat bearing</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>Optional</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Every 1000 hours of operation (Every six months)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item. in fig. 1</th>
<th>Measure</th>
<th>See page</th>
<th>Comments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Change hydraulic fluid filter</td>
<td>23</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Drain condensate from hydraulic reservoir</td>
<td>23</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26</td>
<td>Drain condensate from fuel tank</td>
<td>24</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Replace air cleaner main filter</td>
<td>24</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>Change oil in rear axle differential</td>
<td>24</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>Change oil in the rear axle planetary gearing</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>Optional</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-</td>
<td>Replace the fresh air filter in the cab</td>
<td>25</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Check diesel engine valve clearance</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>See engine manual</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33</td>
<td>Check belt tension for drive belt system</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>See engine manual</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Every 2000 hours of operation (Yearly)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item. in fig. 1</th>
<th>Measure</th>
<th>See page</th>
<th>Comments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>9, 10</td>
<td>Change fluid in hydraulic reservoir</td>
<td>26</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12, 15</td>
<td>Change oil in the drum cartridge</td>
<td>26</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Change oil in drum gearbox</td>
<td>27</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>37</td>
<td>Lubricate Forward/Reverse control</td>
<td>27</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Overhaul air conditioning</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>Optional</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
EVERY 10 HOURS OF OPERATION (Daily)

Scrapers
– Checking / Adjustment

Loosen the screws (2) and adjust to 20 mm (0.8 in). Tighten the screws. Repeat the procedure on the other scraper.

Fig. 2 Scrapers
1. Scraper blade
2. Screws

Soft scrapers (Optional)

Loosen the screws (2) and adjust to light contact against the drum. Tighten the screws.

Fig. 3 Scrapers
1. Scraper blade
2. Screws

Circulation of air – Inspection

Ensure that the engine has free circulation of cooling air through the vents in the hood.

To open the engine hood, turn the locking arms upward (1) and raise the hood to its fully open position, checking that the red safety catch on the left gas spring is latched.

WARNING

If the gas-springs of the hood are out of action and the hood is put at its upper position – block the hood so that it cannot fall.
EVERY 10 HOURS OF OPERATION (Daily)

Coolant level
– Check

Check that level of the coolant is between the max. and min. marks.

WARNING

Danger of scalding. Take great caution if the radiator cap must be opened while the engine is hot. Wear protective gloves and goggles.

Fill with a mixture of 50% water and 50% anti freeze. See page 3 in these instructions and in the engine manual.

CAUTION

Flush the system every other year and change the coolant. Ensure also that air can flow unrestricted through the radiator.

Diesel engine
– Check oil level

WARNING

Place the roller on a level surface. Switch the engine off and push in the reserve/parking brake knob for all checking and adjustments on the roller, unless otherwise specified.

WARNING

Danger of burns. Take care not to touch any hot parts of the engine or the radiator when removing the dipstick.

The dipstick is located on the engine’s right side.

Pull up the dipstick (1) and check that the oil level is between the upper and lower marks. For further details, refer to the engine manual.
EVERY 10 HOURS OF OPERATION (Daily)

Fuel tank – Filling

Refuel daily with diesel fuel up to the lower edge of the filler pipe (1). Follow the engine manufacturer’s specification with regard to the quality of diesel fuel.

**WARNING**

Switch off the diesel engine. Short-circuit (press) the filler gun against a non-insulated part of the roller before refuelling, and against the filler pipe (1) while refuelling.

**WARNING**

Never refuel while the engine is running, do not smoke, and avoid spilling fuel.

The fuel tank holds 320 liters (84.5 gal.).

Hydraulic reservoir – Check fluid level

Position the roller on a level surface and check that the sight glass reading (1) is between the max. – min. marks. Top off with hydraulic fluid according to the lubricant specification if the level is too low.

Brake function – Check

**WARNING**

Check operation of the brakes as follows:

Drive the roller *slowly* forward.

Push the reserve/parking brake knob (1); the warning lamp on the instrument panel should light and the roller should stop.

After testing the brakes, set the forward/reverse lever (2) in neutral.

Pull up the reserve/parking brake knob.

The roller is now ready for operation.
EVERY 50 HOURS OF OPERATION (WEEKLY)

Air cleaner
– Check/clean

![Fig. 10 Air cleaner](image)

1. Locking braces
2. Cover
3. Main filter
4. Backup filter
5. Filter housing

CAUTION
Replace or clean the air cleaner’s main filter if the warning lamp on the instrument panel lights up when the diesel engine is operating at full speed.

Undo the three locking braces (1). Then pull off the cover (2) and pull out the main filter (3).

Do not remove the backup filter (4).

Main filter – Cleaning with compressed air

![Fig. 11 Main filter](image)

If the main filter is to be cleaned, compressed air at max. 5 bar (72 psi) pressure should be used. Blow up and down along the paper creases on the inside of the filter.

Hold the nozzle at least 2–3 cm (0.8-1.2 in) away from the paper creases so that the paper does not tear under the pressure of air.

**WARNING**
*Use protective goggles when working with compressed air.*

Wipe the inside of the cover (2) and filter housing (5).

**CAUTION**
Check that the hose clamps between the filter housing and inlet hose are tightened and that they do not leak. Check the entire length of the hose all the way to the engine.

**CAUTION**
Once the main filter has been cleaned a maximum of 5 times, it must be replaced.

Replace the backup filter with a new one at every 5th replacement or cleaning of the main filter. The backup filter cannot be cleaned.

When replacing the backup filter (4), pull out the old filter from its holder, insert a new one and refit the air cleaner in the reverse order to the instructions given in the figure above.
EVERY 50 HOURS OF OPERATION (Weekly)

Steering joint/Steering cylinders – Lubrication

![Image](img1.png)

**WARNING**

Place the roller on a level surface. Switch the engine off and push in the reserve/parking brake knob for all checking and adjustments on the roller, unless otherwise specified.

**WARNING**

Allow no one to get near the steering joint when the engine is running. Danger of being crushed when steering is operated. Push the reserve/parking brake knob before lubricating.

Turn the steering wheel fully to the left to gain access to all lubricating nipples of the steering system on the right-hand side of the machine (x7).

**WARNING**

Wipe all the nipples clean from dirt and grease.

Grease the nipples (4 and 5) with five strokes of the hand grease gun.

Turn the steering wheel fully to the right to gain access to the front lubricating nipple on the left steering cylinder and the lubricating nipple on the bearing bushing. Allow a little grease to remain on the nipples after lubrication, it will prevent dirt from entering.

**CAUTION**

Use grease as per the lubricant specification.

Wipe off any dirt and grease from the nipples.

Lubricate each nipple (1, 2, and 3) with five strokes of a manual grease gun. Check that grease penetrates through the bearings.

If grease does not penetrate through the bearings, it may be necessary to relieve the load on the articulated joint with a hydraulic jack and then repeat the greasing process.

Steering joint – Lubrication

![Image](img2.png)

**WARNING**

Wipe all the nipples clean from dirt and grease.

Grease the nipples (4 and 5) with five strokes of the hand grease gun.

Turn the steering wheel fully to the right to gain access to the front lubricating nipple on the left steering cylinder and the lubricating nipple on the bearing bushing. Allow a little grease to remain on the nipples after lubrication, it will prevent dirt from entering.

**CAUTION**

Use grease as per the lubricant specification.

Wipe off any dirt and grease from the nipples.

Lubricate each nipple (1, 2, and 3) with five strokes of a manual grease gun. Check that grease penetrates through the bearings.

If grease does not penetrate through the bearings, it may be necessary to relieve the load on the articulated joint with a hydraulic jack and then repeat the greasing process.

Steering cylinder – Lubrication

![Image](img3.png)

**CAUTION**

Use grease as per the lubricant specification.

Wipe off any dirt and grease from the nipples.

Lubricate each nipple (1, 2, and 3) with five strokes of a manual grease gun. Check that grease penetrates through the bearings.

If grease does not penetrate through the bearings, it may be necessary to relieve the load on the articulated joint with a hydraulic jack and then repeat the greasing process.

**CAUTION**

Use grease as per the lubricant specification.

Wipe off any dirt and grease from the nipples.

Lubricate each nipple (1, 2, and 3) with five strokes of a manual grease gun. Check that grease penetrates through the bearings.

If grease does not penetrate through the bearings, it may be necessary to relieve the load on the articulated joint with a hydraulic jack and then repeat the greasing process.

**CAUTION**

Use grease as per the lubricant specification.
EVERY 50 HOURS OF OPERATION (Weekly)

Tires – Tire pressure
Wheel nuts – Tightening

Check the tire pressures using a pressure gauge.

If the tires are filled with fluid, the air valve (1) must be in the “12 o’clock” position during pumping.

The relevant tire pressures are given under the heading “Specifications”.

Check both tires.

When changing the tires it is important that both of them have the same rolling radius. This is necessary to ensure proper functioning of the anti-slip in the rear axle.

Check the tightening torque of the wheel nuts (2) at 470 Nm (350 lbf.ft). Check both wheels and all the nuts.

(Applies only to new machine or recently fitted wheels.)

Check the safety manual that accompanies the roller before filling the tires with air.

Note: The tires are filled with liquid. This makes the wheels heavier than normal.

Never work under the roller with the engine running. Park on a level surface, chock the wheels and press the parking brake control.

Open the engine hood while the unit is running and look at the sight glass (1) to make sure that no bubbles are visible on the dryer filter. The filter is located on the left side in the front of the engine compartment. If bubbles are visible through the sight glass, it is a sign that the level of refrigerant is too low. If so, stop the unit. There is a risk of damage to the unit if it is run with insufficient refrigerant.

Clean the condenser element (1) free from dust as necessary.
EVERY 250 HOURS OF OPERATION (Monthly)

Rear axle differential
– Check oil level

![Fig. 19 Oil level check – differential housing](image)

1. Oil level/Filler plug

**WARNING**

Never work under the roller with the engine running. Park on a level surface. Block the wheels securely.

Wipe clean and remove the level plug (1) and check that the oil level reaches the lower edge of the plug hole. Top off with oil to the right level if the level is low. Use transmission oil according to the lubricant specification.

Rear axle planetary gears
– Check oil level

![Fig. 20 Oil level check – planetary gear](image)

1. Oil level/Filler plug

Position the roller with the level plug (1) in the planetary gears at 9 o’clock.

Wipe clean and remove the level plug (1) and check that the oil level reaches the lower edge of the plug hole. Top off with oil to the right level if the level is low. Use transmission oil according to the lubricant specification.

Check the oil level in the same way in the rear axle’s other planetary gear.

Drum gearbox
– Check oil level

![Fig. 21 Oil level check – Drum gearbox](image)

1. Oil level plug
2. Filler plug
3. Drainplug

Position the roller with the level plug (1) at 3 o’clock.

Wipe clean the area around the plug (1) and then undo the plug.

Ensure that the oil level reaches up to the lower edge of the plug hole.

Top off with oil to the right level if the level is low. Use transmission oil according to the lubricant specification.

Clean and screw in the plugs tightly.
EVERY 250 HOURS OF OPERATION (Monthly)

Drum cartridge
– Checking the oil level

Position the machine level so that the indicator pin (1) on the inside of the drum is aligned with the top of the drum frame.

Drum cartridge
– Checking the oil level

Wipe the filling plug and level plug clean from dirt. Unscrew the filling plug (1)

Then unscrew the level plug (3) at the bottom of the cartridge (wrench width 24 mm (0.9 in)) until the hole in the middle of the plug becomes visible.

Top off with oil through the filling plug (1), until oil begins to run out from the level-plug hole. The level is correct when it stops running.

Ensure that only MOBIL SHC 629 is used in the cartridges.

Clean and refit the plugs. Repeat the procedure on the opposite side.

Do not overfill with oil – risk for overheating.

Fig. 22 Left side of drum
1. Indicator pin

Fig. 23 Roller, right-hand side
1. Filler plug
2. Drain plug
3. Level plug

Fig. 24 Drum cartridge
2. Drain plug
3. Level plug

CAUTION

CAUTION
EVERY 250 OPERATING HOURS (Monthly)

Drum cartridge
– Cleaning the ventilation screw

Clean the drum ventilation hole. The hole is required to eliminate excess pressure inside the drum.

![Fig. 25 Drum]
1. Ventilated screw

Radiator
– Check/clean

WARNING
Place the roller on a level surface. Switch the engine off and push in the reserve/parking brake knob for all checking and adjustments on the roller, unless otherwise specified.

Check that air can flow freely through the radiators (1) and (2).

A dirty radiator should be blown clean with compressed air, or alternatively cleaned with a high-pressure washer.

Blow or wash the cooler in the opposite direction to that of the cooling air.

CAUTION
Be careful when using a high-pressure washer – do not place the nozzle too close to the radiator.

WARNING
Use protective goggles when working with compressed air or a high-pressure washer.

![Fig. 26 Engine room]
1. Water cooler
2. Hydraulic fluid cooler
3. Intercooler
EVERY 250 HOURS OF OPERATION (Monthly)

Bolted joints
– Checking tightening torque

Rear axle suspension (2) 330 Nm (243 lbf.ft), oiled.

Steering pump against engine (1) 38 Nm (28 lbf.ft).

Engine suspension (3). Check that all M12 bolts (x20) are tightened, 78 Nm (57 lbf.ft).

Wheel nuts (4). Check that all nuts are tightened, 470 Nm (347 lbf.ft), oiled.

(The above applies to new or replaced components only.)

Rubber elements and screw fasteners – Check

Check all the rubber elements (1), and replace them all if more than 25% of the elements on the same side of the roller have cracks deeper than 10–15 mm (0.4-0.6 in).

Use a knife blade or other pointed tool when carrying out this check.

Check also that the screw fasteners (2) are tightened.

Diesel engine
– Changing the filter and oil

Position the roller on a level surface. Stop the engine and apply the parking brake/reserve brake.

The oil drain plug (1) is most easily accessible from underneath the engine. It is fitted on a tube to the rear axle. Drain the oil when the engine is warm. Place a receptacle for at least 15 litres (16 qts) underneath the drain plug.

WARNING

Danger of being scalded when draining off hot oil. Protect your hands.

Change the engine oil filter (2) at the same time. See also the engine manual.

WARNING

Dispose of the drained oil and filter in an approved manner.

Fig. 27 Right side of machine
1. Steering pump
2. Rear axle
3. Engine suspension
4. Wheel nuts

Fig. 28 Roller, vibration side
1. Rubber element
2. Screw fasteners

Fig. 29 Left side of engine
1. Drain plug
2. Oil filter
EVERY 250 HOURS OF OPERATION (Monthly)

Battery
– Check electrolyte level

Fig. 30 Battery box
1. Quick-release screws
2. Battery cover
3. Battery

WARNING
Make sure there are no open flame in the vicinity when checking the electrolyte level. An explosive gas is formed in the battery during the charging process.

Lift up the engine compartment cover and undo the quick-release screws (1).

Raise the battery cover (2).

Dry the upper face of the battery.

WARNING
Use protective goggles. The battery contains corrosive acid. In the event of contact, rinse with water.

Remove the cell covers and check that the fluid level is about 10 mm (0.4 in) above the plates. Check the level in all the cells. If the level is lower, top up to the correct level with distilled water. If the ambient air temperature is below freezing point, the engine should be run for a while after the distilled water is added, otherwise there is a risk that the water might freeze.

Check that the ventilation holes in the cell covers are not blocked, then refit the covers.

The cable terminals must be properly tightened and clean. Corroded cable connections should be cleaned and greased with alkaline Vaseline.

CAUTION
When disconnecting the battery, always disconnect the negative cable first. When connecting the battery, always connect the positive cable first.

Discard used batteries properly. Batteries contain lead, which is detrimental to the environment.

WARNING
Before doing any electric welding on the machine, disconnect the battery ground cable and then all electrical connections to the alternator.

Inspect refrigerant hoses and connections and make sure that there are no signs of oil film that could indicate leakage of refrigerant.

Air conditioning (Optional)
– Inspection

Fig. 32 Air conditioning
1. Refrigerant hoses
2. Condenser element

Fig. 31 Electrolyte level in battery
1. Cell cover
2. Electrolyte level
3. Plate

10 mm (0.4 in)
EVERY 500 HOURS OF OPERATION (Every three months)

Controls and moving joints – Lubrication

Lubricate engine hood hinges (1) and the slide rails of the operator’s seat with grease, other joints and controls with oil. Lubricate the cab hinges with grease. See lubricant specification.

Fig. 33 Engine hood
1. Hinge

Prefilter – Cleaning

WARNING
Place the roller on a level surface. Switch the engine off and push in the reserve/parking brake knob for all checking and adjustments on the roller, unless otherwise specified.

Loosen the screw (1) and remove the glass bowl (2).

Take out the strainer (3) and clean using a non-flammable fluid. Reinstall the strainer and the bowl.

Start the engine and check that the pre-filter does not leak.

WARNING
Make sure there is adequate ventilation (extraction) if the diesel engine is run indoors. Risk of carbon monoxide poisoning.

Fig. 34 Engine
1. Screw
2. Glass bowl
3. Strainer
EVERY 500 HOURS OF OPERATION (Every three months)

Steering chain and Seat bearing – Lubrication

**Fig. 35** Underneath operator’s position
1. Steering chain
2. Chain-tightening device
3. Adjusting nut
4. Nuts
5. Control valve mount

**Fig. 36** Seat bearing
1. Lubrication nipple
2. Cogwheel
3. Steering chain
4. Adjusting screw
5. Cover
6. Slide rails
7. Slew interlock

Optional on rollers without cab

**CAUTION**
Remember that the chain is a vital part of the steering mechanism.

Clean and lubricate the chain (1) between the seat bearing and steering valve with grease. The chain is accessible underneath the platform.

It is not necessary to remove the chain.

Adjust the chain as follows if it has slackened so that size “a” is less than 30 mm (1.2 in): Loosen the nuts (4) and adjust the mount (5) backwards with the adjusting nut (3) until size “a” is 50 mm (2 in).

**CAUTION**
Remember that the chain is a vital part of the steering mechanism.

Remove the cover (5) to gain access to the lubrication nipple (1). Lubricate the slew bearing of the operator’s seat with three strokes of a hand-operated grease gun.

Lubricate the seat locking latch (7), accessible from below.

Also grease the slide rails of the seat (6).

**CAUTION**
If the seat begins to bind when resetting, it needs to be lubricated more often.

Clean and grease the chain (3) between the seat and the steering column. If the chain becomes slack on the cogwheel (2), loosen the screws (4) and move the steering column forward, tighten the screws and check the tension of the chain.
EVERY 1000 HOURS OF OPERATION (Every six months)

Hydraulic fluid filter – Change

- Drainage

- Drainage tap
- Plug

Fig. 37 Hydraulic fluid reservoir
2. Filler cover/bleeder filter
3. Sight glass

Fig. 38 Engine compartment
1. Hydraulic fluid filters (x2)

Fig. 39 Hydraulic reservoir, underside
1. Drainage tap
2. Plug

- Place the roller on a level surface. Switch the engine off and push in the reserve/parking brake knob for all checking and adjustments on the roller, unless otherwise specified.

- Undo the cover/bleeder filter (2) on top of the reservoir so that over-pressure inside the reservoir can be eliminated.

- Check that the bleeder filter (2) is not blocked – air should flow freely through the cover in both directions.

- If there is a blockage in either direction, clean the filter with a little diesel oil and blow through with compressed air until the blockage disappears, or replace the cover with a new one.

- Always use protective goggles when working with compressed air.

- Clean thoroughly around the oil filters.

- Remove the oil filters (1) and dispose of them in an approved manner. They are single-use filters and cannot be cleaned.

- Check that the old sealing rings do not remain stuck on the filter holders, otherwise this might give rise to oil leakage between the old and new seals.

- Clean the filter holder sealing surfaces thoroughly.

- Apply a thin film of hydraulic fluid on the seals of the new filter. Screw on the filter by hand.

- First tighten the filter until its seal is in contact with the filter attachment. Then turn an additional half revolution. Do not over-tighten the filter as this might damage the seal.

- Make sure there is adequate ventilation (extraction) if the diesel engine is run indoors. Risk of carbon monoxide poisoning

- Condensate in the hydraulic reservoir is removed via the drainage tap (1).

- Drainage should be performed when the roller has been standing for a long period of time, for example overnight. Drain as follows:

- Remove the plug (2).

- Place a container under the tap.

- Open the tap (1) and let any trapped condensate run out.

- Shut the drainage tap.

- Refit the plug.
**EVERY 1000 HOURS OF OPERATION (EVERY SIX MONTHS)**

**Fuel tank – Drainage**

![Fig. 40 Fuel tank](image)

1. Drainage plug

Water and sediment in the fuel tank are removed via the drainage plug in the bottom of the fuel tank.

**CAUTION**

Be very careful during draining. Do not drop the plug or else all the fuel will flow out.

Drainage should be performed when the roller has been standing for a long period of time, for example overnight. The fuel level should be as low as possible.

The roller should preferably have been standing with this side somewhat lower, so that water and sediment will gather near the drainage plug (1). Drain as follows:

Place a container under the plug (1).

Undo the plug and drain off the water and sediment until only clean diesel fuel appears through the plug opening. Refit the plug.

Replace the main filter (3) of the air cleaner even if it has not yet been cleaned five times, see under 50 hours for filter replacement.

**CAUTION**

If a clogged filter is not replaced the exhaust fumes will be black and the engine will lose power. There will also be danger of severe damage to the engine.

**Air filter – Replacement**

![Fig. 41 Air cleaner](image)

1. Locking braces
2. Cover
3. Main filter
4. Backup filter
5. Filter housing

**Rear axle differential – Oil change**

![Fig. 42 Rear axle](image)

1. Oil level/Filler plug
2. Drainage plugs

Wipe clean and remove the level/filler plug (1) and all three drain plugs (2) and drain the oil into a suitable receptacle. The volume is almost 12 litres (12.7 qts).

Save the oil and deposit it in an approved manner.

Refit the drainage plugs and top up with fresh oil until the correct level is reached.

Note: It takes a while for the oil to flow into the axle. Do not fill the entire volume all at once.

Refit the oil-level/filler plug. Use transmission oil, see the lubrication specification.
EVERY 1000 HOURS OF OPERATION (Every six months)

Rear axle planetary gears – Oil change

Position the roller with the plug (1) at its lowest position.
Wipe clean, unscrew the plug (1) and drain the oil into a suitable receptacle. The volume is about 2 litres (2.1 qts).
Save the oil and deposit it in an approved manner.

**Fig. 43** Planetary gear/drainage position
1. Plug

**Fig. 44** Planetary gear/filling position
1. Plug

Position the roller with the plug at 9 o'clock.
Fill with oil to lower edge of level hole.
Refit the plug and repeat the process on the other side.
Use transmission oil. See the lubrication specification.

Fresh air filter – Replacement

Loosen the two screws (2) at the rear of the cab roof.
Take down the whole holder and remove the filter insert.
Replace with a new filter.
It may be necessary to replace the filter more often if the machine is used in a dusty environment.

**Fig. 45** Cab
1. Fresh air filter
2. Screw (x2)
EVERY 2000 HOURS OF OPERATION (Yearly)

Hydraulic reservoir
- Fluid change

Place the roller on a level surface. Switch the engine off and push in the reserve/parking brake knob for all checking and adjustments on the roller, unless otherwise specified.

**WARNING**

Danger of being burned when draining hot oil. Protect your hands.

Obtain a container for collecting the used fluid. The container should have a volume of at least 60 litres (16 gal).

A suitable container may be an empty oil drum or similar item which is placed beside the roller. The fluid then runs in a hose from the drainage plug (1) to the oil drum, after the plug (2) has been removed and the tap opened.

Recycle the oil and deposit it in an approved manner.

Fill up with fresh hydraulic fluid as per the instructions under the heading “Hydraulic reservoir – Check fluid level”.

Replace the hydraulic fluid filters at the same time.

Start the diesel engine and operate the various hydraulic functions.

**WARNING**

Make sure there is adequate ventilation (extraction) if the diesel engine is run indoors.
(Risk of carbon monoxide poisoning)

Check the fluid level and top up if necessary.

Position the machine level so that the indicator pin (1) on the inside of the drum is aligned with the top of the drum frame.

Place a receptacle for about 5 litres (5.3 qts) underneath the level/drain plug (2).

Recycle the oil and deposit it in an approved manner.

Clean and unscrew the filler plug (1) and the drain plug (2). Allow all of the oil to drain off. Fit the drain plug, and fill with fresh synthetic oil according to the instructions under the "Drum cartridge-checking the oil level" heading, page 17.

Repeat the procedure on the opposite side.

**CAUTION**

Ensure that only MOBIL SHC 629 is used in the cartridges.

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Drum cartridge
- Oil change

Fig. 46  Hydraulic reservoir, underside
1. Drainage tap
2. Plug

Fig. 47  Left side of drum
1. Indicator pin

Fig. 48  Right side of the drum
1. Filler plug
2. Drain plug
3. Level plug
EVERY 2000 HOURS OF OPERATION (Yearly)

Drum gearbox
– Changing the oil

Place the roller on a level surface with the plugs (1) and (2) as illustrated.

Wipe clean,unscrew the plugs (1,2 and 3) and drain the oil into a suitable receptacle,capacity about 3.5 liters (3.7 qts).

Refit the plug (1) and fill with oil up to the level plug (3), according to “Drum gearbox – Checking the oil level” (see page 16).

Use transmission oil,see Lubricant Specification.

Clean and refit the level plug (3) and filler plug (2).

Forward/Reverse lever
– Lubrication

Unscrew the screws (1) and remove the plate (2).

Grease the contact surface of the cam disc (3).

Refit the plate (2) with the screws (1).

Steering joint – Check

Inspect the steering joint to detect any damage or cracks.

Check and correct any loose bolts.

Check also for any stiffness and play.
Regular inspection and maintenance are necessary to ensure satisfactory long-term operation.

Clean the condenser element (1) free from dust with the aid of compressed air. Blow from above.

**CAUTION**

The air jet could damage the flanges of the elements if it is too powerful.

**WARNING**

Wear protective goggles when working with compressed air.

Inspect the fastening of the condenser element.

Clean the cooler unit and the cooling elements (1) free from dust with the aid of compressed air.

Inspect the system hoses for chafing. Make sure that drainage from the cooling unit is unobstructed so that condensation does not accumulate inside the unit.

Drain by pressing the valves (2) that are located under the cab.
EVERY 2000 OPERATING HOURS (Yearly)

Inspect the compressor and hydraulic motor fastenings.

The unit should be run at least five minutes every week, if possible, to ensure lubrication of rubber gaskets in the system.

CAUTION

The air unit should not be run when the outdoor temperature is below 0°C (32°F).

Never work under the roller with the engine running. Park on a level surface, chock the wheels and press the parking brake control.

Open the engine hood while the unit is operating and check in the sight glass (1) that no bubbles are visible on the dryer filter. If bubbles are visible through the sight glass, it is a sign that the level of refrigerant is too low. If so, stop the unit. There is a risk of damage to the unit if it is run with insufficient refrigerant.

Check the moisture indicator (2). The color should be blue; if it is beige the dryer cartridge must be replaced by an authorized service company.

WARNING

The compressor will be damaged if the unit is run with too little refrigerant.

WARNING

Do not disconnect the hose coupling.

The cooling system is pressurized. Incorrect handling can result in serious personal injuries.

The system contains pressurized refrigerant. Releasing refrigerants into the air is prohibited. The refrigerant circuit may only be repaired by an authorized company.
For long-term storage (longer than one month), the following instructions should be followed.

These instructions apply for storage lasting up to 6 months.

Before re-commissioning the roller, the points marked with an asterisk * must be restored.

**Diesel engine**
* See the manufacturer’s instructions in the engine instruction manual, which is supplied together with the roller.

**Battery**
* Remove the battery from the roller, clean it’s exterior, check its electrolyte level and recharge it once a month.

**Air cleaner, exhaust pipe**
* Cover the air cleaner or its opening with plastic or tape, and cover also the exhaust pipe’s opening.
This is done so as to prevent moisture from penetrating into the engine.

**Fuel tank**
Fill the fuel tank completely to prevent condensation.

**Hydraulic reservoir**
Drain off any condensation water and fill the hydraulic reservoir to the upper mark.

**Steering cylinder, hinges etc.**
Lubricate the steering joint bearings and the steering cylinder’s two bearings with grease.
Grease the steering cylinder’s piston with conservation grease.
Grease also the engine compartment cover’s hinges, the seat slide rails, the engine-speed control and the forward/reverse control mechanism.

**Tires (All-weather)**
Check that tire pressure is 110 kPa (1,1 kp/cm²), (16 psi).

**Covers, tarpaulin**
* Place the instrument cover on the steering column.
Cover the entire machine with a tarpaulin, which should hang some way off the ground. If possible, store the roller indoors, preferably in a building with a uniform temperature.
### SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS

#### Standard lubricants and other recommended oils

Upon delivery from the factory, the various systems and components are filled with the oils specified see lubricant specification and they can be used at ambient temperatures from -10°C to +40°C (14°F - 104°F).

**CAUTION**

A maximum temperature of +35°C (95°F) applies for biological hydraulic fluid.

When operating in hotter ambient temperatures, but up to max. +50°C (122°F), the following instructions apply:

- **Hydraulic system with mineral fluid:** Shell Tellus TX100 or corresponding.
- **Other components using transmission oil:** Shell Spirax HD 85W/140 or corresponding.

#### Higher ambient temperature

**max. +50°C (122°F)**

The diesel engine can handle this temperature with the standard oil, but the following oils must be used in the other components:

- Hydraulic system with mineral fluid: Shell Tellus TX100 or corresponding.
- Other components using transmission oil: Shell Spirax HD 85W/140 or corresponding.

#### Temperatures

The temperature limits apply for a roller with standard features.

Rollers with extra equipment such as noise suppressers etc. may require additional attention at the upper temperatures.

#### High-pressure washing

**CAUTION**

When washing the machine, do not direct the jet of water directly at the fuel or hydraulic fluid tank covers. This is particularly important when using a high-pressure washing unit.

Do not spray water directly on electric components or the instrument panel. Put a plastic bag over the filler cap of the fuel tank and secure with a rubber band. This will prevent water from entering the venting hole in the filler cap. This could otherwise cause operational disturbance, for example, a clogged filter.

#### Extinguishing fires

If there is a fire in or on the machine, it is best to use an ABE-class fire extinguisher. However, a BE-class CO₂ extinguisher is also suitable.

#### ROPS, protective cab

If the roller is equipped with a protective structure (ROPS, Roll Over Protective Structure), or protective cab, never subject the structure or cab to welding or drilling. Never attempt to repair a damaged structure or cab; they must be replaced with new ones.

#### Starting assistance

When an auxiliary starter battery is used, always connect the positive terminal on the auxiliary battery to the positive terminal on the roller's battery, and negative to negative.
ELECTRICAL SYSTEM, FUSES

Fuses and relays

The electrical regulating and control system is protected against overload by 27 fuses and 12 relays. The number depends on how much extra equipment is fitted on the machine.

The four fuse boxes (1,2,3,4) and the relays are located behind the lower instrument plate, which can be removed by turning the four quick-screws (5) a ¼-turn.

The machine is equipped with a 12 V electrical system and an alternator.

WARNING

Connect the battery to the correct polarity (– to ground). The cable between battery and alternator must not be disconnected when the engine is running.

Fuses on the machine

The figure shows the rating and function of the different fuses.

All fuses are flat pin fuses.

The tachograph and memory for the radio are protected at the battery master disconnect switch by a 0,5A and 3A fuse, respectively.

Connect the battery to the correct polarity (– to ground). The cable between battery and alternator must not be disconnected when the engine is running.

Fuses on the machine

The figure shows the rating and function of the different fuses.

All fuses are flat pin fuses.

The tachograph and memory for the radio are protected at the battery master disconnect switch by a 0,5A and 3A fuse, respectively.

Connect the battery to the correct polarity (– to ground). The cable between battery and alternator must not be disconnected when the engine is running.

Fig. 57 Instrument panel

1,2,3,4. Fuse boxes
5. Quick-screws
6. Relays

Fig. 58 Fuse box, left side (1)
7,5A 1. Brake valve, starter relay, hourmeter
7,5A 2. VBS relay
7,5A 3. Indicating panel
7,5A 4. Horn
7,5A 5. Low/High speed/Strike-off blade □
3A 6. Reversing alarm □

Fuse box, left side (2)
7,5A 1. Instrumentation
3A 2. Compaction meter □
7,5A 3. Hazard beacon □
7,5A 4. Anti-spin □
20A 5. Air cond. □
20A 6. Air cond. □

Fuse box, right side (3)
20A 1. Working lights, left □
20A 2. Working lights, right, instrument illumination □
7,5A 3. Headlight, left □
7,5A 4. Headlight, right, instrument illumination* □
5. –
6. –

Fuse box, right side (4)
10A 1. Hazard beacon □
10A 2. Direction indicators, main fuse □
7,5A 3. Position light, left, front and rear □
5A 4. Position light, right, front and rear □
5A 5. Direction indicator, left, front, rear and side □
5A 6. Direction indicator, right, front, rear and side □

= Optional

* When driving lights are fitted
ELECTRICAL SYSTEM, FUSES

Fuses in the cab

The electric system in the cab is equipped with its own fuse box, located overhead at the front right part of the cab.

The figure shows the ampere rating and function of the different fuses. All fuses are of the flat pin type.

Main fuses

There are four main fuses (1). These are located behind the battery master disconnect switch. The three screws need to be unscrewed to remove the plastic cover.

The fuses (1) are of the flat pin type.

Supply, machine 30 A (Green)
Supply, cab 50 A (Red)
Supply, lighting 40 A (Orange)
Supply, Aircondition 30 A (Green)

The start relay (2) and the preheating relays (3) for the engine are also fitted here.

Relays

K2 VBS relay
K3 Main relay
K4 Horn relay
K5 Hourmeter relay
K6 Fuel level relay
K7 Reverse alarm relay
K8 Lights relay
K9 Direction indicator relay
K10 Brakes relay
K11 Air cond. relay

= Optional

Dynapac
ELECTRICAL SYSTEM, FUSES

Fuses at the battery disconnecter

Fig. 62  Fuse box in engine compartment

5A  1. QSB engine (ignition)
5A  2. Diagnostic lamps, engine
7.5A 3. ECM electronic
7.5A 4. ECM electronic
7.5A 5. ECM electronic
10A 6. Fuel pump
10A 7. Fuel pump
8. Vacant